Evening News Review.

19TH YEAR. NO. 45. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902—TWELVE PAGES. TWO CENTS.

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Attorney C. P. Rothwell, of East Palestine, has served notice of his intention to appear here before the bill comes up next week and bring before the attention of the members of the legislature some trite facts on local option, retailing some history of East Palestine's experience with the liquor traffic. It seems that at certain times in the past the citizens of that town have expressed a wish that the sale of liquor be discontinued, but it has not always been followed by a prohibitory ordinance on the part of the councilmanic body.

Mr. Rothwell's idea is that the question should be left for the people themselves to decide, removing the matter entirely from councils. This is what the Beal bill contemplates, so it is expected that Mr. Rothwell will use his influence in its behalf. For a number of years he was the solicitor for East Palestine, but the office has been abolished.

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Rev. C. G. Jordan read passages which the deceased had loved and after a fervent prayer delivered a very touching address, dwelling especially upon her life and characteristics.

The esteem and affection with which Mrs. Goodwin was regarded was evinced by the profusion of flowers sent by friends—even many little children, of whom she was always fond, seeking this way of expressing their affection. Besides the many flowers sent, there were many very hand set pieces, one of the largest and most beautiful being "The Gates Ajar," the work of Mr. Peterson and sent by employes of the Goodwin Pottery company.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. W. L. Smith, W. W. Harker, B. M. Louthan, Frank Milligan, William Rowe and George Barnhart. According to the wish of the deceased the services were devoid of ostentation.

The large number of friends assembled exemplified the fact that in Mrs. Goodwin's demise many have been bereft of a staunch friends, a kind neighbor, whose generous deeds and noble heart won for her a lasting place in the memory of a large circle of friends.

Mrs. Harrison's Will Probated.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—The testimony of Etta Horwell and Mrs. E. Adams having been returned by the commission, the will of the late Mrs. Agnes Harrison, of East Liverpool, has been admitted to probate.

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DR. SCHAEFFER SO ASSERTS AND GIVES HIS PROOFS.

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Dr. Schaeffer is state superintendent of public instruction in Pennsylvania, and one of the foremost educators.

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A quiet investigation is now in progress.

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Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Joseph Wilcoxen has purchased the grocery of Martin Toot and will conduct the business.

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The lads were coasting and while coming down Kossuth street at a high rate of speed, collided with a coal wagon driven by one of the employes of the Davis Coal company. The driver saw the lads coming, but was unable to get out of the way of the swiftly-moving sled before the collision occurred.

The horse was missed and the forward wheel of the wagon was struck. The Brown boy was on the front of the sled and went with great force head first into the wagon. His companion was also jammed forcibly against the wheel, his breast striking the hub.

Both were dazed and had to be carried to their homes. Young Brown, who lives on Thompson hill, was found to be badly bruised about the head, but no bones were broken. The other lad lives on Pennsylvania avenue. His injuries cannot yet be determined. His breast was terribly bruised, and it is feared he is hurt internally.

The teamster on the wagon that was struck was in no manner responsible for the accident. He helped to take the injured lads home.

UNION FORMED BY MUSICIANS

Local Men Who Play In Bands and Orchestras Now Organized.

A CHARTER WAS GRANTED

Officers Chosen And the Body Is Now a Branch of the American Federation of Musicians — Troubles Thought At an End.

A branch of the American Federation of Musicians was organized in the city last night. The charter was received and a permanent organization formed by the election of William Randolph, president; W. S. Culp, secretary; William Manley, treasurer.

Much difficulty has been experienced for the past five or six years in deciding upon the proper organization with which local musicians would connect themselves. An attempt was made to gather all musicians into one body, and although the promoters worked hard to bring about the end, matters in this line have been anything but satisfactory. So much rivalry existed throughout the country that there existed at least three national bodies.

Recently, however, the American Federation of Musicians was formed and is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

It is now thought the troubles of local musicians will be at an end, as all who have a desire to be fair and connect themselves with an organization recognized everywhere as the best and only society connected with the American Federation of Labor will join.

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Interesting Entertainment Held Under Auspices of Lisbon Veterans.

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J. A. Martin, Rev. J. A. Ulman, Rev. George Fowler, Rev. Dr. D. H. Evans, S. J. Firestone, John M. Dickinson and George T. Farrell made addresses. Vocal music was furnished by Mrs. Minnie Duck, and Miss Helen Wellington gave dramatic selertions.

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Beneficiaries Under the Will of a Hanover Township Woman.

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Belmont Club Dance.

The Belmont club held a very pleasant dance last night at their rooms in the Thompson building. The music was furnished by the colored mandolin club. Light refreshments were served. The affair was quite informal, only the members and their lady friends being present, but it was greatly enjoyed.

WESTERN PLANTS ARE CONSOLIDATED

Two Potteries at Evansville and Peoria Effect a Combination.

CAPITAL STOCK $700,000

The Deal One of Importance—Union Potteries Official Discusses Attorneys' Bill—New Salineville Plant. Pottery News in General.

An unlooked-for move has been made by the owners of two of the large potteries in the west in the announcement that last week all papers were signed for the consolidation of the Evansville and Peoria potteries. This information has just reached this city, and it may mean more to the extreme western trade than appears on the surface.

The consolidation of these two plants into one company with one management resulted in a stock company being formed with a capital stock of $700,000. A board of directors has been selected and officers of the new concern will be made known within a few days. The statement is made that the company will build a new plant, either at Indianapolis or Terre Haute, Ind., and besides this a large warehouse will be built at once, possibly at St. Louis.

Ware made at the factories controlled by this company will be sent to the new warehouse, from where it will be distributed to the extreme western and southwestern trade. The company will make extensive changes at both the old plants, and the potteries will be operated to their fullest capacity within a few weeks.

The recent action of Weil & Weil of New York, in entering a suit in the court at Lisbon against the Union Potteries company, is not taken seriously by the officials of that firm, inasmuch as it is the second time suit has been entered on the same case. F. W. Fowler, vice president of the company, says: "This law firm seems to delight in entering suits, but it will be a long time before any more money is paid to it. A suit was entered against me some time ago in the courts at Steubenville, and after several conferences matters were settled to the satisfaction of all concerned. When we were being organized we gave this law firm three shares of stock in order that they might be able to vote at a meeting of the board of directors until such time as a new board was elected. These attorneys have to the present failed to qualify the shares, and at the same time they ask that we give them over $3,000. A recent decision of the New York supreme court settles the case, and had they looked this decision up, I am satisfied no action would have been brought."

Kilnmen's local No. 9 had a well attended meeting last evening in Brotherhood hall, about 125 members being present. The resignation of C. C. Smith as corresponding secretary was accepted and in his place E. L. Bradfield was elected. As a delegate to Trades and Labor Council George Smith, general secretary of No. 9, was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of C. C. Smith. A donation of $5 was forwarded to the American Federation of Labor to assist in the establishing of a labor paper in Porto Rico. Nominations for convention delegates will be opened at the meeting next week.

The Dresden China company is the name of the concern which will operate the new pottery being built at Salineville. The organization took place in this city a few days ago and the company is composed of the following persons: W. H. Deidrick, of the Sevres China company; George D. Deidrick, Walter B. Hill, allof this city, and H. H. Kirk and James H. Dodds, of Salineville, the last named being the owner of a newspaper in Salineville. The capital sock of the company will be $200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of $100 each. The plans for the new plant are being drawn in this city by Architect Adolph Fritz, but will not be completed for several weeks. Work on the foundation will commence as soon as the weather permits.

A writer in an eastern trade paper hastens to remark that pottery manufacturers are requested to "make New York City the only market for their ware" and western manufacturers are told that "Pittsburg and East Liverpool are really out of the way," and that, to be obliged to stop off at these

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

MARK O. LODGE'S DEATH

PNEUMONIA HASTENED THE END OF THE EX-SHERIFF.

The Wounds Were Severe and Would Have Proved Fatal In Short Time.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—An autopsy held at Leetonia last night revealed that the death of ex-Sheriff Mark O. Lodge was caused primarily by pneumonia, induced partly by the wound and partly by exposure.

An examination of the wound showed that most of the shots passed upward, outside the ribs, some even as far as the collar bone. Very few shots were found to have entered the abdominal cavity. The four wads were found in the liver, having passed half through it. No circular wound was discovered in the liver, the wads having passed into it edgewise.

Although his death was hastened by pneumonia, the wound in the liver would have proved fatal within 24 hours.

The following doctors were present at the examination: Mesrs. McCready, Gooding, Sturgeon and Hawn, of Leetonia; Nevin, Marquis, Morris and Albright, of Lisbon.

KILNMAN INJURED

John Owen Under a Doctor's Care As the Result of a Fall.

John, better known as "Nipper" Owen, a kilnman at the Cartwright pottery, was seriously injured yesterday morning while at work. He was ascending a ladder in the kiln with a load of saggers on his head, when the saggers struck a stick at the crown of the kiln.

The saggers were knocked from his head and Owen was knocked from the ladder, falling to the floor of the kiln. He was bruised about the head and was later removed to his home on Third street, where he was attended by a physician.

PENSION CHECK STOLEN

Lisbon Veteran Learns That Another Got $51 Belonging to Him.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Jeremiah H. Cole, an old soldier, has been much worried for several days over the non-arrival of his pension check. He gets $17 a month and the check was worth $51, a large sum to him. Judge Boone tried to learn the cause of the delay. He got word yesterday that the check had been cashed by the Marion county (O.) bank.

Cole will get his money, and as his affidavit has been forwarded to the pension authorities, prosecution for forgerly will probably result.

Resigned As Executor.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—P. M. Little has resigned as executor of the estate of John C. Little, late of Unity township, and has been ordered to turn over to his successor a balance of $5,665 undistributed.

WALKER TRAMP SET FREE FOR A PECULIAR REASON

Magistrates and Constables Say They Can't Get Costs at Lisbon.

CONSTABLE POWELL TALKS

Says He Has Often Paid Money Out Which the County Did Not Repay.

MAYOR HAS HAD EXPERIENCE

Along Similar Lines And Wants to Be Assured His Costs Will Be Forthcoming Before He Sends Prisoners to the County Jail.

The doors of the city jail were opened by Constable Powell this morning to liberate David Pritchard, the tramp, who broke into the Walker school house. Consequently the county jail sentence which was imposed on him was suspended.

This was done not because it was the desire of either the constable or Justice McLane to see the culprit go unpunished, but because of a peculiar existing state of affairs at Lisbon, which the magistrate claims, makes it a risk to send prisoners to the county jail for offenses such as committed by the tramp.

The risk is concerning the matter of costs and this is the reason the convicted hobo was turned loose. Constable Powell said this morning that he had been beaten out of so many dollars, which he had been compelled to pay out of his own pocket that he proposed to take no further chances. He said he would have to hire a rig to take Pritchard to Lisbon and would also be compelled to pay his hotel bill and for feed for his horses.

"I have taken these trips many times previously," said the constable, "in delivering prisoners to the county jail, but nearly every time my bill of costs was presented for payment it was either only partly paid or turned down altogether."

In speaking of Pritchard the constable said he had paid more than a dollar out of his own pocket to feed him, which he would never get back. When the tramp was let out of the jail he immediately started in the direction of Walker and the constable himself stated that he would not be surprised if the fellow again broke into the school house tonight.

Mayor Davidson and Chief Thompson have dozens of cost bills that have been turned down at Lisbon and the mayor says that before he sends another prisoner over he will first know that his fees are sure to be forthcoming.

It is claimed by all of the local justices that they have been so discouraged by being cut out of money due them that they are almost forced to refuse to prosecute cases like that of the Walker tramp. One magistrate stated that in no other county in the state is such encouragement given to hoboes as in Columbiana. This, he said, is because of the refusal of the county authorities to pay for their prosecution.

SENT TO INFIRMARY

English Woman Refused Admission to Massillon Insane Hospital.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Barbara Bolton, of East Liverpool, has been refused admission to the Massillon asylum. She was removed yesterday from the county jail to the infirmary.

The patient is a British subject and came from England last year. She is not therefore entitled to treatment at a state hospital.

VETERANS' REUNION

Men Who Participated in the Spanish-American War Enjoyed Themselves.

A reunion of the Spanish-American war veterans located in this city was held last evening at the home of Fred Oschman, on Walnut street. Only five were present, these being the ex-soldiers who attended the Eighth Ohio regiment reunion at Akron last summer.

A most pleasant evening was passed.

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Ware made at the factories controlled by this company will be sent to the new warehouse, from where it will be distributed to the extreme western and southwestern trade. The company will make extensive changes at both the old plants, and the potteries will be operated to their fullest capacity within a few weeks.

The recent action of Weil & Weil of New York, in entering a suit in the court at Lisbon against the Union Potteries company, is not taken seriously by the officials of that firm, inasmuch as it is the second time suit has been entered on the same case. F. W. Fowler, vice president of the company, says: "This law firm seems to delight in entering suits, but it will be a long time before any more money is paid to it. A suit was entered against me some time ago in the courts at Steubenville, and after several conferences matters were settled to the satisfaction of all concerned. When we were being organized we gave this law firm three shares of stock in order that they might be able to vote at a meeting of the board of directors until such time as a new board was elected. These attorneys have to the present failed to qualify the shares, and at the same time they ask that we give them over $3,000. A recent decision of the New York supreme court settles the case, and had they looked this decision up, I am satisfied no action would have been brought."

Kilnmen's local No. 9 had a well attended meeting last evening in Brotherhood hall, about 125 members being present. The resignation of C. C. Smith as corresponding secretary was accepted and in his place E. L. Bradfield was elected. As a delegate to Trades and Labor Council George Smith, general secretary of No. 9, was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of C. C. Smith. A donation of $5 was forwarded to the American Federation of Labor to assist in the establishing of a labor paper in Porto Rico. Nominations for convention delegates will be opened at the meeting next week.

The Dresden China company is the name of the concern which will operate the new pottery being built at Salineville. The organization took place in this city a few days ago and the company is composed of the following persons: W. H. Deidrick, of the Sevres China company; George D. Deidrick, Walter B. Hill, allof this city, and H. H. Kirk and James H. Dodds, of Salineville, the last named being the owner of a newspaper in Salineville. The capital sock of the company will be $200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of $100 each. The plans for the new plant are being drawn in this city by Architect Adolph Fritz, but will not be completed for several weeks. Work on the foundation will commence as soon as the weather permits.

A writer in an eastern trade paper hastens to remark that pottery manufacturers are requested to "make New York City the only market for their ware" and western manufacturers are told that "Pittsburg and East Liverpool are really out of the way," and that, to be obliged to stop off at these

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

MARK O. LODGE'S DEATH

PNEUMONIA HASTENED THE END OF THE EX-SHERIFF.

The Wounds Were Severe and Would Have Proved Fatal In Short Time.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—An autopsy held at Leetonia last night revealed that the death of ex-Sheriff Mark O. Lodge was caused primarily by pneumonia, induced partly by the wound and partly by exposure.

An examination of the wound showed that most of the shots passed upward, outside the ribs, some even as far as the collar bone. Very few shots were found to have entered the abdominal cavity. The four wads were found in the liver, having passed half through it. No circular wound was discovered in the liver, the wads having passed into it edgewise.

Although his death was hastened by pneumonia, the wound in the liver would have proved fatal within 24 hours.

The following doctors were present at the examination: Mesrs. McCready, Gooding, Sturgeon and Hawn, of Leetonia; Nevin, Marquis, Morris and Albright, of Lisbon.

KILNMAN INJURED

John Owen Under a Doctor's Care As the Result of a Fall.

John, better known as "Nipper" Owen, a kilnman at the Cartwright pottery, was seriously injured yesterday morning while at work. He was ascending a ladder in the kiln with a load of saggers on his head, when the saggers struck a stick at the crown of the kiln.

The saggers were knocked from his head and Owen was knocked from the ladder, falling to the floor of the kiln. He was bruised about the head and was later removed to his home on Third street, where he was attended by a physician.

PENSION CHECK STOLEN

Lisbon Veteran Learns That Another Got $51 Belonging to Him.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Jeremiah H. Cole, an old soldier, has been much worried for several days over the non-arrival of his pension check. He gets $17 a month and the check was worth $51, a large sum to him. Judge Boone tried to learn the cause of the delay. He got word yesterday that the check had been cashed by the Marion county (O.) bank.

Cole will get his money, and as his affidavit has been forwarded to the pension authorities, prosecution for forgerly will probably result.

Resigned As Executor.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—P. M. Little has resigned as executor of the estate of John C. Little, late of Unity township, and has been ordered to turn over to his successor a balance of $5,665 undistributed.

WALKER TRAMP SET FREE FOR A PECULIAR REASON

Magistrates and Constables Say They Can't Get Costs at Lisbon.

CONSTABLE POWELL TALKS

Says He Has Often Paid Money Out Which the County Did Not Repay.

MAYOR HAS HAD EXPERIENCE

Along Similar Lines And Wants to Be Assured His Costs Will Be Forthcoming Before He Sends Prisoners to the County Jail.

The doors of the city jail were opened by Constable Powell this morning to liberate David Pritchard, the tramp, who broke into the Walker school house. Consequently the county jail sentence which was imposed on him was suspended.

This was done not because it was the desire of either the constable or Justice McLane to see the culprit go unpunished, but because of a peculiar existing state of affairs at Lisbon, which the magistrate claims, makes it a risk to send prisoners to the county jail for offenses such as committed by the tramp.

The risk is concerning the matter of costs and this is the reason the convicted hobo was turned loose. Constable Powell said this morning that he had been beaten out of so many dollars, which he had been compelled to pay out of his own pocket that he proposed to take no further chances. He said he would have to hire a rig to take Pritchard to Lisbon and would also be compelled to pay his hotel bill and for feed for his horses.

"I have taken these trips many times previously," said the constable, "in delivering prisoners to the county jail, but nearly every time my bill of costs was presented for payment it was either only partly paid or turned down altogether."

In speaking of Pritchard the constable said he had paid more than a dollar out of his own pocket to feed him, which he would never get back. When the tramp was let out of the jail he immediately started in the direction of Walker and the constable himself stated that he would not be surprised if the fellow again broke into the school house tonight.

Mayor Davidson and Chief Thompson have dozens of cost bills that have been turned down at Lisbon and the mayor says that before he sends another prisoner over he will first know that his fees are sure to be forthcoming.

It is claimed by all of the local justices that they have been so discouraged by being cut out of money due them that they are almost forced to refuse to prosecute cases like that of the Walker tramp. One magistrate stated that in no other county in the state is such encouragement given to hoboes as in Columbiana. This, he said, is because of the refusal of the county authorities to pay for their prosecution.

SENT TO INFIRMARY

English Woman Refused Admission to Massillon Insane Hospital.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Barbara Bolton, of East Liverpool, has been refused admission to the Massillon asylum. She was removed yesterday from the county jail to the infirmary.

The patient is a British subject and came from England last year. She is not therefore entitled to treatment at a state hospital.

VETERANS' REUNION

Men Who Participated in the Spanish-American War Enjoyed Themselves.

A reunion of the Spanish-American war veterans located in this city was held last evening at the home of Fred Oschman, on Walnut street. Only five were present, these being the ex-soldiers who attended the Eighth Ohio regiment reunion at Akron last summer.

A most pleasant evening was passed.

JAMES CLARK'S BUSY CAREER

Facts In the Life of a Man Well Known In All Pottery Circles.

DEATH AND BURIAL AT SEA

His Father an English Manufacturer, Proprietor of an Ancient Pottery Plant—His Travels And Work in the United States.

While the death of James Clark of Hanley, Eng., was reported in this city, very little was known by his friends here concerning his past life, even the date of his death being unknown to the potters of this community. Although a staunch Englishman, he had many intimate friends on this side of the Atlantic.

Mr. Clark was born in Burslem, Staffordshire, Eng., in 1854. His father was a manufacturing potter, and while yet a young man was sent to the Leeds university in Yorkshire, where he took an extended course in chemistry, receiving a queen's certificate equivalent to a gold medal in this country. After his course was completed he returned to Burslem where he was given the position of secretary and treasurer of his father, Edwin Clark's pottery, as it adjoined St. John's Episcopal church. Ware made at this plant was sold mainly to importers doing business in this country and South America. It was in this same pottery that James Wedgwood, the pioneer potter, learned his trade. During the summer of 1879 Mr. Clark was sent to this country by his father to learn the jobbing trade, and his first stop was in Boston, where he secured a position with Abraham French. After working in Boston for over three years he was sent to Chicago, where he acted as a salesman for a similar period. After seven years of continuous service for one firm he traveled through South America, Central America and the West Indies for his father's product. His father later sent him back to this country, and after selling goods for several years he, with John Thomas, purchased the Trenton China plant at Trenton.

He was in this firm for a short time when he disposed of his interests and went to Wheeling where he established the North Wheeling pottery, a concern that is still in business. He was in this company for three years. After leaving Wheeling he came to Toronto, where he became associated with the American Pottery company. While identified with this company he acted as treasurer and general manager and remained in the position until the great strike of '93. Mr. Clark then went to England, where he secured a position with Thomas Hulme & Co., manufacturers of potters' supplies, makers of colors and decalcomania. This position he held at the time of his death.

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Mr. Clark sailed for this country on the steamer Saxonia Jan. 25, and he died after the ship was two days out. He was buried at sea, and although the Cunard Steamship company has been asked for details, no word has been received. He had one sister, Mrs. Annie Wigfield, 1312 Redfield street, West Philadelphia, and another siter residing at Atlanta, Ga. He also had a brother in Australia, owning a large sheep ranch.

The Question!

Does it pay to deal with a strictly cash store? That is the question with a great many people at present. The store thus conducted has the advantage, because they loose nothing on bad accounts, no time keeping books, no postage on statements, and make no enemies, because they deal with all alike. It is not fair for the person who buys for credit, to buy as cheap as one who pays cash, and they do not, because a store doing a credit business must have more for their goods. Somebody has to bear this extra expense. Buy your shoes of

The Cash Shoe Store — The Sleepless Shoe Co. — It Pays to Buy for Cash

LABOR OUTLOOK ENCOURAGING.

Pig Iron Advances—Consumptive Demands of Goods Give No Evidence of Abatement.

New York, Feb. 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Along the Atlantic coast business was temporarily checked by the storm and some interior points also suffered from unfavorable weather, but consumptive demands give no evidence of abatement.

Prices of perishable goods advanced sharply, the whole range of staple commodities tended upward. Jobbing trade in spring lines of wearing apparel is of ample proportions and all heavy hardware and products of iron feel the pressure in that industry. Prospects are most encouraging as to the labor situation. Railway earnings thus far reported for February show a decrease of but 3.5 per cent over last year's, while the loss at New York is but 5.9 per cent from the total of 1901, which is more than accounted for by a decreased activity in the stock market.

While by no means inflated beyond the point fully warranted by urgent purchasers, prices of pig iron have made decided advances, despite the opposition of leading interests. More imports are reported, but foreign markets are also advancing, now that there is less prospect of American competition because of the unprecedented home demand. Railway supplies and structural material are still the most eagerly sought of finished steel products. Record-breaking building permits indicate the business that will be done by structural mills.

Following the advance in print cloths to 3¼ cents there has been an equivalent gain in many divisions of the cotton goods market.

Exporters are bidding for China, although holders now refuse to accept business at the terms they offered early in the month. Woolen and worsted fabrics for fall have received less attention, but sales are still fully up to the average.

Farm staples are remarkably well maintained at the recent advance in quotations.

Liabilities of commercial failures thus far reported for February aggregated $6,697,881, of which $3,404,627 were in manufacturing, $2,892,142 in trading and $401,112 in other commercial lines. Failures for the week number 230 in the United States, against 253 last year, and 31 in Canada, against 39 last year.

SPOONER DEFENDED POLICY.

Bate and Tillman Attacked Republican Attitude Toward Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 22.—For more than six hours yesterday the senate had the Philippine tariff bill under discussion. Mr. Bate (Dem., Tenn.) delivered a carefully prepared speech in opposition to the pending measure. He was followed by Mr. Spooner (Rep., Wis.) in a brilliant defense of the Republican attitude toward the Philippine islands. He became involved frequently in heated colloquy with members of the minority. He concluded with an appeal to congress to stand by the policies of McKinley and Roosevelt.

Mr. Tillman (Dem., S. C.) began a characteristic arraignment of the administration in the Philippines, but had not concluded when the senate adjourned until today.

TWO CHILDREN PERISHED IN BURNING ORPHANAGE.

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 22.—Vera A. and Charles Louen, 3 and 4 years of age respectively, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Rose Petit orphanage, in Hermitage lane, at Greendale, this city. The firemen arrived in time to rescue, with the aid of Mrs. Petit, eight children from the burning building. Mrs. Petit was burned about the face and hands during her effort to save the little ones.

EAST END

THE BUILDING BOOM

In the East End Is Certain to Continue During the Coming Season.

There promises to be an unusual amount of building in the East End during the summer and already the building contractors in that part of the city are kept very busy furnishing estimates for new homes. The building will not be confined to one part of the East End, but new residences will be built all over the suburbs generally.

The majority of the new houses that are to be built will cost between $1,500 and $2,500, and for these prices a very comfortable home can be had. It is presumed most of these houses will be built on ground east of Mulberry street, as there are not many favorable building sites west of that street.

BIG ORDERS GIVEN

The East End Plant for Sewer Pipe. Several Months' Run Required.

A party of New England sewer pipe men were in the East End yesterday, the guests of T. F. Anderson, superintendent of the local plant of the American Sewer Pipe company. They came for the purpose of placing orders for pipe, and the announcement was made this morning by an official of the local concern that orders sufficient to keep the plant in operation for several months were given by these gentlemen.

The order was for delivery during different parts of the year, and shipments will begin very soon, continuing throughout the year. The order was one of the largest received by the East End plant for some time.

Pottery for Nelsonville.

The Nelsonville capitalists who have been in the East End for several days inspecting several potteries in that part of the city, returned to their homes. They seemed well pleased with their trip and intimated before they left that a pottery would surely be built at Nelsonville and that a stock company would be formed by them at once for that purpose.

Four New Church Members.

The attendance was large last evening at the Second Presbyterian church and Rev. S. L. Boston preached an excellent sermon. Two solos were sung by the reverend gentleman in his own inimitable way, which were very pleasing. There were four accessions to the church. Next week the services will be in charge of Rev. J. R. Hosick, Hookstown.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

Mrs. W. T. Mowen, of First avenue, is very ill.

Miss Daisy Lemon, of Mulberry street, has returned to Sebring.

Rev. S. L. Boston, who has been conducting a series of revival meetings in the East End, returned to Steubenville this morning.

The services at the Second U. P. church tomorrow, both morning and evening, will be in charge of Rev. Mr. Black, of New Florence, Pa.

John Schmeltzenbach, of the East End, went to Raven Rock this morning to visit his mother, who is very ill. He will return next week.

V. A. Cunningham has taken a position as conductor with the East Liverpool railway. He has been employed as a barber in this city for several years.

Mrs. Harvey Wallace, of St. George street, left this morning for Murphytown, W. Va., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of their daughter, Mrs. Harlem.

Different And Better.

Different from all others, because they contain no opium or any of its derivatives. Better than all others because they affect a cure through the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clin ic Headache Wafers when taken for the cure of a headache. The safest and most reliable remedy knokn. Take no other. All druggists, 10

The Philadelphia Casualty Company's ACCIDENT POLICY.

Insurance which insures only at the end of a law suit is dear at any price.

You Do Not Want a Policy Like This!

That does not grow in value.
That pays weekly indemnity for only 52 weeks or 104 weeks against our 200 weeks.
That pays only one-half its face value if you become permanently disabled.
That provides for the deduction of any weekly indemnity paid within twelve months, in making settlement for a death loss.
That pays only about one-tenth its face value for the loss of an eye.

That will not pay anything for death or injury from assault **unless by a burglar or highwayman**
That provides for forfeiture of your rights if you are rendered unconscious, and thereby fail to send notice of accident within ten days.
That excludes benefits for injuries received in entering or leaving a trolley car—or perhaps fixes a speed limit that will subject your claim to a conflict of opinion.
That does not provide full protection against accidents while in a burning building.

Look at Your Policy. What Does It Provide?

It is not the Amount of Money you spend for Insurance, but it is the Amount of Insurance you get for your money that tells.

HEALTH POLICY.

What it Covers — What it Costs

The Principal Sum is paid for **Total Blindness or Total Paralysis.** It differs from all other Health Policies. The Principal Sum is increased Five Per Cent. each year, until the eleventh year is reached, without additional cost to the Policyholder.

This Policy also provides Weekly Indemnity not exceeding Twenty-six Weeks, for Disablement from any of the following **Thirty Diseases:**

Apoplexy	Appendicitis
Bronchitis (Acute	Non-tubercular)
Carbuncle	Cebro-spinal Fever
Chicken Pox	Cholera (Asiatic)
Diphtheria	Erysipelas
Hemiplegia	Hydrophobia
Iritis	Lock-jaw
Measles	Meningitis
Mumps	Peritonitis
Pleurisy	Pneumonia (Lobar)
Retinitis	Scarlatina
Scarlet Fever	Small Pox
Spotted Fever	Tetanus
Typhlitis	Typhoid Fever
Typhus Fever	Yellow Fever
Varioloid	

$ 2 00	a year gives	$ 5 00	a week and	$500	Prin. Sum.
3 00	"	7 50	"	750	"
4 00	"	10 00	"	1,000	"
5 00	"	12 50	"	1,250	"
6 00	"	15 00	"	1,500	"
7 00	"	17 50	"	1,750	"
8 00	"	20 00	"	2,000	"
9 00	"	22 50	"	2,250	"
10 00	"	25 00	"	2,500	"
11 00	"	27 50	"	2,750	"
12 00	"	30 00	"	3,000	"
13 00	"	32 50	"	3,250	"
14 00	"	35 00	"	3,500	"
15 00	"	37 50	"	3,750	"
16 00	"	40 00	"	4,000	"
17 00	"	42 50	"	4,250	"
18 00	"	45 00	"	4,500	"
19 00	"	47 50	"	4,750	"
20 00	"	50 00	"	5,000	"

You may think you cannot afford it, but if you become disabled by sickness those who must economize to keep the household expenses down will feel that **they cannot afford to have you neglect the protection of Health Insurance.**

How will you manage to make your payments to the building and loan association if you become sick and disabled for ten or twelve weeks? Payments must be made on investments of this kind and on life insurance policies when they fall due.

The Philadelphia Casualty Company

Has $100,000 deposited with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department as a guarantee that every promise made in its Policies will be fulfilled.

Authorized March 15th, 1900, to commence business with the following cash assets:

Capital	$100,000.00
Surplus	25,000.00
Total	$125,000 00

Assets December 31, 1901.

Capital	$100,000.00
Reserve for Premiums in force	30,743.52
Reserve for Claims in process of settlement	4,342.91
Net Surplus	36,559 67
Total Surplus to Policyholders	$171,646.10

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Pennsylvania For Particulars, Apply to

WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,

Room 1, Walsh Building. C. C. Phone 261. Sixth Street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

G. A. R. DIFFICULTIES SETTLED.

Encampment to Be Held at Washington During Week of Oct. 6.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The annual encampment of the G. A. R. will be held here during the week beginning Oct. 6. This was finally decided upon at the meeting of the executive council after a compromise had been effected with the citizens' committee on the subject of free quarters for 22,000 men.

The citizens' committee insisted on its refusal to provide free quarters, but finally agreed to turn over to the executive council $12,000 of the $50,000 raised to be used for free quarters under the control of the executive council.

TSILKA NOT ARRESTED BY TURKISH AUTHORITIES.

Constantinople, Feb. 22.—The authorities here deny that the Rev. Mr. Tsilka, husband of Miss Ellen M. Stone's companion in captivity, has been arrested for complicity in the kidnaping of Miss Stone. They say that Mr. Tsilka is in Sofia, Bulgaria.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Generally fair today, except snow along the lakes. Tomorrow probably fair; fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Snow or rain today and probably tomorrow; variable winds, mostly fresh northwest.

Moffat's Life Pills purify the blood and render disease, impossible and warranted to regulate the liver. Do not fail to try them.

LARKINS, THE DRUG MAN.

IT IS OUR BUSINESS to attend to your BUSINESS particularly when it is DRUG BUSINESS.

EVERYBODY KNOWS WHERE.

ICE ICE ICE

Have the best, let us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

TROCHET'S COLCHICINE SALICYLATE CAPSULES

Trochet's Colchicine Salicylate Capsules.

A standard and infallible cure for RHEUMATISM and GOUT, endorsed by the highest medical authorities of Europe and America. Dispensed only in spherical capsules, which dissolve in liquids of the stomach without causing irritation or disagreeable symptoms. Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Be sure and get the genuine.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO. Sole Props.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

March, April, May

There is a best time for doing everything—that is, a time when a thing can be done to the best advantage, most easily and most effectively. Now is the best time for purifying your blood. Why? Because your system is now trying to purify it—you know this by the pimples and other eruptions that have come on your face and body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Are the medicines to take—they do the work thoroughly and agreeably and never fail to do it.

Hood's are the medicines you have always heard recommended.

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New York, Feb. 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Along the Atlantic coast business was temporarily checked by the storm and some interior points also suffered from unfavorable weather, but consumptive demands give no evidence of abatement.

Prices of perishable goods advanced sharply, the whole range of staple commodities tended upward. Jobbing trade in spring lines of wearing apparel is of ample proportions and all heavy hardware and products of iron feel the pressure in that industry. Prospects are most encouraging as to the labor situation. Railway earnings thus far reported for February show a decrease of but 3.5 per cent over last year's, while the loss at New York is but 5.9 per cent from the total of 1901, which is more than accounted for by a decreased activity in the stock market.

While by no means inflated beyond the point fully warranted by urgent purchasers, prices of pig iron have made decided advances, despite the opposition of leading interests. More imports are reported, but foreign markets are also advancing, now that there is less prospect of American competition because of the unprecedented home demand. Railway supplies and structural material are still the most eagerly sought of finished steel products. Record-breaking building permits indicate the business that will be done by structural mills.

Following the advance in print cloths to 3¼ cents there has been an equivalent gain in many divisions of the cotton goods market.

Exporters are bidding for China, although holders now refuse to accept business at the terms they offered early in the month. Woolen and worsted fabrics for fall have received less attention, but sales are still fully up to the average.

Farm staples are remarkably well maintained at the recent advance in quotations.

Liabilities of commercial failures thus far reported for February aggregated $6,697,881, of which $3,404,627 were in manufacturing, $2,892,142 in trading and $401,112 in other commercial lines. Failures for the week number 230 in the United States, against 253 last year, and 31 in Canada, against 39 last year.

SPOONER DEFENDED POLICY.

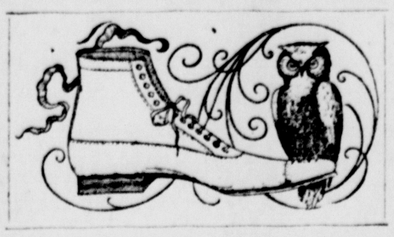
Bate and Tillman Attacked Republican Attitude Toward Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 22.—For more than six hours yesterday the senate had the Philippine tariff bill under discussion. Mr. Bate (Dem., Tenn.) delivered a carefully prepared speech in opposition to the pending measure. He was followed by Mr. Spooner (Rep., Wis.) in a brilliant defense of the Republican attitude toward the Philippine islands. He became involved frequently in heated colloquy with members of the minority. He concluded with an appeal to congress to stand by the policies of McKinley and Roosevelt.

Mr. Tillman (Dem., S. C.) began a characteristic arraignment of the administration in the Philippines, but had not concluded when the senate adjourned until today.

TWO CHILDREN PERISHED IN BURNING ORPHANAGE.

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 22.—Vera A. and Charles Louen, 3 and 4 years of age respectively, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Rose Petit orphanage, in Hermitage lane, at Greendale, this city. The firemen arrived in time to rescue, with the aid of Mrs. Petit, eight children from the burning building. Mrs. Petit was burned about the face and hands during her effort to save the little ones.



The Question!

Does it pay to deal with a strictly cash store? That is the question with a great many people at present. The store thus conducted has the advantage, because they loose nothing on bad accounts, no time keeping books, no postage on statements, and make no enemies, because they deal with all alike. It is not fair for the person who buys for credit, to buy as cheap as one who pays cash, and they do not, because a store doing a credit business must have more for their goods. Somebody has to bear this extra expense. Buy your shoes of

The Cash Shoe Store — The Sleepless Shoe Co. — It Pays to Buy for Cash

EAST END

THE BUILDING BOOM

In the East End Is Certain to Continue During the Coming Season.

There promises to be an unusual amount of building in the East End during the summer and already the building contractors in that part of the city are kept very busy furnishing estimates for new homes. The building will not be confined to one part of the East End, but new residences will be built all over the suburbs generally.

The majority of the new houses that are to be built will cost between $1,500 and $2,500, and for these prices a very comfortable home can be had. It is presumed most of these houses will be built on ground east of Mulberry street, as there are not many favorable building sites west of that street.

BIG ORDERS GIVEN

The East End Plant for Sewer Pipe. Several Months' Run Required.

A party of New England sewer pipe men were in the East End yesterday, the guests of T. F. Anderson, superintendent of the local plant of the American Sewer Pipe company. They came for the purpose of placing orders for pipe, and the announcement was made this morning by an official of the local concern that orders sufficient to keep the plant in operation for several months were given by these gentlemen.

The order was for delivery during different parts of the year, and shipments will begin very soon, continuing throughout the year. The order was one of the largest received by the East End plant for some time.

Pottery for Nelsonville.

The Nelsonville capitalists who have been in the East End for several days inspecting several potteries in that part of the city, returned to their homes. They seemed well pleased with their trip and intimated before they left that a pottery would surely be built at Nelsonville and that a stock company would be formed by them at once for that purpose.

Four New Church Members.

The attendance was large last evening at the Second Presbyterian church and Rev. S. L. Boston preached an excellent sermon. Two solos were sung by the reverend gentleman in his own inimitable way, which were very pleasing. There were four accessions to the church. Next week the services will be in charge of Rev. J. R. Hosick, Hookstown.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

Mrs. W. T. Mowen, of First avenue, is very ill.

Miss Daisy Lemon, of Mulberry street, has returned to Sebring.

Rev. S. L. Boston, who has been conducting a series of revival meetings in the East End, returned to Steubenville this morning.

The services at the Second U. P. church tomorrow, both morning and evening, will be in charge of Rev. Mr. Black, of New Florence, Pa.

John Schmeltzenbach, of the East End, went to Raven Rock this morning to visit his mother, who is very ill. He will return next week.

V. A. Cunningham has taken a position as conductor with the East Liverpool railway. He has been employed as a barber in this city for several years.

Mrs. Harvey Wallace, of St. George street, left this morning for Murphytown, W. Va., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of their daughter, Mrs. Harlem.

Different And Better.

Different from all others, because they contain no opium or any of its derivatives. Better than all others because they affect a cure through the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clinic Headache Wafers when taken for the cure of a headache. The safest and most reliable remedy knokn. Take no other. All druggists, 10

The Philadelphia Casualty Company's ACCIDENT POLICY.

Insurance which insures only at the end of a law suit is dear at any price.

You Do Not Want a Policy Like This!

That does not grow in value.

That pays weekly indemnity for only 52 weeks or 104 weeks against our 200 weeks.

That pays only one-half its face value if you become permanently disabled.

That provides for the deduction of any weekly indemnity paid within twelve months, in making settlement for a death loss.

That pays only about one-tenth its face value for the loss of an eye.

That will not pay anything for death or injury from assault **unless by a burgular or highwayman**

That provides for forfeiture of your rights if you are rendered unconscious, and thereby fail to send notice of accident within ten days.

That excludes benefits for injuries received in entering or leaving a trolley car—or perhaps fixes a speed limit that will subject your claim to a conflict of opinion.

That does not provide full protection against accidents while in a burning building.

Look at Your Policy. What Does It Provide?

It is not the Amount of Money you spend for Insurance, but it is the Amount of Insurance you get for your money that tells.

HEALTH POLICY.

What it Covers

The Principal Sum is paid for **Total Blindness** or **Total Paralysis.** It differs from all other Health Policies. The Principal Sum is increased Five Per Cent. each year, until the eleventh year is reached, without additional cost to the Policyholder.

This Policy also provides Weekly Indemnity not exceeding Twenty-six Weeks, for Disablement from any of the following **Thirty Diseases:**

Apoplexy	Appendicitis
Bronchitis (Acute	Non-tubercular)
Carbuncle	Cebro-spinal Fever
Chicken Pox	Cholera (Asiatic)
Diphtheria	Erysipelas
Hemiplegia	Hydrophobia
Iritis	Lock-jaw
Measles	Meningitis
Mumps	Peritonitis
Pleurisy	Pneumonia (Lobar)
Retinitis	Scarlatina
Scarlet Fever	Small Pox
Spotted Fever	Tetanus
Typhlitis	Typhoid Fever
Typhus Fever	Yellow Fever
	Varioloid

What it Costs

$ 2 00	a year gives	$ 5 00	a week and	$500	Prin. Sum.
3 00	"	7 50	"	750	"
4 00	"	10 00	"	1,000	"
5 00	"	12 50	"	1,250	"
6 00	"	15 00	"	1,500	"
7 00	"	17 50	"	1,750	"
8 00	"	20 00	"	2,000	"
9 00	"	22 50	"	2,250	"
10 00	"	25 00	"	2,500	"
11 00	"	27 50	"	2,750	"
12 00	"	30 00	"	3,000	"
13 00	"	32 50	"	3,250	"
14 00	"	35 00	"	3,500	"
15 00	"	37 50	"	3,750	"
16 00	"	40 00	"	4,000	"
17 00	"	42 50	"	4,250	"
18 00	"	45 00	"	4,500	"
19 00	"	47 50	"	4,750	"
20 00	"	50 00	"	5,000	"

You may think you cannot afford it, but if you become disabled by sickness those who must economize to keep the household expenses down will feel that **they cannot afford to have you neglect the protection of Health Insurance.**

How will you manage to make your payments to the building and loan association if you become sick and disabled for ten or twelve weeks? Payments must be made on investments of this kind and on life insurance policies when they fall due.

The Philadelphia Casualty Company

Has $100,000 deposited with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department as a guarantee that every promise made in its Policies will be fulfilled.

Authorized March 15th, 1900, to commence business with the following cash assets:

Capital	$100,000.00
Surplus	25,000.00
Total	$125,000 00

Assets December 31, 1901.

Capital	$100,000.00
Reserve for Premiums in force	30,743.52
Reserve for Claims in process of settlement	4,342.91
Net Surplus	36,559 67
Total Surplus to Policyholders	$171,646.10

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Pennsylvania For Particulars, Apply to

WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,

Room 1, Walsh Building. C. C. Phone 261. Sixth Street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

G. A. R. DIFFICULTIES SETTLED.

Encampment to Be Held at Washington During Week of Oct. 6.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The annual encampment of the G. A. R. will be held here during the week beginning Oct. 6. This was finally decided upon at the meeting of the executive council after a compromise had been effected with the citizens' committee on the subject of free quarters for 22,000 men.

The citizens' committee insisted on its refusal to provide free quarters, but finally agreed to turn over to the executive council $12,000 of the $50,000 raised to be used for free quarters under the control of the executive council.

TSILKA NOT ARRESTED BY TURKISH AUTHORITIES.

Constantinople, Feb. 22.—The authorities here deny that the Rev. Mr. Tsilka, husband of Miss Ellen M. Stone's companion in captivity, has been arrested for complicity in the kidnaping of Miss Stone. They say that Mr. Tsilka is in Sofia, Bulgaria.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Generally fair today, except snow along the lakes. Tomorrow probably fair; fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Snow or rain today and probably tomorrow; variable winds, mostly fresh northwest.

Moffat's Life Pills purify the blood and render disease, impossible and warranted to regulate the liver. Do not fail to try them.

LARKINS, THE DRUG MAN.

IT IS OUR BUSINESS to attend to your BUSINESS particularly when it is DRUG BUSINESS.

EVERYBODY KNOWS WHERE.

ICE ICE ICE

Have the best, let us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

TROCHET'S COLCHICINE SALICYLATE CAPSULES

Trochet's Colchicine Salicylate Capsules.

A standard and infallible cure for RHEUMATISM and GOUT, endorsed by the highest medical authorities of Europe and America. Dispensed only in spherical capsules, which dissolve in liquids of the stomach without causing irritation or disagreeable symptoms. Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Be sure and get the genuine.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO. Sole Props.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

MOB STORMED JAIL.

Strikers Repulsed After a Number Were Killed and Wounded, at Barcelona.

STRIKES SPREAD IN SPAIN.

Many Anarchists and Revolutionists Arrested—Weyler Wants a Free Hand In Dealing With "Rebels In Catalonia."

Barcelona, Feb. 22.—The strikers attacked the jail, in an attempt to rescue their imprisoned comrades, but they were repulsed by the troops, after a number of rioters had been killed or wounded. Forty persons have already been killed.

The ordinary necessaries of life are failing and the distress is becoming accentuated. The strikers are said to be receiving large sums of money from London.

In the neighboring towns the disturbances are spreading and are increasing in gravity.

The predominance of bayonets here has had due effect, and the most turbulent spirits have been driven off the streets. Outwardly the city is assuming an aspect of comparative quiet. The leading citizens are joining the military and civil authorities in restoring order.

Madrid, Feb. 22.—The most stringent measures have been prepared to protect traffic and business in Barcelona. The strikers have few rifles, but are well supplied with revolvers and daggers.

The search of suspected houses continue, resulting in the arrest of large numbers of anarchists and revolutionists of all kinds, who are considered to be the prime movers in the troubles.

Strike Is Spreading.

Martial law has been proclaimed at Tarragona. The strike is spreading in the Llobregat and Cardona valleys. There is a general cessation of work at Castellon de La Piana and Garve, and much excitement prevails at Batea. Forces of gendarmie have been dispatched to those places.

London, Feb. 22.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that General Weyler, the war minister, is urging the queen regent to give him a free hand in dealing with the "rebels in Catalonia," and that Premier Sagasta threatens to resign if General Weyler's request is granted. The queen regent is said to favor General Weyler's plan.

Mark Twain's Cousin,

G. C. Clemens, of Topeka, Kan., the noted constitutional lawyer, who bears so striking a resemblance to Mark Twain, (Samuel B. Clemens) that he is frequently taken for the original Mark, is a man of deep intellect and wide experience. He is considered one of the foremost lawyers in this country. In a recent letter to the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Mr. Clemens says:

G. C. Clemens.

* * "Personal experience and observation have thoroughly satisfied me that Dr. Miles' Nervine contains true merit, and is excellent for what it is recommended."

Mr. Norman Waltrip, Sup. Pres. Bankers' Fraternal Society, Chicago, says:

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills

are invaluable for headache and all pain. I had been a great sufferer from headache until I learned of the efficacy of Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Now I always carry them and prevent recurring attacks by taking a pill when the symptoms first appear."

Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25c. per Box.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

When Women Should Vote

By Mrs. ANNA FITZGIBBON. Chicago's Woman Banker

I AM a little in doubt as to just where I stand as to women voting. I THINK PERHAPS IT MIGHT BE FOR THE BEST INTERESTS OF ALL IF THEY WERE ALLOWED TO VOTE ON TEMPERANCE MATTERS AND QUESTIONS WHICH AFFECT DIRECTLY THE MORALS OF THE COMMUNITY. BEYOND THAT I DO NOT SEE WHAT GOOD COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THEIR VOTING. Those who would not be influenced in their votes by their husbands or male relatives would in all probability be about as widely divided as the men and in about the same proportions on all great public questions.

* * *

ON THE WHOLE, I THINK I AM OPPOSED TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE. I am a believer in the men, and, taken as a whole, I believe they are at heart as good as women. They may in individual cases have more vices and do things which would be deplorable in women; still I believe that men who are themselves bad do not for the most part want the whole community bad, and as a general thing favor what they believe to be best.

Regarding women in business, I think it is sometimes necessary, as in my own case, for them to enter that field; but, as a general rule, I believe their place is at home.

My father, John Cunnea, was one of the pioneer bankers of Illinois. He founded the First National of Morris, Ill., soon after the civil war and remained its president until his death. As a child I played more or less about the bank, and by the time I reached womanhood I considered myself quite a banker, and so did my father. When I married, my husband was in the distilling business. I have strong feelings on the temperance question and did not like that. I kept at him continually to sell out, and in 1887 he bought a controlling interest in the bank of which I am a director. I helped him at first with my experience and even before his death became a director of the bank.

STARTED HOME WITH TEDDY, JR

Special Train Carried President's Son From Groton to Washington.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 22.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., who has been ill with pneumonia for two weeks in the Groton school infirmary, was bound for Washington last night. Bundled to his eyes with blankets, he was taken in a covered sleigh from the infirmary to the special train which had been in readiness at the Groton station for several days. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and Dr. P. M. Rixey, while in another conveyance was Miss Roosevelt.

A light snow was falling at the time. The departure of the party was so unexpected that not a dozen persons were on the station platform when the train pulled out. The arrangements for the departure were identical with those made for President Roosevelt's return trip to Washington. The party occupied the private car Convoy and the intention was to have it taken through to Providence and there attached to the Federal express.

SECOND DEGREE VERDICT FOR KILLING SWEETHEART.

Cleveland, Feb. 22.—The jury in the trial of Vernon Rogers, who shot and killed his sweetheart, Margaret Hallen, on Oct. 19 last, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. After shooting the girl, Rogers attempted suicide by sending a bullet through his head. His life was saved however by physicians. It was shown in the trial that Rogers was drunk when the crime was committed and that there had been no premeditation. This probably resulted in saving Rogers from the electric chair.

No Licenses Granted In Washington.

Washington, Pa., Feb. 22.—Judge J. McIlvaine, in the Washington county court, handed down a decision refusing retail liquor licenses to A. H. Stockton, proprietor of the Auld house; Jacob Nease, proprietor of the Nease hotel, and McCreery & Minton, proprietors of the Seigle hotel. In refusing to grant the licenses Judge McIlvaine stated that the general sentiment of the people was against the granting of licenses, and for this reason they were refused.

Pennsylvania Y. M. C. A.

Warren, Pa., Feb. 22.—The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Y. M. C. A. met in Warren. The report of the work accomplished during the past year shows the association in a flourishing condition, with sound financial foundation, and a steady growth.

SECRETARY LONG SAID HE INTENDED TO RETIRE.

Washington, Feb. 22.—After the cabinet meeting Secretary Long stated that the report that he intended leaving the cabinet was quite true. He said he had fixed upon no specific date for his leaving and he had not yet formally sent his resignation to the president, and might not do so for some time. The president, however, was fully aware of his purpose, which was formed many months ago.

HALL NOMINATED FOR POSTMASTER AT WHEELING.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The president nominated J. K. Hall, publisher of the Wheeling Intelligencer, for postmaster at Wheeling, W. Va.

Italian Cabinet Resigned.

Rome, Feb. 22.—The cabinet has resigned, owing to the failure of Signor Villa, the government's candidate for the presidency of the chamber of deputies, to secure his re-election.

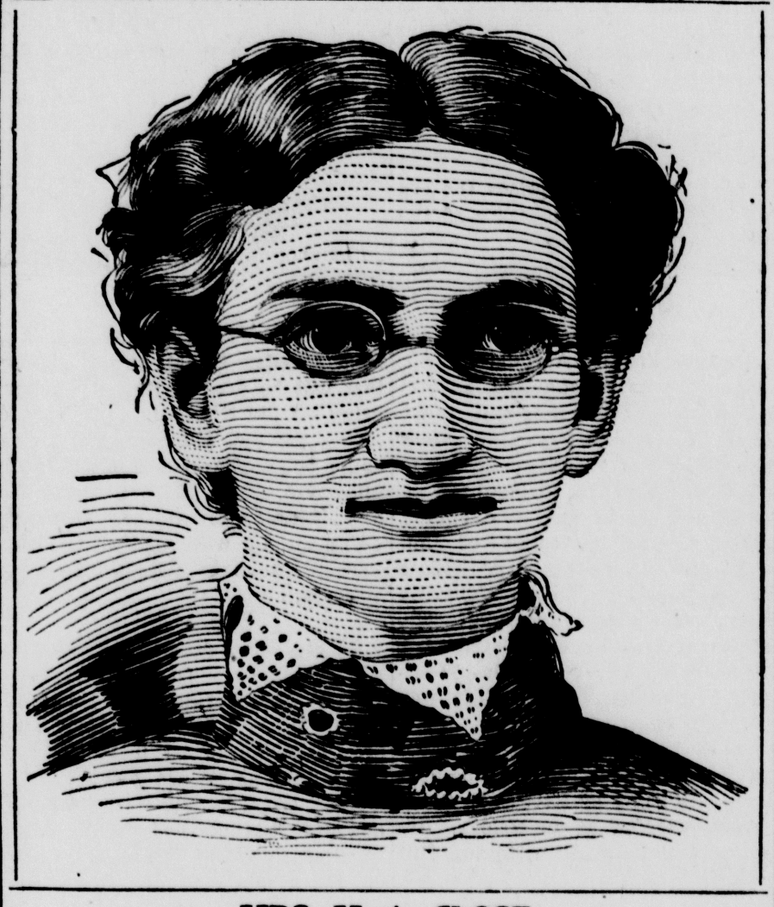
Doing Good.

A great deal of good is being done in all parts of the country by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good work, of aggravating and persistent coughs that have yielded to its soothing effects, of severe colds that have been broken up by its use, of threatened attacks of pneumonia that have been worded off and of dangerous cases of croup that it has cured. The great popularity and extensive sale of this preparation can not be a surprise to anyone who is acquainted with its good qualities. Use it when you have need of such a remedy and it will do you good. For sale by Alvin H. Bulger.

Page's Climax Salve is truly the woman's friend, as no woman can have broken breasts or sore nipples while she uses this salve. Try it.

THIRTEEN DOCTORS FAILED.

Mrs. M. A. Close, of Nebraska, Was Cured of Incipient Consumption After All Medical Aid Had Failed--Read Her Letter.



MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

Kearney, Neb., July 8, 1900.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Doctor---"I desire to express to you my sincere thanks for the interest you have shown in my case, and for the timely aid and advice which has effected a cure of as bad a case of consumption as could be well imagined.

FOUND HERSELF GROWING WORSE.

"Peruna and Manalin have done what thirteen of the best physicians in the country have failed to do. For more than three years I doctored for consumption, and spent thirteen weeks in a Pulmonary Sanitarium at Milwaukee, Wis.; but finding myself growing worse, as a last resort, I came West where I was bedfast for many weeks, and the physicians which my husband called gave no hope but said, 'She cannot possibly live more than a few days.' But thanks to Peruna, I fooled them all. In an incredibly short time after I began to take Peruna the hemorrhages stopped. I began to mend slowly at first, but the improvement became more marked, and now I can truthfully say that there is not the slightest trace of my old complaint.

"I would have written you a long time ago, but have purposely waited to see if the effect was lasting; and in conclusion I would say, God bless you and keep you with us that you may go on with your work of mercy for many years to come."---MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

P. S.---"I am going to visit friends in Wisconsin who never expected to see me alive again, so please forward mail to me at 579 Pacific street, Appleton, Wis."---M. A. C.

AN OLD COLD

Is Catarrh, and Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

The tendency of catarrh of the head is to pass downward through the bronchial tubes to the lungs. Any one who has had catarrh of the head for a year or more finds the disease gradually progressing downward. In some cases the progress is rapid, and in other cases it is slow; but sooner or later if catarrh is allowed to run, it will go to the lungs and set up the disease known as consumption. It is doubtful if consumption is ever caused by anything except catarrh.

The catarrh usually begins as a cold in the head or throat, and is neglected until it becomes chronic; then it begins to dawn on the victim that he has catarrh. Unless he is very foolish indeed he will not rest easy until the catarrh is entirely cured. Thousands pay no attention to it until it is too late.

Mrs. J. Priest, Lee, Mich., writes:—"I think there is no medicine on earth that excells Peruna. My husband won't take any other. We have tested it and it worked a great change in my son's health last spring when we thought he was going into consumption. We gave him only one bottle and he was all right. I tell everybody about how much good it has done us. My husband says he can't do without it. As for myself it saved me seven years ago from going blind. I could not see to read one word for six weeks. I thought I should surely lose my sight. I commenced taking Peruna and by the time I had taken one bottle I could see to read as well as ever. We think it is a grand medicine."—Mrs. J. Priest.

Use as Much as Needed.

If Peruna is used a cold never becomes chronic, and hence catarrh is prevented. But after catarrh has become thoroughly established Peruna will cure it, but it will take much longer. Even in cases where catarrh has attacked the lungs and the symptoms of consumption have shown themselves, the Peruna will cure. A great many cases of genuine consumption have been cured with Peruna after the patient had been given up to die, as in the case of Mrs. Close.

Miss Corinne Gilmore, 193 Vance St., Memphis, Tenn., uses Peruna for colds and catarrh.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

A body of detectives has been installed in the United States Steel Corporation's National plant at Youngstown.

Mrs. Sophia Litten is dead at the home of John Langley, at Warrenton, where she has made her home, aged 90.

The Roman Catholic congregation at Warren has begun the erection of a $45,000 house of worship and a parochial residence to cost $8,500.

During the presentation of a war drama by a home talent company at Atwater, Frank Miller was shot in the breast and neck with paper wads and dangerously injured.

An Italian at Costonia, near Steubenville, while thawing dynamite was blown up. His lips were cut, eyes closed, hair burned off and his head badly battered. It is thought he will die.

The state organization of Ohio miners have opened headquarters in Bellaire. John Stevenson, sub-district president, is in charge. This move is taken so as to be in close touch with the strike situation at the Empire mines.

William Burnett, a stranger, staggered into the Western Union office at Steubenville Friday night and so frightened the occupants that a hurry up call was sent to police headquarters. It was thought he was a highwayman, but he was only drunk.

Robert J. Strain, a prisoner in the Youngstown jail, made a vicious attack on the sheriff. For several minutes the men fought desperately, when finally the officer landed a blow that rendered his adversary insensible and he was thrown into a cage.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J CHENEY, makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that Cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

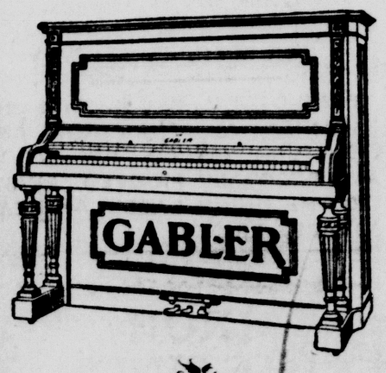
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Certain Cure for Chilblains.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Chilblains, Frostbites, Damp, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. 25

PIANOS

The man that has had the experience knows what he is selling much better than the man that is buying. We know from experience that we have some of the best Pianos made and sell them at the lowest possible price.



GABLER
New York

Call and see our stock of

Gablers, Sohmer, Briggs, Behning, Colby, etc.

OUR PRICE—Cash or Easy Payments.

The Smith & Phillips Music Co.,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

AN UNPRECEDENTED RECORD

Made by the EVENING NEWS REVIEW under the present management, during the past nine months.

Merit Counts Most

In every station of life and in every kind of business. Merit in a newspaper is quickly recognized by the public. THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW is extending its business every day at a rate unprecedented in the history of East Liverpool journalism.

How Does It Do It?

Simply by making its columns so interesting that the person who would keep posted on home affairs.

Finds It Indispensable.

Thousands of new readers gained in the past few months are pretty good evidence of public recognition and public appreciation. Its value as the best advertising medium in East Liverpool is attested by hundreds of business men. men. Of this fact there is

Plenty of Evidence.

For instance **During the month of January there were printed in the Classified Advertisement Column of this paper, 428 Want Ads.** A larger number than ever appeared in a like period in any news paper published in Columbiana County. This department of its business is growing at a marvelous rate.

People Who Advertise

And find that advertising brings the desired result return again and again. That is why, wants, for sales, for rents and similar notices are always numerous in the NEWS REVIEW. They cost but little and they

BRING QUICK RETURNS

MOB STORMED JAIL.

Strikers Repulsed After a Number Were Killed and Wounded, at Barcelona.

STRIKES SPREAD IN SPAIN.

Many Anarchists and Revolutionists Arrested—Weyler Wants a Free Hand In Dealing With "Rebels In Catalonia."

Barcelona, Feb. 22.—The strikers attacked the jail, in an attempt to rescue their imprisoned comrades, but they were repulsed by the troops, after a number of rioters had been killed or wounded. Forty persons have already been killed.

The ordinary necessaries of life are failing and the distress is becoming accentuated. The strikers are said to be receiving large sums of money from London.

In the neighboring towns the disturbances are spreading and are increasing in gravity.

The predominance of bayonets here has had due effect, and the most turbulent spirits have been driven off the streets. Outwardly the city is assuming an aspect of comparative quiet. The leading citizens are joining the military and civil authorities in restoring order.

Madrid, Feb. 22.—The most stringent measures have been prepared to protect traffic and business in Barcelona. The strikers have few rifles, but are well supplied with revolvers and daggers.

The search of suspected houses continue, resulting in the arrest of large numbers of anarchists and revolutionists of all kinds, who are considered to be the prime movers in the troubles.

Strike Is Spreading.

Martial law has been proclaimed at Tarragona. The strike is spreading in the Liobregat and Cardona valleys. There is a general cessation of work at Castellon de La Piana and Garve, and much excitement prevails at Batea. Forces of gendarmie have been dispatched to those places.

London, Feb. 22.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that General Weyler, the war minister, is urging the queen regent to give him a free hand in dealing with the "rebels in Catalonia," and that Premier Sagasta threatens to resign if General Weyler's request is granted. The queen regent is said to favor General Weyler's plan.

When Women Should Vote

By Mrs. ANNA FITZGIBBON, Chicago's Woman Banker

I AM a little in doubt as to just where I stand as to women voting. I THINK PERHAPS IT MIGHT BE FOR THE BEST INTERESTS OF ALL IF THEY WERE ALLOWED TO VOTE ON TEMPERANCE MATTERS AND QUESTIONS WHICH AFFECT DIRECTLY THE MORALS OF THE COMMUNITY. BEYOND THAT I DO NOT SEE WHAT GOOD COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THEIR VOTING. Those who would not be influenced in their votes by their husbands or male relatives would in all probability be about as widely divided as the men and in about the same proportions on all great public questions.

* * *

ON THE WHOLE, I THINK I AM OPPOSED TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE. I am a believer in the men, and, taken as a whole, I believe they are at heart as good as women. They may in individual cases have more vices and do things which would be deplorable in women; still I believe that men who are themselves bad do not for the most part want the whole community bad, and as a general thing favor what they believe to be best.

Regarding women in business, I think it is sometimes necessary, as in my own case, for them to enter that field; but, as a general rule, I believe their place is at home.

My father, John Cunnea, was one of the pioneer bankers of Illinois. He founded the First National of Morris, Ill., soon after the civil war and remained its president until his death. As a child I played more or less about the bank, and by the time I reached womanhood I considered myself quite a banker, and so did my father. When I married, my husband was in the distilling business. I have strong feelings on the temperance question and did not like that. I kept at him continually to sell out, and in 1887 he bought a controlling interest in the bank of which I am a director. I helped him at first with my experience and even before his death became a director of the bank.

Mark Twain's Cousin,

G. C. Clemens, of Topeka, Kan., the noted constitutional lawyer, who bears so striking a resemblance to Mark Twain, (Samuel B. Clemens) that he is frequently taken for the original Mark, is a man of deep intellect and wide experience. He is considered one of the foremost lawyers in this country. In a recent letter to the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Mr. Clemens says:

G. C. Clemens.

* * "Personal experience and observation have thoroughly satisfied me that Dr. Miles' Nervine contains true merit, and is excellent for what it is recommended."

Mr. Norman Waltrip, Sup. Pres. Bankers' Fraternal Society, Chicago, says:

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills

are invaluable for headache and all pain. I had been a great sufferer from headache until I learned of the efficacy of Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Now I always carry them and prevent recurring attacks by taking a pill when the symptoms first appear."

Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25c. per Box.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

STARTED HOME WITH TEDDY, JR

Special Train Carried President's Son From Groton to Washington.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 22.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., who has been ill with pneumonia for two weeks in the Groton school infirmary, was bound for Washington last night. Bundled to his eyes with blankets, he was taken in a covered sleigh from the infirmary to the special train which had been in readiness at the Groton station for several days. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and Dr. P. M. Rixey, while in another conveyance was Miss Roosevelt.

A light snow was falling at the time. The departure of the party was so unexpected that not a dozen persons were on the station platform when the train pulled out. The arrangements for the departure were identical with those made for President Roosevelt's return trip to Washington. The party occupied the private car Convoy and the intention was to have it taken through to Providence and there attached to the Federal express.

SECOND DEGREE VERDICT FOR KILLING SWEETHEART.

Cleveland, Feb. 22.—The jury in the trial of Vernon Rogers, who shot and killed his sweetheart, Margaret Hallen, on Oct. 19 last, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. After shooting the girl, Rogers attempted suicide by sending a bullet through his head. His life was saved however by physicians. It was shown in the trial that Rogers was drunk when the crime was committed and that there had been no premeditation. This probably resulted in saving Rogers from the electric chair.

No Licenses Granted In Washington.

Washington, Pa., Feb. 22.—Judge J. McIlvaine, in the Washington county court, handed down a decision refusing retail liquor licenses to A. H. Stockton, proprietor of the Auld house; Jacob Nease, proprietor of the Nease hotel, and McCreery & Minton, proprietors of the Seigle hotel. In refusing to grant the licenses Judge McIlvaine stated that the general sentiment of the people was against the granting of licenses, and for this reason they were refused.

Pennsylvania Y. M. C. A.

Warren, Pa., Feb. 22.—The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Y. M. C. A. met in Warren. The report of the work accomplished during the past year shows the association in a flourishing condition, with sound financial foundation, and a steady growth.

SECRETARY LONG SAID HE INTENDED TO RETIRE.

Washington, Feb. 22.—After the cabinet meeting Secretary Long stated that the report that he intended leaving the cabinet was quite true. He said he had fixed upon no specific date for his leaving and he had not yet formally sent his resignation to the president, and might not do so for some time. The president, however, was fully aware of his purpose, which was formed many months ago.

HALL NOMINATED FOR POSTMASTER AT WHEELING.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The president nominated J. K. Hall, publisher of the Wheeling Intelligencer, for postmaster at Wheeling, W. Va.

Italian Cabinet Resigned.

Rome, Feb. 22.—The cabinet has resigned, owing to the failure of Signor Villa, the government's candidate for the presidency of the chamber of deputies, to secure his re-election.

Doing Good.

A great deal of good is being done in all parts of the country by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good work, of aggravating and persistent coughs that have yielded to its soothing effects, of severe colds that have been broken up by its use, of threatened attacks of pneumonia that have been worded off and of dangerous cases of croup that it has cured. The great popularity and extensive sale of this preparation can not be a surprise to anyone who is acquainted with its good qualities. Use it when you have need of such a remedy and it will do you good. For sale by Alvin H. Bulger.

Page's Climax Salve is truly the woman's friend, as no woman can have broken breasts or sore nipples while she uses this salve. Try it.

PIANOS

The man that has had the experience knows what he is selling much better than the man that is buying. We know from experience that we have some of the best Pianos made and sell them at the lowest possible price.

GABLER
New York

Call and see our stock of

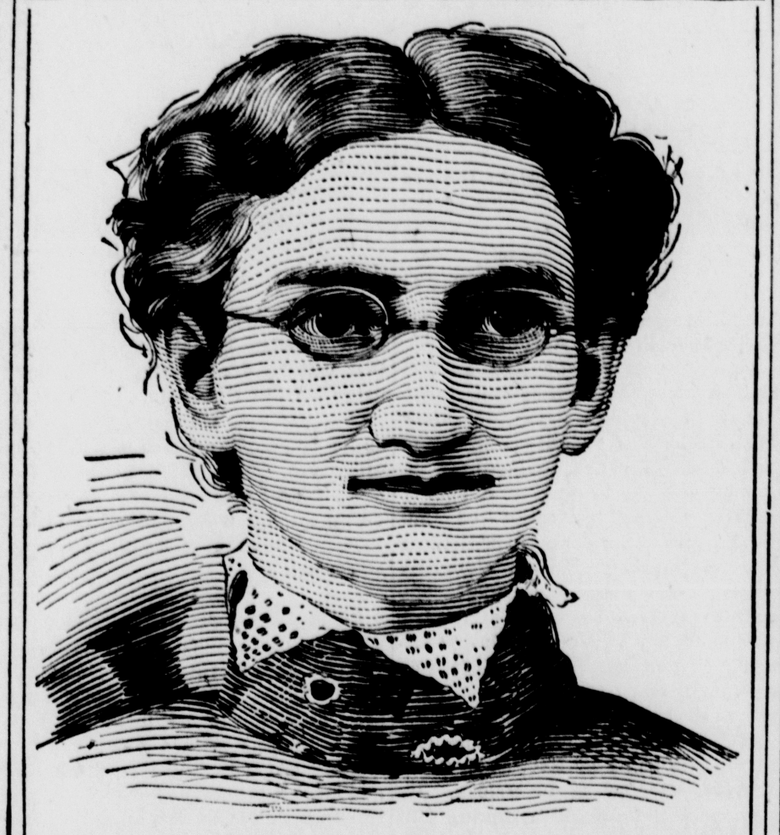
Gablers, Sohmer, Briggs, Behning, Colby, etc.

OUR PRICE—Cash or Easy Payments.

The Smith & Phillips Music Co.,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

THIRTEEN DOCTORS FAILED.

Mrs. M. A. Close, of Nebraska, Was Cured of Incipient Consumption After All Medical Aid Had Failed--Read Her Letter.



MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

Kearney, Neb., July 8, 1900.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Doctor---"I desire to express to you my sincere thanks for the interest you have shown in my case, and for the timely aid and advice which has effected a cure of as bad a case of consumption as could be well imagined.

FOUND HERSELF GROWING WORSE.

"Peruna and Manalin have done what thirteen of the best physicians in the country have failed to do. For more than three years I doctored for consumption, and spent thirteen weeks in a Pulmonary Sanitarium at Milwaukee, Wis.; but finding myself growing worse, as a last resort, I came West where I was bedfast for many weeks, and the physicians which my husband called gave no hope but said, 'She cannot possibly live more than a few days.' But thanks to Peruna, I fooled them all. In an incredibly short time after I began to take Peruna the hemorrhages stopped. I began to mend slowly at first, but the improvement became more marked, and now I can truthfully say that there is not the slightest trace of my old complaint.

"I would have written you a long time ago, but have purposely waited to see if the effect was lasting; and in conclusion I would say, God bless you and keep you with us that you may go on with your work of mercy for many years to come."---MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

P. S.---"I am going to visit friends in Wisconsin who never expected to see me alive again, so please forward mail to me at 579 Pacific street, Appleton, Wis."---M. A. C.

AN OLD COLD

Is Catarrh, and Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

The tendency of catarrh of the head is to pass downward through the bronchial tubes to the lungs. Any one who has had catarrh of the head for a year or more finds the disease gradually progressing downward. In some cases the progress is rapid, and in other cases it is slow; but sooner or later if catarrh is allowed to run, it will go to the lungs and set up the disease known as consumption. It is doubtful if consumption is ever caused by anything except catarrh.

The catarrh usually begins as a cold in the head or throat, and is neglected until it becomes chronic; then it begins to dawn on the victim that he has catarrh. Unless he is very foolish indeed he will not rest easy until the catarrh is entirely cured. Thousands pay no attention to it until it is too late.

Mrs. J. Priest, Lee, Mich., writes:—"I think there is no medicine on earth that excells Peruna. My husband won't take any other. We have tested it and it worked a great change in my son's health last spring when we thought he was going into consumption. We gave him only one bottle and he was all right. I tell everybody about how much good it has done us. My husband says he can't do without it. As for myself it saved me seven years ago from going blind. I could not see to read one word for six weeks. I thought I should surely lose my sight. I commenced taking Peruna and by the time I had taken one bottle I could see to read as well as ever. We think it is a grand medicine."—Mrs. J. Priest.

Use as Much as Needed.

If Peruna is used a cold never becomes chronic, and hence catarrh is prevented. But after catarrh has become thoroughly established Peruna will cure it, but it will take much longer. Even in cases where catarrh has attacked the lungs and the symptoms of consumption have shown themselves, the Peruna will cure. A great many cases of genuine consumption have been cured with Peruna after the patient had been given up to die, as in the case of Mrs. Close.

Miss Corinne Gilmore, 193 Vance St., Memphis, Tenn., uses Peruna for colds and catarrh.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

A body of detectives has been installed in the United States Steel Corporation's National plant at Youngstown.

Mrs. Sophia Litten is dead at the home of John Langley, at Warrenton, where she has made her home, aged 90.

The Roman Catholic congregation at Warren has begun the erection of a $45,000 house of worship and a parochial residence to cost $8,500.

During the presentation of a war drama by a home talent company at Atwater, Frank Miller was shot in the breast and neck with paper wads and dangerously injured.

An Italian at Costonia, near Steubenville, while thawing dynamite was blown up. His lips were cut, eyes closed, hair burned off and his head badly battered. It is thought he will die.

The state organization of Ohio miners have opened headquarters in Bellaire. John Stevenson, sub-district president, is in charge. This move is taken so as to be in close touch with the strike situation at the Empire mines.

William Burnett, a stranger, staggered into the Western Union office at Steubenville Friday night and so frightened the occupants that a hurry up call was sent to police headquarters. It was thought he was a highwayman, but he was only drunk.

Robert J. Strain, a prisoner in the Youngstown jail, made a vicious attack on the sheriff. For several minutes the men fought desperately, when finally the officer landed a blow that rendered his adversary insensible and he was thrown into a cage.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J CHENEY, makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that Cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Certain Cure for Chilblains.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Chilblains, Frostbites, Damp, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. 25

AN UNPRECEDENTED RECORD

Made by the EVENING NEWS REVIEW under the present management, during the past nine months.

Merit Counts Most

In every station of life and in every kind of business. Merit in a newspaper is quickly recognized by the public. THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW is extending its business every day at a rate unprecedented in the history of East Liverpool journalism.

How Does It Do It?

Simply by making its columns so interesting that the person who would keep posted on home affairs.

Finds It Indispensable.

Thousands of new readers gained in the past few months are pretty good evidence of public recognition and public appreciation. Its value as the best advertising medium in East Liverpool is attested by hundreds of business men. men. Of this fact there is

Plenty of Evidence.

For instance **During the month of January there were printed in the Classified Advertisement Column of this paper, 428 Want Ads.** A larger number than ever appeared in a like period in any news paper published in Columbiana County. This department of its business is growing at a marvelous rate.

People Who Advertise

And find that advertising brings the desired result return again and again. That is why, wants, for sales, for rents and similar notices are always numerous in the NEWS REVIEW. They cost but little and they

BRING QUICK RETURNS

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by

EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

The News Review, Daily, established 1884 By mail, one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00, three months, $1.75; by carrier, $5.00; ten cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly, established 1879. By mail, one year, $1.00 in advance six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

Official Papers of the city of East Liverpool and Columbiana County.

OFFICE 196 WASHINGTON STREET.

Bell Telephone.

Business Office.....No. 122
Editorial Room.....No. 122

Columbiana County Telephone.

Business Office.....No. 122
Editorial Room.....No. 346

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the EVENING NEWS REVIEW January 1, 1902, TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY (2,250).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE (1,373) subscribers.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL E. LIVERPOOL, O.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902.

TWELVE PAGES.

The Mormon question is not dead. Indications are not wanting that the conflict, which it was fondly hoped, had been for ever settled, must be renewed, or that relic of barbarism, polygamy, will continue to flourish. It will be harder to hit the polygamists of Utah now than it was while they were a territory. The state government and state courts are controlled by the Mormons. All Mormons never were polygamists. Those who were polygamists were understood to have given up polygamy before Utah entered statehood in 1896. The renunciation of that practice permanently was made a condition precedent to the erection of Utah into a state. The state-makers pledged themselves to prevent polygamy afterward, and to extirpate it if it should arise in their state. The country took the Mormons at their word, which, it now appears, they have no compunctions in violating. The disposition of the country toward polygamy was plainly revealed when public sentiment kept Brigham Roberts out of congress. That same sentiment is continually strengthening and Mormons had best prepare to renounce polygamy anew or to emigrate from America.

There are other lines than industry and commerce in which America leads. The last United States educational report for 1899 shows that there were for that year a total of 21,801 American women in the colleges of this country. Of these there were 16,966 in the 337 co-educational colleges, 3,799 in eleven independent women's colleges, and 1,056 in affiliated women's colleges. The number of women graduated annually from American colleges is about 2,800. Women form 27.4 per cent of all the students in American colleges. In Great Britain they form only 12.05 per cent and in 1899 they numbered 3,550.

The house of representatives of Ohio has passed a bill raising the tax on cigarettes and cigarette wrappers and prohibiting absolutely the sale of either of these articles to boys under 20 years of age. Any action that will banish the death-dealing paper rolls or restrict their use will meet with popular approval. Meantime, it is well for all to remember that cigarettes do not harm those who keep away from them.

The Ohio house of representatives goes on record as favoring the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people. The plan has been endorsed by a majority of state legislatures, by conventions representing every shade of political belief and by friends of reform generally. The change is bound to come.

Prince Henry is welcome. Uncle Sam's latchstring has always been out to respectable visitors. A churlish lack of hospitality has not been and never will be one of his traits.

Everybody may not agree with President Roosevelt on the Schley case, but everybody will agree with his declaration that it is time to stop it.

Some Democrats are now claiming the election result in Pittsburg as a Democratic victory. Some Democrats have cheek enough for anything.

Anarchists are reported to have stirred up the trouble at Barcelona. Of course they were in a safe place when the bullets began to fly.

The war taxes passed in 1898 to meet the cost of a foreign conflict are to be wholly wiped out in 1902. It takes good management to accomplish such financial feats.

Democratic politics are at present in a condition of chaos, says Jones, of the Democratic national committee. Jones ought to know.

Prince Henry is to visit congress. Probably the Democrats will see to it that Wheeler is not on exhibition on that day.

Wooster university, thanks to generous donors, will be better off than it was before the fire.

With eggs at present prices, the hen bids fair to eclipse the eagle as the proud American bird.

OBITUARY

Miss Frances A. Riddle.

Miss Frances Amelia Riddle died at her home, Commerce and Fifth streets, Wellsville, yesterday afternoon. She was stricken with paralysis Wednesday and having been attacked two years ago in a similar manner it was the cause of her death. She was a daughter of the late J. A. Riddle, a prominent Wellsville citizen. She was 60 years of age and is survived by one sister, Mrs. Asa Shepard, who resides in Wellsville. Her brother, Major Riddle, was a noted soldier, after whom Riddle lodge of Masons in East Liverpool was named. The funeral will be held at the late home by Rev. C. E. Clark Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in Spring Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Margaret N. Taggart.

Mrs. Margaret Norris Taggart, aged 69 years, died Friday morning at her home in Yellow Creek township after a lingerous illness of two years. She was the wife of the late George Taggart, who died ten years ago. Her survivors are four daughters, Mrs. J. C. Hamilton, Hancock county, W. Va.; Mrs. Eli Cope, Brush Creek; Mrs. Harry Mansfield, East Liverpool; Mrs. Melvin Clark, Yellow Creek, and three sons, Columbus and George, of Yellow Creek, and Edward, of Empire. The funeral will occur Sunday at 10 a. m. and burial will be made in Oak Ridge cemetery.

Mrs. Susan M. Whitacre.

Susan McCauley Whitacre, widow of the late Thomas F. Whitacre, died at the home of her son Edward in Wellsville yesterday. She was born in 1822 and in 1846 married Thomas W. Whitacre, at Hanoverton. In 1851 they opened a hotel at Wellsville and continued the business over 20 years. The husband, who was a lieutenant in Company F, 104th O. V. I., died in 1884. Of six children born to them three survive, Lizzie, Edward G. and Mrs. Mary S. Bean. Funeral Monday at 2 p. m.

Death of an Infant.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Bright, of College street, died this morning. The funeral services will be held tomorrow.

AT THE THEATER

The ushers of the Grand opera house yesterday closed negotiations with Arthur C. Aisten for the production of his new play, "At the Old Cross Roads," in this city March 17. The play is making a decided impression wherever it has been rendered, and it was only secured for this date upon a very large guarantee.

Feeding the Cobras.

The keepers of the big cobras in the Central park menagerie and the New York zoological garden do not find it easy to supply their venomous charges with the kind of food that they specially prefer. In their native land cobras live chiefly on smaller and less dangerous and objectionable snakes, but although every effort is made to collect harmless snakes to satisfy the appetite of the imprisoned cobras at some seasons they have to be content with rats and mice, which they do not particularly like. Other varieties of captive snakes are fed mainly on toads, mice and rabbits. English sparrows are also purchased for them.

Eating an Orange.

When oranges are cut across and eaten with a spoon somewhat of their naturalness seems gone. It is an artificial way of eating this fruit, but often proves the most convenient. The way in which the juice flies is one of the drawbacks to this method. By taking a knife and cutting a little circle around the core in the center this tendency of the juice to fly is largely counteracted. Some fastidious people never cut their oranges across and never use a spoon, but instead cut them in eighths with the skin on and sip the juice from these little portions.

His Hope.

"I hope," said the serious man, "that you haven't been betting on the races."

"I hope so, too," said the young man with the red necktie and the restless eye. "I hope I will wake up tomorrow and find out that the whole thing was a wild dream, but there's no use hoping."—Washington Star.

WESTERN PLANTS

(Continued from First Page.)

cities is really annoying to buyers en route to New York. They are also told that the expense of showing in Pittsburg is a considerable item. It can hardly be wondered at, when it is considered that the source of the information is anything but reliable. Behind it is couched a bid for all buyers to go to New York to see the importers' stock before they buy all they require from the domestic manufacturers. Buyers are fast awakening to the fact that they can be satisfied in all their requirements from the home manufacturer and that New York is not a manufacturing city, particularly with reference to pottery.

An order has been placed with a local foundry for all the machinery that will be used in the new pottery being built at New Brighton. This includes presses, plungers, glaze mills and jiggers. The order is now being filled and will be shipped to the new plant within a few weeks. There will be no lathers used, and all the cups that will be made will be finished by sponging.

At the Union a number of changes will be made during the next few weeks. An order has been placed for a new plunger and press, and these are expected to be installed next week. Workmen are now engaged making room for the new machinery and after it is installed and the engine repaired, this plant will be able to turn out more ware than ever before.

Owing to the crowded condition of the warerooms of the West End pottery, it has become necessary within the past few days to erect a number of new bins, which are located near the office. President Ashbaugh has announced that no ware is being made for stock, all being shipped as fast as it is taken from the kilns.

The fillers-in and decalcomania workers have arranged for a meeting to be held in the Knights of Columbus hall next Wednesday evening. It is expected that plans will be arranged at the meeting for the organization of the trade into the Brotherhood.

A meeting of the handlemakers and finishers will be held this evening in the upper rooms of the Citizen's National bank building. This is one of the youngest organizations in the city and the boys have every chance of becoming a branch of the National Brotherhood.

The arbitration committee held a meeting last night with Secretary Duffy, Treasurer Wood and Shell Moore, Messrs. Keffer, Stamm, Vodrey present. A number of questions were discussed and two disputes settled.

A new sagger will be used at the Union within a short time. It will be a double machine with extra ribs. The idea of placing cups in a pyramid style in the old saggers will be done away with after the new saggers are in use.

The most important business transacted by packers' local No. 25 last evening was the first nomination of convention delegates. The nominations will close next week and the election held the first meeting in March.

So great is the demand for saggers that the Potters' Supply company is rushed to the limit. It is said that if there was more room more workmen would be employed, but as it is, all the saggers possible are now being made.

George Horner, bench boss at the Buckeye pottery, who has been ill at his home on Calcutta for a week, is expected to be able to return to his bench Monday. He has been suffering with a severe attack of cramps.

The sanitary pressers' union at Trenton has decided to introduce a resolution at the coming annual convention of the Brotherhood, to be held here in May, asking for uniform conditions in their branch of the trade

Dippers' local No. 18 met in regular session last night. The organization is entitled to two delegates to the national convention and four names were placed in nomination. The election will take place in two weeks.

Two cars of ware are being packed at the Glove, a branch of the East Liverpool Potteries company. Orders for ware at this plant are coming in at a rapid rate.

Tice Williams, a kilnman at the Laughlin No. 1, who has been ill with typhoid fever for several weeks, has recovered and expects to resume work Monday.

Bazil Vogle, formerly of the biscuit crew of the Goodwin plant, has taken a similar position at the Buckeye. All the members of this crew were formerly employes of the Goodwin pottery, with but two exceptions.

Alvin Huff, a glost kilnman at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery, has purchased a fast driving horse. He expects to place it on the county tracks during the coming racing season.

The first decorating kiln at the Thomas plant at Lisbon was drawn Wednesday, and it is announced that the firm is well pleased with the results. Most all departments are working.

The Chelsea, at New Cumberland, has been having considerable trouble with the water supply and the company is figuring on getting its supply from the city water works.

John Boulton, of Chester, a dipper at the Laughlin No. 1, has such a severe cold that it is affecting his voice, He can scarcely talk above a whisper.

Fred House, a kilnman at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery, has resigned his position and has taken another at the Taylor, Smith & Taylor plant.

Warehousemen's local No. 48 last evening practically dispensed with the business of the session, the members giving a dance.

Harry H. Meanor, a kilnman at Laughlin's No. 2, is ill at his home in the East End with a severe attack of rheumatism.

A new dinner set of 112 pieces is being modoled in this city for the new pottery that is in course of erection at Buffalo.

Neal Laird, a kilnman at the Union, has been unable to work for several days on account of an injury to his back.

Several cars of ware are being packed at the Wallace & Chetwynd plant for western shipment.

It is rumored the American Sewer Pipe company will use its plant at Penrith for clay grinding.

Owing to a shortage of gas several of the river potteries were running on half time yesterday.

The Roseville Pottery company has increased its capital stock from $100,000 to $300,000.

New pumps have been ordered and will be put in at once at the Chelsea.

Otto Holland, a mould runner at the Diamond, is ill.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

F. A. Poland was in Beaver on business yesterday.

Ex-Senator W. V. Blake came home from Columbus, to remain over Sunday.

Alexander Ross, of Iowa, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lochlin Ross, in the East End.

F. L. Bradley, clerk of the circuit court of Hancock county, and Sheriff C. F. Allison, both of New Cumberland, are in the city today.

Miss Milmay Jamison, of Indiana county, Pa., who has been visiting F. A. Poland, of Third street, for several weeks, returned to her home today.

Mrs. John Elliott, of Sebring, is ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Robert Hollinger, of Fourth street, suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism. She is unable to move her left arm.

William Sheppard, who returned to this city a few days ago from Cuba, where he had served three years in the army, left this morning for Marietta, where he will visit relatives for a week, after which he will return to this city.

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS IN REBELLION BARRED.

Mansfield, O., Feb. 22.—One hundred and thirty high school pupils here in rebellion against the orders of the board of education forbidding the wearing of class colors were locked out from school. Nearly all wore colors in open defiance. A few who did not wear colors were admitted to their classes. The doors and windows of the high school building were smeared with black paint during the night.

Passed Indian Appropriation Bill.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The house yesterday passed the Indian appropriation bill. No amendments of importance were attached to it yesterday. The latter part of the session was devoted to the consideration of private claims bills, a number of which were passed.

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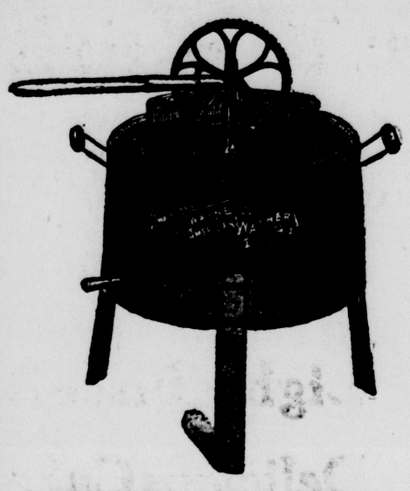

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WE have a full line of heavy team and express harness made up in different styles and sizes. We guarantee the quality and make equal to the best. This stock was bought early last fall before the advance and we are in a position to make you a very low price. Will be pleased to show you the goods and quote you prices.

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Shorthand. Typewriting and Common Branches thoroughly taught.

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Col. Co. Phone 170. Bell Phone 169-2.

F. T. WEAVER, B. C. S., Sec'y. and Bus. M'gr.
J. H. WEAVER, M. S., Pres.

Red Rough Hands Are made smooth and all soreness removed by wearing RUBBER GLOVES while doing the housework. Ask to see them at

CHARLES F. CRAIG'S

DRUGGIST

S. W. Corner Market and Fifth Street.

Willing to Help.

"John," she whispered, "there's a burglar in the parlor. He just bumped against the piano and struck several keys."

"You don't say! I'll go right down," said he.

"Oh, John, don't do anything rash!"

"Rash? Why, I'm going to help him. You don't suppose he can remove that piano from the house without assistance, do you?"—Philadelphia Press.

Neil House

Columbus, Ohio.

Opposite State House.

American Plan. European Plan.

Geo. H. Hopper, Mgr.

Chapped Rough Skin

Our lotion

"Cream of Roses"

is very healing.

The best thing out for chapped hands, say those who use it. It is absorbed quickly and does not soil gloves or any fabric when worn immediately after its application. It helps to make the skin soft and smooth and is certainly a fine addition to any lady's toilet.

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The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by

EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

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Editorial Room.....No. 346

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the EVENING NEWS REVIEW January 1, 1902, TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY (2,250).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE (1,373) subscribers.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL E. LIVERPOOL, O.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902.

TWELVE PAGES.

The Mormon question is not dead. Indications are not wanting that the conflict, which it was fondly hoped, had been for ever settled, must be renewed, or that relic of barbarism, polygamy, will continue to flourish. It will be harder to hit the polygamists of Utah now than it was while they were a territory. The state government and state courts are controlled by the Mormons. All Mormons never were polygamists. Those who were polygamists were understood to have given up polygamy before Utah entered statehood in 1896. The renunciation of that practice permanently was made a condition precedent to the erection of Utah into a state. The state-makers pledged themselves to prevent polygamy afterward, and to extirpate it if it should arise in their state. The country took the Mormons at their word, which, it now appears, they have no compunctions in violating. The disposition of the country toward polygamy was plainly revealed when public sentiment kept Brigham Roberts out of congress. That same sentiment is continually strengthening and Mormons had best prepare to renounce polygamy anew or to emigrate from America.

There are other lines than industry and commerce in which America leads. The last United States educational report for 1899 shows that there were for that year a total of 21,801 American women in the colleges of this country. Of these there were 16,966 in the 337 co-educational colleges, 3,799 in eleven independent women's colleges, and 1,056 in affiliated women's colleges. The number of women graduated annually from American colleges is about 2,800. Women form 27.4 per cent of all the students in American colleges. In Great Britain they form only 12.05 per cent and in 1899 they numbered 3,550.

The house of representatives of Ohio has passed a bill raising the tax on cigarettes and cigarette wrappers and prohibiting absolutely the sale of either of these articles to boys under 20 years of age. Any action that will banish the death-dealing paper rolls or restrict their use will meet with popular approval. Meantime, it is well for all to remember that cigarettes do not harm those who keep away from them.

The Ohio house of representatives goes on record as favoring the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people. The plan has been endorsed by a majority of state legislatures, by conventions representing every shade of political belief and by friends of reform generally. The change is bound to come.

Prince Henry is welcome. Uncle Sam's latchstring has always been out to respectable visitors. A churlish lack of hospitality has not been and never will be one of his traits.

Everybody may not agree with President Roosevelt on the Schley case, but everybody will agree with his declaration that it is time to stop it.

Some Democrats are now claiming the election result in Pittsburg as a Democratic victory. Some Democrats have cheek enough for anything.

Anarchists are reported to have stirred up the trouble at Barcelona. Of course they were in a safe place when the bullets began to fly.

The war taxes passed in 1898 to meet the cost of a foreign conflict are to be wholly wiped out in 1902. It takes good management to accomplish such financial feats.

Democratic politics are at present in a condition of chaos, says Jones, of the Democratic national committee. Jones ought to know.

Prince Henry is to visit congress. Probably the Democrats will see to it that Wheeler is not on exhibition on that day.

Wooster university, thanks to generous donors, will be better off than it was before the fire.

With eggs at present prices, the hen bids fair to eclipse the eagle as the proud American bird.

OBITUARY

Miss Frances A. Riddle.

Miss Frances Amelia Riddle died at her home, Commerce and Fifth streets, Wellsville, yesterday afternoon. She was stricken with paralysis Wednesday and having been attacked two years ago in a similar manner it was the cause of her death. She was a daughter of the late J. A. Riddle, a prominent Wellsville citizen. She was 60 years of age and is survived by one sister, Mrs Asa Shepard, who resides in Wellsville. Her brother, Major Riddle, was a noted soldier, after whom Riddle lodge of Masons in East Liverpool was named. The funeral will be held at the late home by Rev. C. E. Clark Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in Spring Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Margaret N. Taggart.

Mrs. Margaret Norris Taggart, aged 69 years, died Friday morning at her home in Yellow Creek township after a lingerous illness of two years. She was the wife of the late George Taggart, who died ten years ago. Her survivors are four daughters, Mrs. J. C. Hamilton, Hancock county, W. Va.; Mrs. Eli Cope, Brush Creek; Mrs. Harry Mansfield, East Liverpool; Mrs. Melvin Clark, Yellow Creek, and three sons, Columbus and George, of Yellow Creek, and Edward, of Empire. The funeral will occur Sunday at 10 a. m. and burial will be made in Oak Ridge cemetery.

Mrs. Susan M. Whitacre.

Susan McCauley Whitacre, widow of the late Thomas F. Whitacre, died at the home of her son Edward in Wellsville yesterday. She was born in 1822 and in 1846 married Thomas W. Whitacre, at Hanoverton. In 1851 they opened a hotel at Wellsville and continued the business over 20 years. The husband, who was a lieutenant in Company F, 104th O. V. I., died in 1884. Of six children born to them three survive, Lizzie, Edward G. and Mrs. Mary S. Bean. Funeral Monday at 2 p. m.

Death of an Infant.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Bright, of College street, died this morning. The funeral services will be held tomorrow.

AT THE THEATER

The ushers of the Grand opera house yesterday closed negotiations with Arthur C. Aisten for the production of his new play, "At the Old Cross Roads," in this city March 17. The play is making a decided impression wherever it has been rendered, and it was only secured for this date upon a very large guarantee.

Feeding the Cobras.

The keepers of the big cobras in the Central park menagerie and the New York zoological garden do not find it easy to supply their venomous charges with the kind of food that they specially prefer. In their native land cobras live chiefly on smaller and less dangerous and objectionable snakes, but although every effort is made to collect harmless snakes to satisfy the appetite of the imprisoned cobras at some seasons they have to be content with rats and mice, which they do not particularly like. Other varieties of captive snakes are fed mainly on toads, mice and rabbits. English sparrows are also purchased for them.

Eating an Orange.

When oranges are cut across and eaten with a spoon somewhat of their naturalness seems gone. It is an artificial way of eating this fruit, but often proves the most convenient. The way in which the juice flies is one of the drawbacks to this method. By taking a knife and cutting a little circle around the core in the center this tendency of the juice to fly is largely counteracted. Some fastidious people never cut their oranges across and never use a spoon, but instead cut them in eighths with the skin on and sip the juice from these little portions.

His Hope.

"I hope," said the serious man, "that you haven't been betting on the races."

"I hope so, too," said the young man with the red necktie and the restless eye. "I hope I will wake up tomorrow and find out that the whole thing was a wild dream, but there's no use hoping."—Washington Star.

WESTERN PLANTS

(Continued from First Page.)

cities is really annoying to buyers en route to New York. They are also told that the expense of showing in Pittsburg is a considerable item. It can hardly be wondered at, when it is considered that the source of the information is anything but reliable. Behind it is couched a bid for all buyers to go to New York to see the importers' stock before they buy all they require from the domestic manufacturers. Buyers are fast awakening to the fact that they can be satisfied in all their requirements from the home manufacturer and that New York is not a manufacturing city, particularly with reference to pottery.

An order has been placed with a local foundry for all the machinery that will be used in the new pottery being built at New Brighton. This includes presses, plungers, glaze mills and jiggers. The order is now being filled and will be shipped to the new plant within a few weeks. There will be no lathers used, and all the cups that will be made will be finished by sponging.

At the Union a number of changes will be made during the next few weeks. An order has been placed for a new plunger and press, and these are expected to be installed next week. Workmen are now engaged making room for the new machinery and after it is installed and the engine repaired, this plant will be able to turn out more ware than ever before.

Owing to the crowded condition of the warerooms of the West End pottery, it has become necessary within the past few days to erect a number of new bins, which are located near the office. President Ashbaugh has announced that no ware is being made for stock, all being shipped as fast as it is taken from the kilns.

The fillers-in and decalcomania workers have arranged for a meeting to be held in the Knights of Columbus hall next Wednesday evening. It is expected that plans will be arranged at the meeting for the organization of the trade into the Brotherhood.

A meeting of the handlemakers and finishers will be held this evening in the upper rooms of the Citizen's National bank building. This is one of the youngest organizations in the city and the boys have every chance of becoming a branch of the National Brotherhood.

The arbitration committee held a meeting last night with Secretary Duffy, Treasurer Wood and Shell Moore, Messrs. Keffer, Stamm, Vodrey present. A number of questions were discussed and two disputes settled.

A new sagger will be used at the Union within a short time. It will be a double machine with extra ribs. The idea of placing cups in a pyramid style in the old saggers will be done away with after the new saggers are in use.

The most important business transacted by packers' local No. 25 last evening was the first nomination of convention delegates. The nominations will close next week and the election held the first meeting in March.

So great is the demand for saggers that the Potters' Supply company is rushed to the limit. It is said that if there was more room more workmen would be employed, but as it is, all the saggers possible are now being made.

George Horner, bench boss at the Buckeye pottery, who has been ill at his home on Calcutta for a week, is expected to be able to return to his bench Monday. He has been suffering with a severe attack of cramps.

The sanitary pressers' union at Trenton has decided to introduce a resolution at the coming annual convention of the Brotherhood, to be held here in May, asking for uniform conditions in their branch of the trade

Dippers' local No. 18 met in regular session last night. The organization is entitled to two delegates to the national convention and four names were placed in nomination. The election will take place in two weeks.

Two cars of ware are being packed at the Glove, a branch of the East Liverpool Potteries company. Orders for ware at this plant are coming in at a rapid rate.

Tice Williams, a kilnman at the Laughlin No. 1, who has been ill with typhoid fever for several weeks, has recovered and expects to resume work Monday.

Bazil Vogle, formerly of the biscuit crew of the Goodwin plant, has taken a similar position at the Buckeye. All the members of this crew were formerly employes of the Goodwin pottery, with but two exceptions.

Alvin Huff, a glost kilnman at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery, has purchased a fast driving horse. He expects to place it on the county tracks during the coming racing season.

The first decorating kiln at the Thomas plant at Lisbon was drawn Wednesday, and it is announced that the firm is well pleased with the results. Most all departments are working.

The Chelsea, at New Cumberland, has been having considerable trouble with the water supply and the company is figuring on getting its supply from the city water works.

John Boulton, of Chester, a dipper at the Laughlin No. 1, has such a severe cold that it is affecting his voice, He can scarcely talk above a whisper.

Fred House, a kilnman at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery, has resigned his position and has taken another at the Taylor, Smith & Taylor plant.

Warehousemen's local No. 48 last evening practically dispensed with the business of the session, the members giving a dance.

Harry H. Meanor, a kilnman at Laughlin's No. 2, is ill at his home in the East End with a severe attack of rheumatism.

A new dinner set of 112 pieces is being modoled in this city for the new pottery that is in course of erection at Buffalo.

Neal Laird, a kilnman at the Union, has been unable to work for several days on account of an injury to his back.

Several cars of ware are being packed at the Wallace & Chetwynd plant for western shipment.

It is rumored the American Sewer Pipe company will use its plant at Penrith for clay grinding.

Owing to a shortage of gas several of the river potteries were running on half time yesterday.

The Roseville Pottery company has increased its capital stock from $100,000 to $300,000.

New pumps have been ordered and will be put in at once at the Chelsea.

Otto Holland, a mould runner at the Diamond, is ill.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

F. A. Poland was in Beaver on business yesterday.

Ex-Senator W. V. Blake came home from Columbus, to remain over Sunday.

Alexander Ross, of Iowa, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lochlin Ross, in the East End.

F. L. Bradley, clerk of the circuit court of Hancock county, and Sheriff C. F. Allison, both of New Cumberland, are in the city today.

Miss Milmay Jamison, of Indiana county, Pa., who has been visiting F. A. Poland, of Third street, for several weeks, returned to her home today.

Mrs. John Elliott, of Sebring, is ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Robert Hollinger, of Fourth street, suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism. She is unable to move her left arm.

William Sheppard, who returned to this city a few days ago from Cuba, where he had served three years in the army, left this morning for Marietta, where he will visit relatives for a week, after which he will return to this city.

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS IN REBELLION BARRED.

Mansfield, O., Feb. 22.—One hundred and thirty high school pupils here in rebellion against the orders of the board of education forbidding the wearing of class colors were locked out from school. Nearly all wore colors in open defiance. A few who did not wear colors were admitted to their classes. The doors and windows of the high school building were smeared with black paint during the night.

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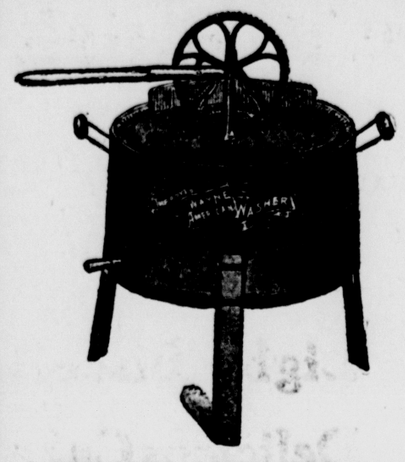

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in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook" — most practical and valuable of cook books — free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

SOUTH SIDE

IMPROVED ROADS

Movement on Foot for Paving Between New Cumberland And Fairview.

There a move on foot in New Cumberland to have the road between that town and Fairview paved. A meeting will be called next week for the purpose of considering the project. The distance is three miles, and it is said with the road paved the trip could be made in 20 minutes.

The county court at New Cumberland appointed three members of the court last week to investigate the petion filed by John R. Scott, and others by which they hope to have the road changed known as the Liverpool and Kendall road, between a point near the residence of Mr. Scott and Hookstown road.

Oil Business Active.

Reports from the Turkeyfoot oil region state that the Kisadden oil company drilled in a five barrel well on the Deemer farm. Allender & Company drilled in a six barrel well on the Cunningham farm. Dr. Cooper of New Cumberland has bought R. E. Brandon's interest in the Whitehill oil company. The Duquesne oil company of Pittsburg is leasing land and will drill a well within a few weeks.

U. P. Church Services.

Rev. W. B. Gillis will hold the regular services at the U. P. church tomorrow. In the morning he will preach on "What the World Thinks of Christ," and in the evening on "Watch, Lest Ye Enter Into Temptation."

Boiler House Burned.

A boiler house owned by E. A. Freshwater, and located near his oil wells in the Turkeyfoot region, caught fire and was completely consumed. The loss entailed was about $200. The oil tanks escaped.

New Engine for Water Works.

A new engine is being placed in the water works power house. It is a large one and will help materially in furnishing the power needed for the pumping of the water to the reservoir.

Entertained Friends.

Miss Eva Riley pleasantly entertained a number of friends at her home on Fairview street last evening. A number of social games were played and a choice luncheon enjoyed.

Test Well Nearly Finished.

Silas Mercer stated this morning that the well being drilled on his farm near Kendall has reached a depth of 900 feet and will be ready for a shot next week.

CHESTER NOTES.

Henry Williams, of East Jalestine, is visiting relatives.

The records in the court house at New Cumberland show that there were 17 births and 6 deaths in Chester during the year 1901.

Tilda, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Allison, New Cumberland, is recovering slowly from her illness with scarlet fever.

The funeral of Mrs. James Mills, who died Wednesday evening, occurred yesterday afternoon at Fairview with Rev. David Greene in charge. The remains were interred in Fairview cemetery.

William Moore, a farmer living on the Thomas Cunningham farm, and Miss Anna Allison, of New Cumberland, were married by Rev. H. M. Carnahan. The couple will go to housekeeping immediately.

Landed in Jail for Theft.

Lisbon, Feb. 22 (Special)—Thos. McCann arrived at the jail today. He was bound over by the mayor of Leetonia on a larcency charge. It is claimed he stole clothing from the Leetonia company store.

CALL AT THE NEWS REVIEW OFFICE FOR CANDIDATES' CARDS.

Undignified.

The teaching of cookery in the English board schools is sometimes not appreciated by those who would be most benefited by it. The teacher of one of these schools recently received the following letter of protest: "My Mary Ann is not going to be a servant. I wants her to be a lady, and the less she knows of how to cook victuals the better. When I sent my gal to the board school, I did not expect she was going to be taught undignified things like that."

Look For the Key.

Don't get angry at small things. Look at vexations now as you will view them thirty days from date. The angry man who gets the wrong key and pushes and rattles the door till he breaks the lock loses more time than if he had quietly gone for the right key and pays for a new lock besides.

A Warning.

Whatever be your talents, whatever be your prospects, never speculate away on a chance of a palace that which you may need as a provision against the workhouse.—Bulwer.

Of Interest To Mill Workers

We have about 13 houses in Chester which we can sell you at prices and terms to suit, and can give you possession in 30 days. All of these houses are complete in every particular, with all modern conveniences. Prices from $1650 upwards. For further information, call or address

Geo. H. Owen & Co.,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

Offices :—First National Bank Building. East Liverpool, Ohio. Opposite Rock Springs Park entrance, Chester, W. Va. Both 'Phones 49.

WELLSVILLE

DAMAGE SUIT

FOR AUGUST MICK'S INJURIES MAY BE WITHDRAWN.

Disposition Shown to Compromise the $50,000 for a Boy's Injuries.

The $50,000 damage suit filed against the city, the telephone company and the United Power company by Charles Mick and which is set for trial at Lisbon next Tuesday, may be withdrawn before the opening of court on that day. A prominent attorney employed on the case stated last evening that the defense is endeavoring to make a settlement with the injured lad. It is said that the defense is willing and will be glad to settle by the payment of $15,000.

Had the plaintiff been of mature years the defense could make a strong argument, but under the circumstances there seems to be nothing connected with the case that the attorneys for the defense can apply that will prevent a judgment and hence they are endeavoring for a settlement.

Last August Mick, who is 12 years of age, was playing in the watering trough on the Lisbon road near the East End bridge, when his hands came in contact with a telephone wire which had fallen into the water and which was filled with electricity supplied by a feed wire belonging to the United Power company.

The boy's right hand was burned off at the wrist and his left hand permanently injured. As a result he will during the remainder of his life be almost helpless. According to the laws of the state anyone of the three can be held responsible for the injury sustained by him. The power company is liable in that the feed wire should have been insulated, the telephone company in that its wire should not be placed in such a position that it could come in contact with the feed wire and the city in that the accident was partially due to the gross negligence of the street inspector.

If the case comes up for trial the following prominent attorneys will fight the battle: For the plaintiff, William Anderson, of Youngstown; W. F. Lones and Charles Boyd, of Wellsville. For defendant, J. R. Carey, Salem; Judge Wells and Prosecutor Brookes, Lisbon, and F. L. Wells, Wellsville.

NEW ERA CLUB

A Most Interesting Meeting at Which Valuable Papers Were Read.

Miss Dreta Frazier was the leader at the meeting of the New Era club which was held at the home of Miss Grace Parke, Main street, last evening. The quotations spoken by each member were from Irving. A paper on the "Monroe Doctrine," read by Miss Lillian Barron, was well prepared and very interesting, as was the paper on the "Kansas-Nebraska Bill," read by Miss Blanche Butler.

The club lesson was taken from the constitutional period, 1817-1861. Miss Parke, the hostess, served light refreshments and the evening throughout was highly enjoyed.

THROUGH A TRAP DOOR

Mrs. Jonathan Gloss Fell Into a Cellar And Was Terribly Injured.

Mrs. Jonathan Gloss lies at her home on Commerce street with small hopes of recovery as the result of a terrible accident which occurred Thursday evening. She had gone to L. D. Miller's meat market to call upon Mr. Miller and was walking to the rear part of the store, intending to go upstairs, when she fell through a trap door into the cellar.

Several persons in the store heard the woman fall and immediately went to her assistance. They found that she was badly hurt and was unable to rise. By the use of a cot and pulleys she was taken from the cellar and thence to her home, where a physician was summoned.

An examination proved that she had broken her right leg in four places and had sustained other injuries.

Miss Gloss is 70 years of age and it is thought the accident will prove fatal.

Tally Cards,
Score Cards,
Playing Cards,
All Sorts of Cards,
Score Counters,
Programme Pencils.

Orders taken for engraving of Cards, Invitations, Programmes, etc., etc.

A complete line of elegant Stationery. : : :

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25 per cent. discount with and extra 10 per cent. off for cash.

In our large Window

you'll see some

Birds' Eye Maple Furniture

that we think pretty nice. See how you like it. Its a special order and will only be here a day or two.

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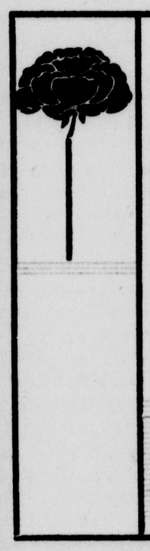
PURE RYE WHISKEY.



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You can pick out the new Carpet any time, as the new styles are now in.

Everything in the way of

FLOOR COVERINGS

In all the newest patterns and colorings. You see more to select from and get the best for the price at

Frank Crook's,

Fifth and Market Streets.

P. S.—Now would be a good time to pick out that Bed Room Suite or any article in Furniture you need.

Woman's Work

in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook" — most practical and valuable of cook books — free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

SOUTH SIDE

IMPROVED ROADS

Movement on Foot for Paving Between New Cumberland And Fairview.

There a move on foot in New Cumberland to have the road between that town and Fairview paved. A meeting will be called next week for the purpose of considering the project. The distance is three miles, and it is said with the road paved the trip could be made in 20 minutes.

The county court at New Cumberland appointed three members of the court last week to investigate the petion filed by John R. Scott, and others by which they hope to have the road changed known as the Liverpool and Kendall road, between a point near the residence of Mr. Scott and Hookstown road.

Oil Business Active.

Reports from the Turkeyfoot oil region state that the Kisadden oil company drilled in a five barrel well on the Deemer farm. Allender & Company drilled in a six barrel well on the Cunningham farm. Dr. Cooper of New Cumberland has bought R. E. Brandon's interest in the Whitehill oil company. The Duquesne oil company of Pittsburg is leasing land and will drill a well within a few weeks.

U. P. Church Services.

Rev. W. B. Gillis will hold the regular services at the U. P. church tomorrow. In the morning he will preach on "What the World Thinks of Christ," and in the evening on "Watch, Lest Ye Enter Into Temptation."

Boiler House Burned.

A boiler house owned by E. A. Freshwater, and located near his oil wells in the Turkeyfoot region, caught fire and was completely consumed. The loss entailed was about $200. The oil tanks escaped.

New Engine for Water Works.

A new engine is being placed in the water works power house. It is a large one and will help materially in furnishing the power needed for the pumping of the water to the reservoir.

Entertained Friends.

Miss Eva Riley pleasantly entertained a number of friends at her home on Fairview street last evening. A number of social games were played and a choice luncheon enjoyed.

Test Well Nearly Finished.

Silas Mercer stated this morning that the well being drilled on his farm near Kendall has reached a depth of 900 feet and will be ready for a shot next week.

CHESTER NOTES.

Henry Williams, of East Jalestine, is visiting relatives.

The records in the court house at New Cumberland show that there were 17 births and 6 deaths in Chester during the year 1901.

Tilda, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Allison, New Cumberland, is recovering slowly from her illness with scarlet fever.

The funeral of Mrs. James Mills, who died Wednesday evening, occurred yesterday afternoon at Fairview with Rev. David Greene in charge. The remains were interred in Fairview cemetery.

William Moore, a farmer living on the Thomas Cunningham farm, and Miss Anna Allison, of New Cumberland, were married by Rev. H. M. Carnahan. The couple will go to housekeeping immediately.

Landed in Jail for Theft.

Lisbon, Feb. 22 (Special)—Thos. McCann arrived at the jail today. He was bound over by the mayor of Leetonia on a larcency charge. It is claimed he stole clothing from the Leetonia company store.

CALL AT THE NEWS REVIEW OFFICE FOR CANDIDATES' CARDS.

Undignified.

The teaching of cookery in the English board schools is sometimes not appreciated by those who would be most benefited by it. The teacher of one of these schools recently received the following letter of protest: "My Mary Ann is not going to be a servant. I wants her to be a lady, and the less she knows of how to cook victuals the better. When I sent my gal to the board school, I did not expect she was going to be taught undignified things like that."

Look For the Key.

Don't get angry at small things. Look at vexations now as you will view them thirty days from date. The angry man who gets the wrong key and pushes and rattles the door till he breaks the lock loses more time than if he had quietly gone for the right key and pays for a new lock besides.

A Warning.

Whatever be your talents, whatever be your prospects, never speculate away on a chance of a palace that which you may need as a provision against the workhouse.—Bulwer.

Of Interest To Mill Workers

We have about 13 houses in Chester which we can sell you at prices and terms to suit, and can give you possession in 30 days. All of these houses are complete in every particular, with all modern conveniences. Prices from $1650 upwards.
For further information, call or address

Geo. H. Owen & Co.,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

Offices :—First National Bank Building. East Liverpool, Ohio.
Opposite Rock Springs Park entrance, Chester, W. Va.
Both 'Phones 49.

WELLSVILLE

DAMAGE SUIT

FOR AUGUST MICK'S INJURIES MAY BE WITHDRAWN.

Disposition Shown to Compromise the $50,000 for a Boy's Injuries.

The $50,000 damage suit filed against the city, the telephone company and the United Power company by Charles Mick and which is set for trial at Lisbon next Tuesday, may be withdrawn before the opening of court on that day. A prominent attorney employed on the case stated last evening that the defense is endeavoring to make a settlement with the injured lad. It is said that the defense is willing and will be glad to settle by the payment of $15,000.

Had the plaintiff been of mature years the defense could make a strong argument, but under the circumstances there seems to be nothing connected with the case that the attorneys for the defense can apply that will prevent a judgment and hence they are endeavoring for a settlement.

Last August Mick, who is 12 years of age, was playing in the watering trough on the Lisbon road near the East End bridge, when his hands came in contact with a telephone wire which had fallen into the water and which was filled with electricity supplied by a feed wire belonging to the United Power company.

The boy's right hand was burned off at the wrist and his left hand permanently injured. As a result he will during the remainder of his life be almost helpless. According to the laws of the state anyone of the three can be held responsible for the injury sustained by him. The power company is liable in that the feed wire should have been insulated, the telephone company in that its wire should not be placed in such a position that it could come in contact with the feed wire and the city in that the accident was partially due to the gross negligence of the street inspector.

If the case comes up for trial the following prominent attorneys will fight the battle: For the plaintiff, William Anderson, of Youngstown; W. F. Lones and Charles Boyd, of Wellsville. For defendant, J. R. Carey, Salem; Judge Wells and Prosecutor Brookes, Lisbon, and F. L. Wells, Wellsville.

NEW ERA CLUB

A Most Interesting Meeting at Which Valuable Papers Were Read.

Miss Dreta Frazier was the leader at the meeting of the New Era club which was held at the home of Miss Grace Parke, Main street, last evening. The quotations spoken by each member were from Irving. A paper on the "Monroe Doctrine," read by Miss Lillian Barron, was well prepared and very interesting, as was the paper on the "Kansas-Nebraska Bill," read by Miss Blanche Butler.

The club lesson was taken from the constitutional period, 1817-1861. Miss Parke, the hostess, served light refreshments and the evening throughout was highly enjoyed.

THROUGH A TRAP DOOR

Mrs. Jonathan Gloss Fell Into a Cellar And Was Terribly Injured.

Mrs. Jonathan Gloss lies at her home on Commerce street with small hopes of recovery as the result of a terrible accident which occurred Thursday evening. She had gone to L. D. Miller's meat market to call upon Mr. Miller and was walking to the rear part of the store, intending to go upstairs, when she fell through a trap door into the cellar.

Several persons in the store heard the woman fall and immediately went to her assistance. They found that she was badly hurt and was unable to rise. By the use of a cot and pulleys she was taken from the cellar and thence to her home, where a physician was summoned.

An examination proved that she had broken her right leg in four places and had sustained other injuries.

Miss Gloss is 70 years of age and it is thought the accident will prove fatal.

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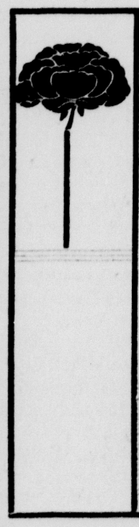

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NO CHANGE DESIRED

Ohio Republican Congressmen Reported Against the Redistricting Plan.

LEGISLATURE MAY COMPLY

Opposition to the Willis And Cole Taxation Measures—A Corporation Bill Filled With Possibilities. Legislative Review.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—[Special.]—It becomes more evident every day that there will be no redistricting of the state. The Democrats are practically a unit in their decision to support any measure which leaves the districts as they are, and to their strength at least enough Republicans can probably be added to give a majority of both the house and senate. This Democratic desire to leave the districts as they are comes from the fact that if any attempt at redistricting is made the result will be to give a less representation in congress than they have now. They are content to leave well enough alone. A very potent element against the redistricting plan are the Republican congressmen now at Washington, excepting probably Nevins of the Third and Tompkins of the Twelfth districts. The closeness of the two districts and the difficulty with which Republicans are elected from them would make any change increasing the chances of Republican success most agreeable. But outside of these, the Republican congressmen are so comfortably situated and election comes so easy after nomination that a change could not work to the betterment of their condition. Consequently, they are fighting the proposed redistricting through their members of the legislature and the effect of their work is being felt. Still another factor against any switching in the districts is George B. Cox of Cincinnati, who by virtue of the thirteen votes from Hamilton county is able to exert a most powerful influence. As a very positive indication of the way in which sentiment is moving, an informal caucus of the Republicans, Wednesday night, may be taken. At this caucus, attended by all but three of the Republican senators, the matter was fully discussed, and on a later vote a clear majority declared themselves as against any change.

* * *

Despite the loyal support being given the Cole and Willis taxation measures by the administration, the chances favoring their passage are much less than a week ago, and this is especially true of the Willis measure. This imposes a tax of one-tenth of one per cent upon the authorized capital stock of domestic private corporations and a similar tax upon private foreign corporations. To the latter, however, the tax is assessed only upon the proportion of the stock represented in Ohio. No law introduced in any legislature within recent years has excited such bitter and virulent opposition. Delegations from nearly every city in the state have been or are coming to Columbus to protest against its passage. The claim is made that the bill, if passed, will drive capital from the state and force many corporations back into partnerships, and that in consequence of all this, the very object at which the bill is aimed, the reduction of the state levy, will not be attained. The earnestness of the arguments presented, as well as the number and character of the men who have been here, has weakened the allegiance of many Republicans and led them to doubt the propriety of being bound by a party caucus on the strength of the claim that the bill is a party measure. Another caucus to consider the bill has been called for Monday evening, and at that time an effort will be made to pass a resolution pledging the support of all Republicans to the proposed legislation. In view of this, several of the house members have expressed a purpose to remain away in order that they cannot be considered as parties to the agreement. If the bill does finally pass, an immediate test of its constitutionality will be made in the supreme court, and its opponents express themselves as having no fear of the result of such a hearing. The opposition to the Cole bill, increasing the tax on the gross receipts of quasi-public corporations from one-half to one per cent, has not yet made itself shown in such a conspicuous way, yet it is fully as determined. The difference is in the mode of operation. It is not unlikely that the bill will go through, and the corporations are not unwilling that it should, finding contentment and rest from worry in the belief that the supreme court will immediately declare against its validity and that instead of paying a tax of one per cent they will be relieved from paying any.

* * *

The final adjustment of the canal abandonment question will be the appointment of a commission by the governor to investigate the canals and their needs and report back at the next session of the legislature as to what really ought to be done. That is the only practical way now which seems to suggest itself. Although the canals are annually a source of constantly growing expense to the state, there are many who contend this is due to the failure of the state to keep them in such condition as to encourage transportation and that a more liberal appropriation would so increase the revenues as to make them practically self-supporting. Outside of this, hundreds of manufacturers in the state are using the water of the canal as a means of securing power for their plants and are operating under leases from the board of public works. An immediate abandonment would work something of a hardship upon them, if it did not violate the law.

* * *

A somewhat peculiar condition of affairs has been shown through an investigation by the state auditor and attorney general. Several years ago the stockholders of twelve banks in Cleveland refused to pay taxes upon the full value of their bank stocks, claiming they were credits and that, under the law, they were entitled to deduct their debts from them. The matter led to extensive legislation and was finally carried to the United States courts, where the contention of the stockholders was upheld. The banks winning the suits have since been operating under the provisions of that decision. By some oversight the other banks in the state have never taken advantage of the opening to reduce the taxes of their stockholders and have been paying on the full value of their stocks. In order to correct this apparent injustice a bill will be presented to the legislature taking from the Cleveland institutions this immunity and placing them on the same basis as other banks.

* * *

The Painter canal abandonment bill will not be hung up by the house committee on public works. It will be reported back in about two weeks and the battle fought out on the floor As the public works committee is supposed to be made up of friends of the canals, it is hardly probable that it will recommend the bill for passage, but the committee has promised the author of the bill that it will be reported back to the house. It will come back perhaps without recommendation.

* * *

The bill drawn by Allen Ripley Foote, editor of Public Policy and a writer on municipal reforms, which was introduced by Representative Price, proves to be a measure filled with possibilities. Price says he did not know exactly what the bill provided for, but that he introduced it at the request of Foote.

To begin with, it proposes to authorize a species of perpetual franchises for all public service corporations.

Again, it would permit all the public service corporations of a city to consolidate into one gigantic corporation.

Still again, it would authorize a city council to squeeze out of existence all but one corporation in a given line of service.

Still again, it would extend the authority for granting street railway and other franchises now limited by law to twenty-five years, so that they might be granted for an indefinite period and without possibility of them being terminated under thirty-five years.

And still another feature is the making of an opportunity to increase rates for a public corporation every ten years instead of a maximum being fixed to the end of the franchise as now.

The ostensible purpose of the bill is to require all public service corporations granted franchises hereafter to limit its profits to net earnings equal to a per cent on the money invested corresponding to a rate that is double the amount of interest a particular municipality may be required to pay on its bonds. In other words, if the profits should amount to ten per cent and the rate of interest the city in which such company is operating pays on its bonds is four per cent, the public service company would be obliged to reduce the charge it is making to the public to a rate that would produce a profit of only eight per cent.

The bill provides that an accounting for the fixing of rates is to be made every ten years. If it is found that the earnings have not equaled the expenses and double the municipal bond interest in profits, then the rate charged the public is to be increased so that the income will do that. It is a widespread suspicion that corporations now paying a percentage to cities over the state in the shape of an excise have a way of making their earnings appear less than they really are. If this be true, it would not be difficult for them to make out an apparent deficit, except there be confidence by the public in the state auditor, who is made the accounting officer, or the people being shrewd enough to prevent such a fraud.

* * *

The first move in the effort to force public officials to pay fare on railway and electric cars has been taken in the introduction of a bill by Representative Miesel of Cleveland. The measure is stringent in its provisions and, if passed, would at least aid railway officials in solving what is characterized the pass nuisance. Under the provisions of this proposed legislation every public official of town, city or county accepting a pass would immediately, by virtue of that, be abolished from office and it would devolve upon the probate judge to see the edict carried into effect. Realizing that the law would work a hardship upon members of the legislature who are forced to return to their homes often during the session, a provision is added allowing the carfare for a trip a week.

* * *

It has been decided to introduce an amendment to the Willis bill providing that the annual tax on private domestic corporations for the filing of reports with the secretary of state shall be one-tenth of one per cent on the outstanding and paid-up capital stock instead of the authorized capital stock. This is done to avert the claim that Ohio corporations have been discriminated against in favor of foreign. The tax on the latter will remain one-tenth of one per cent on the stock represented in Ohio.

GEO. U. MARVIN.

How Thousands Of Lives May Be Saved

By NATHAN STRAUS, the Millionaire Philanthropist

OUR schools and universities are the finest in the world. We spend millions of dollars annually to prevent intellectual incapacity. Why not treat physical ailments in the same manner? Milk is the only article of food in which disease and death may lurk without giving any suspicion from its taste, smell or appearance. The United States department of agriculture says:

"IT IS ESTIMATED THAT ONE-THIRD OF THE CHILDREN DIE BEFORE THEY ARE THREE YEARS OLD, AND ONE OF THE LEADING CAUSES OF INFANT MORTALITY IS IMPURE MILK.

"Numerous outbreaks of typhoid fever have been reported where there was no doubt about the milk supply being the carrier of the germs. Outbreaks of diphtheria have been traced to milk from farms where diphtheria has been known to exist in the families of the attendants. The same is reported of scarlet fever and cholera. PASTEURIZATION OR STERILIZATION OF MILK IS THE ONLY SAFEGUARD against such dangerous diseases, as this process destroys all the disease germs."

If the pasteurizing of the entire milk supply were made the function of the municipality, it would be an exceedingly clever business investment, for the money expended would be returned a hundredfold. Thousands of infants' lives are needlessly sacrificed annually by impure milk.

Dr. Shakespeare of Philadelphia, an eminent authority, states that nearly if not quite half the deaths in cities in this country are due to that class of diseases which are known to be preventable. Chief among these preventable diseases are the diarrheal disturbances of young children, and the prime agent in the production of these is impure milk. This state of affairs was brought to my attention in 1892. After making a thorough examination of the subject and taking counsel with physicians at home and some who were accepted as authorities in Europe I established a sterilizing laboratory and began the dispensing of pure milk, both in its natural and sterilized form, from one booth in one of the most thickly populated districts of New York city. In 1892 34,400 bottles were distributed, and up to date 596,677 bottles have been dispensed and 812,921 glasses of milk drunk on the premises.

Its results can be more eloquently told by the statistics of the health department than by any words in my vocabulary. That department publishes a table giving the population, deaths and death rate of children under five years of age and shows that the death rate per 1,000 was gradually decreased from 96.5 in 1891 to 62.8 in 1901.

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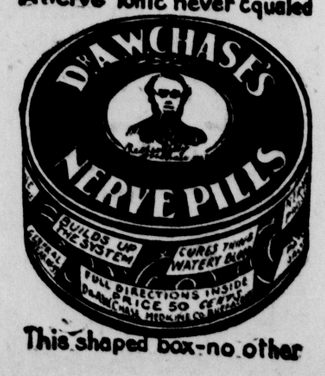
But what of the thousands of infants whose lives pay the penalty of lack of precaution?

A nerve Tonic never Equaled



This shaped box-no other

Question Answered.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop formation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. Your only need a few does of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at Charles F. Craig's, Foutts Blk., East Liverpool, O.

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PROLONGED BY YEARS.

Short Lives Lengthened By Removing Cause of Disease.

Many Glowing Tributes Paid to Blood Wine, The Great French Discovery, Which Cures Colds, Consumption, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, etc.

That "Blood Wine" fully comes up to the expectations of our people is evidenced by the expression of satisfaction from the many who have already given it a test. "If I had to go without some of the necessities of life, I would have 'Blood Wine' in the house," said a certain gentleman living in the northern part of the city. It wards off coughs, colds, indigestion, bowel troubles and a dozen and one other diseases that are apt to attack any one. "A bottle of good medicine always handy is the 'stitch in time' that saves suffering and misery; and this is just the kind of medicine that will do it." To begin away down at the roots of any sickness, what is the first step to be taken? "Purify the blood," is the answer from every physician. Regulate the bowels and purify the blood. Microbes, Bacteria, Bacilli and all kinds of germs float through the system in the blood.

Just stop and reason it out; think of your blood teeming with these myriads of little demons, floating hither and thither like wreckage on a great ocean, to be cast up against the delicate organs of the system where they find lodging places, stay, thrive and breed, perhaps in the lungs, perhaps in the throat, kidneys, heart or tender tissues of the body anywhere. This is the beginning of trouble. Cleanse your blood and you purify the whole system.

With pure blood and a good circulation no one ever contracted consumption or other fatal disease. "Blood Wine" gives new life because it makes new blood. It brings rest and quiet because it soothes the nerves; it creates a good appetite by toning up the digestive organs; it regulates the system by producing healthy, regular operations of the bowels. It kills that tired feeling and makes one feel like running, jumping and exercising; it gives elasticity to the body by acting directly on the muscles and causing them to respond to the mind's dictates. One teaspoonful of "Blood Wine" makes the blood tingle; it is instantaneous in its action and leaves no room for doubt. It contains no wine or opiates.

"Blood Wine" costs fifty cents a bottle but you can sample it at Will Reed and Hodson's drug stores, free of charge. It stands on its own merits; it is the only medicine that has ever been placed on sale with the local dealer authorized to keep a bottle of it always open to be administered to anyone free of cost.

BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family."
WILHELMINA NAGEL,
1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 315

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Diseases of *Skin and Scalp eruptions, eczema, old sores, itching, dandruff, scalds, burns,* quick relief in *Piles.* Clean and cooling. Vegetable antiseptic. 50 cts. Guaranteed.

If your druggist does not keep it, address SAGINE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, O.

For sale by Chas. F. Craig, East Liverpool, O.

FOREIGN LANDS

We issue drafts payable in all the principal cities of Europe. Whenever you have occasion to send money abroad, you can do it through this bank both easily and cheaply.

The Potters National Bank.

Sixth St. 111 Sixth St.

Do you see the number?

HOFMAN
The Jeweler,

has removed his fine store to this new location.

New Goods and Good Goods.

Everything in high grade Jewelry, Watches and Clocks. We stake our reputation on the quality of our wares.

HOFMAN
JEWELER,
Bell 325-2.

HIS mood will then be mellowed and it will be an excellent time, dear madam, for you to point out the advantage of placing at your disposal a separate bank account with which to look after the details of housekeeping.

We solicit Women's Accounts and extend every possible accommodation and courtesy.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.

THE WICKLESS
BLUE FLAME
OIL STOVE
FOR 1902

Which proved its merit last year, is now offered to the trade. If your dealer does not handle it, apply to nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL CO.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

Inform the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or found. The cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper,

The Evening News Review

Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25 cents for a card, write it and mail it, and

You Will Get What You Want

MOTT'S

PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and W. & W. Pharmacy.

NO CHANGE DESIRED

Ohio Republican Congressmen Reported Against the Redistricting Plan.

LEGISLATURE MAY COMPLY

Opposition to the Willis And Cole Taxation Measures—A Corporation Bill Filled With Possibilities. Legislative Review.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—[Special.]—It becomes more evident every day that there will be no redistricting of the state. The Democrats are practically a unit in their decision to support any measure which leaves the districts as they are, and to their strength at least enough Republicans can probably be added to give a majority of both the house and senate. This Democratic desire to leave the districts as they are comes from the fact that if any attempt at redistricting is made the result will be to give a less representation in congress than they have now. They are content to leave well enough alone. A very potent element against the redistricting plan are the Republican congressmen now at Washington, excepting probably Nevins of the Third and Tompkins of the Twelfth districts. The closeness of the two districts and the difficulty with which Republicans are elected from them would make any change increasing the chances of Republican success most agreeable. But outside of these, the Republican congressmen are so comfortably situated and election comes so easy after nomination that a change could not work to the betterment of their condition. Consequently, they are fighting the proposed redistricting through their members of the legislature and the effect of their work is being felt. Still another factor against any switching in the districts is George B. Cox of Cincinnati, who by virtue of the thirteen votes from Hamilton county is able to exert a most powerful influence. As a very positive indication of the way in which sentiment is moving, an informal caucus of the Republicans, Wednesday night, may be taken. At this caucus, attended by all but three of the Republican senators, the matter was fully discussed, and on a later vote a clear majority declared themselves as against any change.

* * *

Despite the loyal support being given the Cole and Willis taxation measures by the administration, the chances favoring their passage are much less than a week ago, and this is especially true of the Willis measure. This imposes a tax of one-tenth of one per cent upon the authorized capital stock of domestic private corporations and a similar tax upon private foreign corporations. To the latter, however, the tax is assessed only upon the proportion of the stock represented in Ohio. No law introduced in any legislature within recent years has excited such bitter and virulent opposition. Delegations from nearly every city in the state have been or are coming to Columbus to protest against its passage. The claim is made that the bill, if passed, will drive capital from the state and force many corporations back into partnerships, and that in consequence of all this, the very object at which the bill is aimed, the reduction of the state levy, will not be attained. The earnestness of the arguments presented, as well as the number and character of the men who have been here, has weakened the allegiance of many Republicans and led them to doubt the propriety of being bound by a party caucus on the strength of the claim that the bill is a party measure. Another caucus to consider the bill has been called for Monday evening, and at that time an effort will be made to pass a resolution pledging the support of all Republicans to the proposed legislation. In view of this, several of the house members have expressed a purpose to remain away in order that they cannot be considered as parties to the agreement. If the bill does finally pass, an immediate test of its constitutionality will be made in the supreme court, and its opponents express themselves as having no fear of the result of such a hearing. The opposition to the Cole bill, increasing the tax on the gross receipts of quasi-public corporations from one-half to one per cent, has not yet made itself shown in such a conspicuous way, yet it is fully as determined. The difference is in the mode of operation. It is not unlikely that the bill will go through, and the corporations are not unwilling that it should, finding contentment and rest from worry in the belief that the supreme court will immediately declare against its validity and that instead of paying a tax of one per cent they will be relieved from paying any.

* * *

The final adjustment of the canal abandonment question will be the appointment of a commission by the governor to investigate the canals and their needs and report back at the next session of the legislature as to what really ought to be done. That is the only practical way now which seems to suggest itself. Although the canals are annually a source of constantly growing expense to the state, there are many who contend this is due to the failure of the state to keep them in such condition as to encourage transportation and that a more liberal appropriation would so increase the revenues as to make them practically self-supporting. Outside of this, hundreds of manufacturers in the state are using the water of the canal as a means of securing power for their plants and are operating under leases from the board of public works. An immediate abandonment would work something of a hardship upon them, if it did not violate the law.

* * *

A somewhat peculiar condition of affairs has been shown through an investigation by the state auditor and attorney general. Several years ago the stockholders of twelve banks in Cleveland refused to pay taxes upon the full value of their bank stocks, claiming they were credits and that, under the law, they were entitled to deduct their debts from them. The matter led to extensive legislation and was finally carried to the United States courts, where the contention of the stockholders was upheld. The banks winning the suits have since been operating under the provisions of that decision. By some oversight the other banks in the state have never taken advantage of the opening to reduce the taxes of their stockholders and have been paying on the full value of their stocks. In order to correct this apparent injustice a bill will be presented to the legislature taking from the Cleveland institutions this immunity and placing them on the same basis as other banks.

* * *

The Painter canal abandonment bill will not be hung up by the house committee on public works. It will be reported back in about two weeks and the battle fought out on the floor As the public works committee is supposed to be made up of friends of the canals, it is hardly probable that it will recommend the bill for passage, but the committee has promised the author of the bill that it will be reported back to the house. It will come back perhaps without recommendation.

* * *

The bill drawn by Allen Ripley Foote, editor of Public Policy and a writer on municipal reforms, which was introduced by Representative Price, proves to be a measure filled with possibilities. Price says he did not know exactly what the bill provided for, but that he introduced it at the request of Foote.

To begin with, it proposes to authorize a species of perpetual franchises for all public service corporations.

Again, it would permit all the public service corporations of a city to consolidate into one gigantic corporation.

Still again, it would authorize a city council to squeeze out of existence all but one corporation in a given line of service.

Still again, it would extend the authority for granting street railway and other franchises now limited by law to twenty-five years, so that they might be granted for an indefinite period and without possibility of them being terminated under thirty-five years.

And still another feature is the making of an opportunity to increase rates for a public corporation every ten years instead of a maximum being fixed to the end of the franchise as now.

The ostensible purpose of the bill is to require all public service corporations granted franchises hereafter to limit its profits to net earnings equal to a per cent on the money invested corresponding to a rate that is double the amount of interest a particular municipality may be required to pay on its bonds. In other words, if the profits should amount to ten per cent and the rate of interest the city in which such company is operating pays on its bonds is four per cent, the public service company would be obliged to reduce the charge it is making to the public to a rate that would produce a profit of only eight per cent.

The bill provides that an accounting for the fixing of rates is to be made every ten years. If it is found that the earnings have not equaled the expenses and double the municipal bond interest in profits, then the rate charged the public is to be increased so that the income will do that. It is a widespread suspicion that corporations now paying a percentage to cities over the state in the shape of an excise have a way of making their earnings appear less than they really are. If this be true, it would not be difficult for them to make out an apparent deficit, except there be confidence by the public in the state auditor, who is made the accounting officer, or the people being shrewd enough to prevent such a fraud.

* * *

The first move in the effort to force public officials to pay fare on railway and electric cars has been taken in the introduction of a bill by Representative Miesel of Cleveland. The measure is stringent in its provisions and, if passed, would at least aid railway officials in solving what is characterized the pass nuisance. Under the provisions of this proposed legislation every public official of town, city or county accepting a pass would immediately, by virtue of that, be abolished from office and it would devolve upon the probate judge to see the edict carried into effect. Realizing that the law would work a hardship upon members of the legislature who are forced to return to their homes often during the session, a provision is added allowing the carfare for a trip a week.

* * *

It has been decided to introduce an amendment to the Willis bill providing that the annual tax on private domestic corporations for the filing of reports with the secretary of state shall be one-tenth of one per cent on the outstanding and paid-up capital stock instead of the authorized capital stock. This is done to avert the claim that Ohio corporations have been discriminated against in favor of foreign. The tax on the latter will remain one-tenth of one per cent on the stock represented in Ohio.

GEO. U. MARVIN.

How Thousands Of Lives May Be Saved

By NATHAN STRAUS, the Millionaire Philanthropist

OUR schools and universities are the finest in the world. We spend millions of dollars annually to prevent intellectual incapacity. Why not treat physical ailments in the same manner? Milk is the only article of food in which disease and death may lurk without giving any suspicion from its taste, smell or appearance. The United States department of agriculture says:

"IT IS ESTIMATED THAT ONE-THIRD OF THE CHILDREN DIE BEFORE THEY ARE THREE YEARS OLD, AND ONE OF THE LEADING CAUSES OF INFANT MORTALITY IS IMPURE MILK.

"Numerous outbreaks of typhoid fever have been reported where there was no doubt about the milk supply being the carrier of the germs. Outbreaks of diphtheria have been traced to milk from farms where diphtheria has been known to exist in the families of the attendants. The same is reported of scarlet fever and cholera. PASTEURIZATION OR STERILIZATION OF MILK IS THE ONLY SAFEGUARD against such dangerous diseases, as this process destroys all the disease germs."

If the pasteurizing of the entire milk supply were made the function of the municipality, it would be an exceedingly clever business investment, for the money expended would be returned a hundredfold. Thousands of infants' lives are needlessly sacrificed annually by impure milk.

Dr. Shakespeare of Philadelphia, an eminent authority, states that nearly if not quite half the deaths in cities in this country are due to that class of diseases which are known to be preventable. Chief among these preventable diseases are the diarrheal disturbances of young children, and the prime agent in the production of these is impure milk. This state of affairs was brought to my attention in 1892. After making a thorough examination of the subject and taking counsel with physicians at home and some who were accepted as authorities in Europe I established a sterilizing laboratory and began the dispensing of pure milk, both in its natural and sterilized form, from one booth in one of the most thickly populated districts of New York city. In 1892 34,400 bottles were distributed, and up to date 596,677 bottles have been dispensed and 812,921 glasses of milk drunk on the premises.

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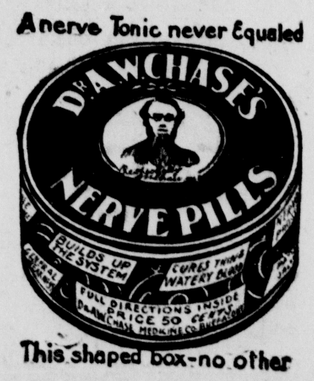

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We heard a man say the other morning that the abbreviation for February—Feb.—means Freeze everybody, and that man looked frozen in his ulster. It was apparent that he needed the kind of warmth that stays, the warmth that reaches from head to foot, all over the body. We could have told him from personal knowledge that Hood's Sarsaparilla gives permanent warmth, it invigorates the blood and speeds it along through artery and vein, and really fits men and women, boys and girls, to enjoy cold weather and resist the attacks of disease. It gives the right kind of warmth, stimulates and strengthens at the same time, and all its benefits are lasting. There may be a suggestion in this for you.

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CHURCH DIRECTORY

Places of Services and the Topics Which Will Be Discussed In Pulpits.

TIME OF SPECIAL MEETINGS

General Religious News of the City And Suburbs—A Conveniently Arranged Guide for Strangers And Those Interested in Churches.

It is the desire of the News Review to have this department, which is published every Saturday, complete and accurate. To that end the co-operation of pastors and church officers is invited. To insure publication, all notices intended for this department should reach this office by Friday evening.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church, Fourth street, between Washington and Market, Rev. C. G. Jordan, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Endeavor society at 6:15 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.

Morning: Sacrament of the Lord's supper and the reception of members.

Evening: "Thoughts Suggested by the Biederwolf Meetings."

The session will meet Sabbath morning at 10:45 in the lecture room to confer with those who desire to unite with the church.

Special music.

West End chapel—John S. Hamilton, pastor—Sunday school at 3 p. m.; Sunday evening service.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—Sabbath school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m.; Junior Society at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Morning: "The Divine Plan for the Life of a Child of God."

Evening: "A Stormy Voyage, But a Safe Landing."

Rev. J. R. Hosick, of Hookstown, Pa., will preach in this church each evening next week, beginning Monday evening.

Methodist Episcopal.

First M. E. church, Fifth and Jackson streets, Rev. Dr. Clark Crawford, pastor—9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., preaching; 12 m., 2 p. m. and 6:15 p. m., class meetings; 4 p. m., Junior League; 6:15 Senior League.

Sunday school at 2:30; preaching at 7:30 at Gardendale.

Erie Street M. E. church, Rev. George W. Orcutt, pastor: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m. Junior Epworth League, 2 p. m.; S. S. Neville institute, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.; evening service, 7:30.

A. M. E. church, Grant street, Rev. J. H. Mason, pastor.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 2:30; Christian Endeavor at 6:30.

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Southside U. P. chapel—Hour of service changed. Morning service, preaching, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

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Morning: "Security, the Gate of Danger."

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Weekly Lenten services on Wednesday and Friday evenings at 8 o'clock.

Ladies' Aid society at 3 p. m.

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St. Stephen's Episcopal church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—Second Sunday in Lent; 7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school and bible class; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon, "Satan as a Moral Philosopher"; 3 p. m., special Lenten address, "General Confession of Sin"; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, "The Convicting Spirit."

Catholic.

St. Aloysius' church, corner Fifth and Jefferson streets, Rev. T. M. Smyth, pastor; services at 8 a. m. and 10 a. m.

Baptist.

First Baptist church, Smith Fowler hall, Diamond, Oscar L. Owens, pastor—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; morning service at 11 o'clock; B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m.; evening service at 7:30

Methodist Protestant.

First Methodist Protestant church, Rev. W. H. Gladden, pastor.

Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; public worship, 11 a. m.; noonday class, 12; afternoon class, 2:15 p. m.; Junior Endeavor meeting, 3:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting, 6:15; evening service, 7:30 p. m.

All services at the usual hours.

Morning: Holy sacrament.

Evening: Sermon by the pastor.

Christian Endeavor monthly meeting at 6:15; class meeting tonight at 8 o'clock.

Christian Church.

Christian church, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Rev. J. W Gorrell, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Bible school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2:30 p. m.; Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Morning: "Putting Away Childish Things."

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Avondale street, J. W. Howard, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Chester Free Methodist.

Rev. Sarah E. Howard, pastor—Preaching at 10:45 and 7:30 p. m.

Chester M. E. Church.

Rev. Herbert M. Carnahan, pastor.

Salvation Army.

Hall on Fourth street, between Market and Jackson—10:30 holiness meeting; 1:30 Sunday school; 3:15 Hosanna; 7:45 Salvation.

WELLSVILLE CHURCHES.

Church of the Immaculate Conception—Rev. James H. Halligan, pastor. Daily mass at 7:45 a. m.; Sunday, first mass and sermon, 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 a. m.; high mass and sermon at 10 a. m.; vesper, sermon and benediction at 7 p. m. Rectory, Seventh and Front streets.

First Christian Church—Rev. W. T. Barnes, pastor. Preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m. Bible school at 9 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 2 p. m. Christian Endeavor, 6 p. m. Wednesday evening, devotional service at 7 o'clock.

First M. E. Church—Rev. C. E. Clark, pastor. Bible school at 9 a. m.; W. A. Snediker, superintendent; preaching 10:15 and 7 p. m.

Junior League at 2 p. m.; Epworth League at 6 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal—Church of the Ascension, Rev. R. H. Edwards, rector. C. W. Morris, superintendent of Sunday school. Sunday school at 9 o'clock; morning prayer at 10:15 o'clock; evening prayer with sermon at 8 o'clock.

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Junior Endeavor 5 p. m.; Senior Endeavor 6 p. m.

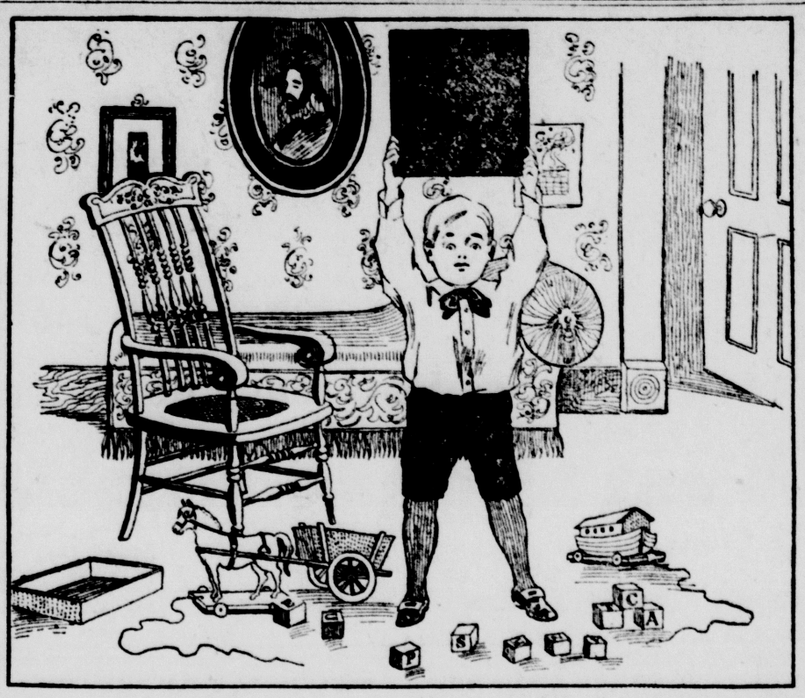
United Presbyterian Church—Rev. W. M. Glasgow, pastor. Preaching 10 a. m., and 7 p. m., Sunday school at 11:15 usual program. Jr. C. E., at 5; Sr., C. E. at 6 p. m.

Methodist Protestant Church—Rev. L. C. Wells, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Jr. Y. P. S. C. E. at 2 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.; mid-week prayer meeting on Wednesday evening.

First Evangelical Church — Rev. W. A. Vandersall, pastor — Sabbath school at 9 a. m.; Sabbath school at mission at 2 p. m.; Young People's Alliance at 6:15 p. m. Gospel services at Mission every Friday night. Cottage prayer meeting every Monday night.

Bon Ami

Requires only a little water and slops are avoided.



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May Result In Its Consolidation With Another Street Car Line, at Cleveland.

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Mr. Andrews, who was formerly president of the "Big Consolidated," already has a holding of stock in the company estimated at 20 per cent of the whole. In order to secure full control, it is said, he must purchase 45,000 shares more at a cost of nearly $4,000,000.

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Their Argument Over Chinese Exclusion In New York Hotel Draws a Crowd.

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"You know about the subject now that I have talked to you."

Short And to the Point.

Gentlemen—Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the finest preparation for the stomach and bowels that I have ever used. Wishing you continued success, I am, Yours very truly,

W. C. KIMBEL, New Troy, Mich.

Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

Notice to the Public.

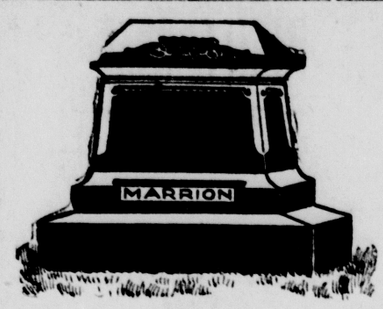
By a resolution passed at a meeting of the County Branch of the State Board of the Ohio Fire Underwriters Association, the undersigned agents are required to make a charge of a policy fee of one ($1.00) dollar each on all term policies, and twenty-five (25c) cents each for all endorsements.

The above to take effect on and after March first, 1902.

Signed:

A. W. SCOTT,
ABRAMS & STEWART,
McDOLE & BLAZER,
W. C. SUPPLEE,
R. L. McKENTY,
GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,
WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,
ELIJAH W. HILL.

February 12, 1902.



AN OPPORTUNITY

Many people would like to honor the memory of departed loved ones with a handsome monument, but the high prices demanded by the local monument dealers prevent them.

We sell and deliver fine monuments or headstones at much lower prices than similar stones can be obtained for elsewhere.

Most of your local monument dealers work by expensive hand methods, while our work is done by the most improved labor saving machinery. Machine work not only lessens the cost of the monument, but insures better results as the mouldings, letters, etc., are cut much deeper and smoother than by hand and therefore show plainer.

The stone we use is the very best—will not rust, discolor or become streaked as most granites do.

We sell to monument dealers at wholesale and also sell direct to the individual buyer, delivering complete in the cemetery.

Our handsome booklet with designs explains all. It's free if you mention this paper.

DUNNING MARBLE AND GRANITE CO.
PITTSBURG, PA.

HOWARD H. BEAN, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
—SPECIALIST—

Cataracts removed, eyes straightened deafness and catarh in all forms successfully treated. Expert in fitting and adjusting SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES. Corner 6th and Diamond, EAST LIVERPOOL, O

LOTS FOR SALE

Ir the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond on easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,
137 Sheridan Ave.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once

Makes It Bright.

You want a light to make it bright? Then why not have the light that makes it the brightest—the electric light.

IT COSTS LESS,
IS LESS TROUBLE,
GIVES BEST LIGHT

It's an improvement over all other lights, which is why it is so popular.

Estimates on lighting furnished by

The Ceramic City Light Co.

SAMUEL LANDSMAN,

The Vienna Ladies' Tailor.

143 Euclid Avenue, King and Uhl Block, Cleveland.

SPRING OPENING

Mr. Landsman has just returnrd from the East, with latest Easter creations. He is now in readiness to take orders for **EASTER SUITS,** which will be made at reduced prices. As the regular season has not yet opened, an early call will save you money.

Perfect fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Make appointments by mail to secure your full fittings on same day.

See the New

RAINBOW
Tints and Blends in

Fine Wall Paper

Crepes and Silk Morays in deep Reds, Greens and Blues. Some fine things in

Oriental and Tapestry Stripes.

Cheap Papers at 3c, 4c, 5c

Room Mouldings
All Sizes from 2c to 10c a Foot.

Kinsey's
Wall Paper Store.

THE HIGH GRADE WORK AND THE LOW PRICES OF THE

20th CENTURY DENTAL PARLORS

IN EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO,

ACCOUNTS FOR THEIR LARGE AND EVER INCREASING PATRONAGE.

Plates (the best)	$7.00	Crowns (natural color)	$3.00
Gold Crowns (22k)	$4.50	Bridge Work (per teeth)	$4.00
SILVER FILLINGS	50c	GOLD FILLINGS	$1.00 and up.

Preservation of the natural teeth THE SPECIALTY.
Workmanship the best that skilled hands can do.
All work guaranteed. Open evenings.
Don't forget the place.

20th Century Dental Parlors,

Second Floor, Grand Building,
Corner Sixth and Washington Streets,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

A. C. PFOUTS, D. D. S., Prop.

THE FIRST NATIONAL.... BANK
OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

President—David Boyce.
Vice President—J. M. Kelly.
Cashier—N. G. Macrum.
Asst. Cashier—Thos. H. Fisher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

David Boyce, W. L. Thompson;
J. M. Kelly, O. C. Vodrey
B. C. Simms Jno. C. Thompson
N. G. Macrum.

CAPITAL - - $100,000
SURPLUS - - $100,000

General Banking Business.

Invites Business and Personal Accounts
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.
193 Washington Street.

The home news complete in the News Review.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Time
In Effect January 5, 1902.
From East Liverpool.
Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND. No.	
*302	5:56 a. m.	*301	12:36 a. m.
†340	6:51 a. m.	†335	7:05 a. m.
†336	11:21 a. m.	*309	9:08 a. m.
†320	3:06 p. m.	†308	2:50 p. m.
†316	5:40 p. m.	†339	6:53 p. m.
**304	7:20 a. m.	**361	9:06 a. m.
**302	5:25 p. m.	**368	6:48 p. m.

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	5:47 a. m.	†251	6:07 a. m.
†252	8:40 a. m.	†258	11:25 a. m.
†254	2:27 p. m.	†255	2:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday **Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 335 and 302 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 308 and 316 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations: No. 320 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 308 connect at Beaver for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, O.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Places of Services and the Topics Which Will Be Discussed In Pulpits.

TIME OF SPECIAL MEETINGS

General Religious News of the City And Suburbs—A Conveniently Arranged Guide for Strangers And Those Interested in Churches.

It is the desire of the News Review to have this department, which is published every Saturday, complete and accurate. To that end the co-operation of pastors and church officers is invited. To insure publication, all notices intended for this department should reach this office by Friday evening.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church, Fourth street, between Washington and Market, Rev. C. G. Jordan, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Endeavor society at 6:15 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.

Morning: Sacrament of the Lord's supper and the reception of members.

Evening: "Thoughts Suggested by the Biederwolf Meetings."

The session will meet Sabbath morning at 10:45 in the lecture room to confer with those who desire to unite with the church.

Special music.

West End chapel—John S. Hamilton, pastor—Sunday school at 3 p. m.; Sunday evening service.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—Sabbath school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m.; Junior Society at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; preaching at 7:30 p. m.

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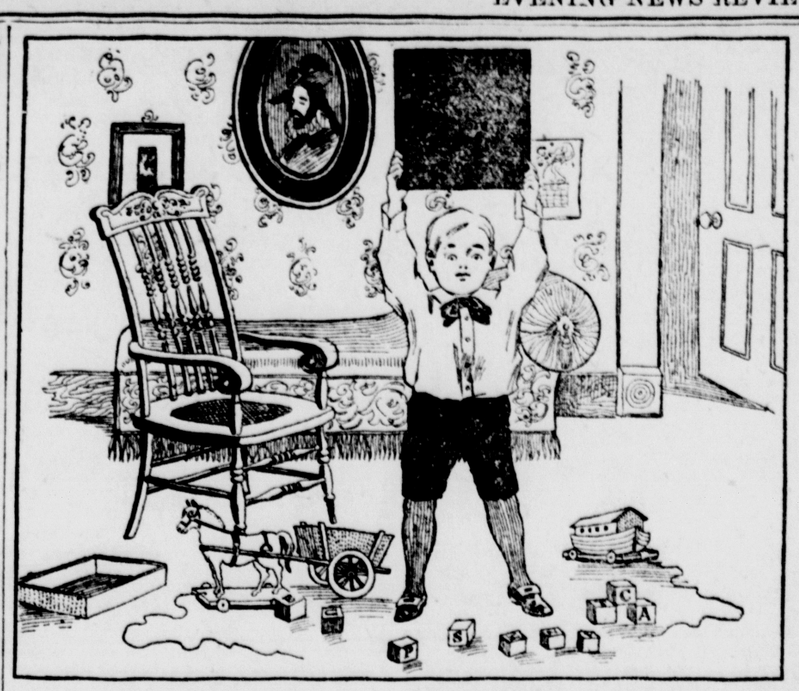

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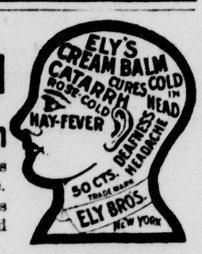

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ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

Notice to the Public.

By a resolution passed at a meeting of the County Branch of the State Board of the Ohio Fire Underwriters Association, the undersigned agents are required to make a charge of a policy fee of one ($1.00) dollar each on all term policies, and twenty-five (25c) cents each for all endorsements.

The above to take effect on and after March first, 1902.

Signed:

A. W. SCOTT,
ABRAMS & STEWART,
McDOLE & BLAZER,
W. C. SUPPLEE,
R. L. McKENTY,
GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,
WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,
ELIJAH W. HILL.

Ferruary 12, 1902.

AN OPPORTUNITY

Many people would like to honor the memory of departed loved ones with a handsome monument, but the high prices demanded by the local monument dealers prevent them.

We sell and deliver fine monuments or headstones at much lower prices than similar stones can be obtained for elsewhere.

Most of your local monument dealers work by expensive hand methods, while our work is done by the most improved labor saving machinery. Machine work not only lessens the cost of the monument, but insures better results as the mouldings, letters, etc., are cut much deeper and smoother than by hand and therefore show plainer.

The stone we use is the very best—will not rust, discolor or become streaked as most granites do.

We sell to monument dealers at wholesale and also sell direct to the individual buyer, delivering complete in the cemetery.

Our handsome booklet with designs explains all. It's free if you mention this paper.

DUNNING MARBLE AND GRANITE CO.
PITTSBURG, PA.

HOWARD H. BEAN, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
—SPECIALIST—

Cataracts removed, eyes straightened deafness and catarh in all forms successfully treated. Expert in fitting and adjusting SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES. Corner 6th and Diamond, EAST LIVERPOOL, O

LOTS FOR SALE

Ir the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond on easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,

137 Sheridan Ave.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once

Makes It Bright.

You want a light to make it bright? Then why not have the light that makes it the brightest—the electric light.

IT COSTS LESS,
IS LESS TROUBLE,
GIVES BEST LIGHT

It's an improvement over all other lights, which is why it is so popular.

Estimates on lighting furnished by

The Ceramic City Light Co.

SAMUEL LANDSMAN,

The Vienna Ladies' Tailor.

143 Euclid Avenue, King and Uhl Block, Cleveland.

SPRING OPENING

Mr. Landsman has just returnrd from the East, with latest Easter creations. He is now in readiness to take orders for **EASTER SUITS,** which will be made at reduced prices. As the regular season has not yet opened, an early call will save you money.

Perfect fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Make appointments by mail to secure your full fittings on same day.

See the New

RAINBOW
Tints and Blends in

Fine Wall Paper

Crepes and Silk Morays in deep Reds, Greens and Blues. Some fine things in

Oriental and Tapestry Stripes.

Cheap Papers at 3c, 4c, 5c

Room Mouldings

All Sizes from 2c to 10c a Foot.

Kinsey's
Wall Paper Store.

THE HIGH GRADE WORK AND THE LOW PRICES OF THE

20th CENTURY DENTAL PARLORS

IN EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO,

ACCOUNTS FOR THEIR LARGE AND EVER INCREASING PATRONAGE.

Plates (the best)	$7.00	Crowns (natural color)	$3.00
Gold Crowns (22k)	$4.50	Bridge Work (per teeth)	$4.00
SILVER FILLINGS	50c	GOLD FILLINGS	$1.00 and up.

Preservation of the natural teeth THE SPECIALTY.
Workmanship the best that skilled hands can do.
All work guaranteed. Open evenings.
Don't forget the place.

20th Century Dental Parlors,

Second Floor, Grand Building,
Corner Sixth and Washington Streets,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

A. C. PFOUTS, D. D. S., Prop.

THE FIRST NATIONAL.... BANK

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

President—David Boyce.
Vice President—J. M. Kelly.
Cashier—N. G. Macrum.
Asst. Cashier—Thos. H. Fisher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

David Boyce, W. L. Thompson;
J. M. Kelly, O. C. Vodrey
B. C. Simms Jno. C. Thompson
N. G. Macrum.

CAPITAL - - $100,000
SURPLUS - - $100,000

General Banking Business.

Invites Business and Personal Accounts
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.
103 Washington Street.

The home news complete in the News Review.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time
In Effect January 5, 1902.
From East Liverpool.
Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND. No.	
*302	8:56 a. m.	*301	12:36 a. m.
†340	6:51 a. m.	†335	7:05 a. m.
†338	11:21 a. m.	*309	9:05 a. m.
†990	3:06 p. m.	†303	2:50 p. m.
†316	5:40 p. m.	†339	6:53 p. m.
**864	7:30 a. m.	**861	9:36 a. m.
**862	5:25 p. m.	**363	6:48 p. m.

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	5:47 a. m.	†251	6:07 a. m.
†252	8:40 a. m.	†258	11:35 a. m.
†254	2:27 p. m.	†255	2:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday **Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 318 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations: No. 309 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 303 connect at Beyer... for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, Ohio.

IT IS OUR PRICES, OUR METHODS OF DEALING, AND THE HAVING WHAT YOU WANT THAT MAKES OUR BUSINESS SUCCESSFUL. THESE POINTS WE HAVE IN MIND IN OFFERING THE SALE OF THE PROPERTIES LISTED HERE.

Sold Jan. 24th, 1902.

$1,250—New 6 room slate roofed house with front portico, water, gas and cellar and lot 30x100. Situate within 8 minutes walk of the Diamond; 7 minutes walk of ½ dozen factories and within ½ square of paved streets.

Call any time, we'll show it to you.

$1,325—New 4 room house, well built. Slate roof, good cellar, lot 30x100. Situated in central East End, 1 short square from the street car line.

Inquire of us for it, it will pay you.

$1,575—Four room slate roof house, with cellar, lot 40x100. Lot fronts on two streets; nice place to live; convenient and not far from center of the city.

It pays you to talk Real Estate with us.

$4,500—Won't attempt to describe it's advantages and conveniences, it has them all; its rooms number six; its location is on a paved street within 5 minutes walk of the Diamond.

We want to show it to you.

$2,300—Double house; 5 rooms on each side; rents for $25 per month; lot 40x110. Buy it, live in one side; the rent of the other side will help you pay for it.

A home and an investment.

Sold Feb. 20, 1902.

$ 475—2 room and a 1 room cottage; should have been a three roomed cottage and can be so araanged. Lot 40x100. Situated on Northside car line near Riverview Cemetry. Low priced; it is worth more.

Sold Feb. 10, 1902.

$1,000—3 room cottage on Lisbon street, West End: fair sized lot, gas, water, paved streets; within easy reach of street car line.

We'll sell it on easy terms.

Sold Feb. 15, 1902.

$2,500—New and not yet occupied; 6 room frame slate roof dwelling with hall up and downstairs, bathroom, hot and cold water; porticoes, front and back; fair sized lot, situate in a part of the city within 10 minutes walk of the Diamond where more new buildings were erected—good ones—than any other part during season 1901.

It will pay you to see it; it's new.

$2800—A Queen Ann house, 7 living rooms, finished attic, vestibule, reception hall, laundry, excellent cellar, bath, hot and cold water, electric light and gas throughout. Large front portico; house light and airy. Situated within 7 minutes walk of the Diamond in a good neighborhood and a pleasant place to live.

Will you not look at it?

VACANT LOTS—We have them everywhere, from the Pennsylvania line to the mouth of Yellow Creek; from the river to Calcutta; at prices commensurate with their location, size and conveniences. It matters not what locality, street, addition or allotment; you had better see what we have; get our prices and terms.

OTHER PROPERTIES—We have scores of them at any price, on any street, in any locality. Come in and see us about them; ordinary prudence and business caution should compel you to do this for we can give you price and values of properties in all parts of the city. We know of a lot of misguided folks who ignored the real estate dealer and consequently paid more for their properties than they were listed at in our office. Lots more are doing it every day. WHY CAN WE GIVE YOU A BETTER PRICE? Because we must, and because of our experience and knowledge of value of real estate.

TEST US—If we don't measure up, don't deal with us. There will be no hard feeling on our part. All we ask is to be allowed to consider your wants, quote our prices and show you our properties.

A DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR EARNED.
Open Day and Evening.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Dealer in Real Estate. Second floor, corner 6th and Washington Sts.
This ad. began January 20th. Watch result of sales.

THE RIGHT MAN FOR THE POSITION

Why Joseph Betz, Candidate For City Treasurer, Deserves the Place.

A FAITHFUL REPUBLICAN

Who Has Rendered His Party Good Service, a True American And an Upright And Conscientious Business Man.

Joseph Betz, a prominent citizen and leading Republican, is a candidate for the nomination for city treasurer at the Republican primaries. There are few citizens better known in East Liverpool and few who have served the Republican party more faithfully.

Mr. Betz was born in Milwaukee, and spent his early life there. He attained citizenship in Ohio, and is practically an Ohio man. He came from Cincinnati to this city about 15 years ago and has been an active worker in the Republican ranks for many years. Whenever there was work to be done for the good of the party he was always in the midst of it, ready to do his share.

He has long been a member of the Republican central committee and for several years has been its efficient and vigilant secretary, performing his duties carefully and with a view to promoting the best interests of the party at all times.

It is not for this reason, however, that he asks the nomination for city treasurer. He has taken a good citizen's part in working for the good of the city and county and of the party and principles in which he believes. This fact is well understood and probably duly appreciated by East Liverpool Republicans.

Mr. Betz was elected township treasurer last year, and this is the first time any Republican candidate for the combination office has ever been compelled to contest for the honor he now seeks. Under a rule which has never before been violated since the office became effective in this city the candidate selected for the one office was chosen for the other without a contest.

The character and habits of Mr. Betz, as all who know him will certify, are above reproach. He has an excellent reputation as a business man, and that he is qualified for the office to which he aspires is well attested by his standing in the business world. His competitor has held the office of city treasurer three terms or six years and is now a candidate for a fourth term besides being a candidate for county treasurer when the proper time arrives. Mr. Betz is a candidate for a first term, which he well deserves when his services to the party are considered.

His Americanism and his Republicanism are shown by the fact that he was always an ardent supporter of the late President McKinley as congressman, governor and executive. On the night that President McKinley died from the wound inflicted by a dastardly assassin, Mr. Betz, as secretary of the Republican central committee, introduced the following resolution, which was promptly passed by the body:

"Whereas, an appalling calamity has been visited upon our great nation in the attempted assassination of our beloved president and fellow citizen, William McKinley;

"Resolved, By the Republican central committee of East Liverpool, O., that it is with profound grief and sorrow that we have learned of the murderous attack upon our esteemed chief executive and that we earnestly pray at this hour of fearful anxiety that a kind providence may yet spare him to his countrymen and restore him to health and a long life of further usefulness.

"Resolved, That we express our horror at the dastardly crime by which the president was stricken, and our reprobation of the anarchistic teachings that resulted in its commission, and call upon the national congress and the general assembly of Ohio for the enactment of laws that will render the expression of anarchistic sentiments a crime against public institutions, as well as against society.

"Resolved, That we consider the time at hand for all nations of the world to unite in an effort to efface the great octupus, anarchy."

These resolutions show, better than anything the News Review could say, the patriotic character and political views of Mr. Betz, and need not be enlarged upon.

His Republicanism, his business capacity and his honesty have never been questioned, and there ought to be no question about men of the same political principles as himself giving him the most cordial and enthusiastic support for the office of city treasurer.

45-h

...ORANGES...

We have just received another lot of those fine

Navel Oranges

We can sell at **10c** per dozen.

We have 31,104. How many do you want at 10c per doz.?

East Liverpool's Busiest Stores,

GEON BROS.

MANY REASONS ASSIGNED

Why Russell C. Heddleston Should Be Re-elected to Council.

Editor News Review:

I desire to say a few words in behalf of Russell C. Heddleston, our present councilman from the First ward and a candidate for re-election.

Being a property holder on Bradshaw avenue, I wish to call partiuclar attention to his efforts to improve that street, which he began about one year ago. He succeeded in having a resolution passed by council for the improvement, but the engineer's estimate of the cost at that time was more than the assessments could pay.

Since then Mr. Heddleston has been working faithfully to devise ways and means whereby the improvement could be made with the least possible cost. He, together with Engineer Kelly, have plans now under way, which I believe will lead to the early completion of the work. Several of the cross streets will be graded this spring, and they figure by using the surplus dirt on Bradshaw avenue, the grading can be done soon and at very little cost to the abutting property owners, and will be a big saving to the city. For this one reason, and there are many others, I believe it is the duty of the First ward voters to return Mr. Heddleston to council. He has certainly demonstrated by his past record that he is a capable, efficient ahd conscientious official and that he has done everything that could be done for his constituents under the circumstances.

A BRADSHAW AVENUE RESIDENT.

45-h

Little Waif Adopted.

Lisbon, Feb. 22, (Special) — Della Weils, aged 8, has been legally adopted by James W. and Mary L. Pearsons, and her name changed to Pearsons. She has recently been in the Fairmount home. A letter from that institution states that her father has abandoned her and the mother is in the Massillon asylum.

SOCIAL MONDAY EVENING.
ALL TURNERS AND HANDLERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ARE REQUESTED TO ATTEND A SOCIAL ON MONDAY NIGHT AT 8 P. M. AT TURNERS' AND HANDLERS' HALL, OVER THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.

44-1

Entertainment And Dance.

Golden Rod Hive No. 20, L. O. T. M., will give an entertainment and dance in the hall over the postoffice Monday evening, Feb. 24. Admission 25 cents.

45-i

RETURNS FROM THE McGOVERN AND SULLIVAN FIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED AT "THE OFFICE" BAR BY ROUNDS TONIGHT.

45-h

NOW IS THE TIME TO TAKE STOCK IN THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY TO GET THE SEPTEMBER DIVIDEND.

37-tsm-11t

More new readers of the News Review every day. It is the favorite home paper.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOUND—Place to buy cheapest and best Iron Bed Mattresses and Springs for the money, at John Schleiter's, 130 Second street.

42-mws-tf

WANTED—Girl for dining room and one dishwasher at the Criterion restaurant.

45-r

WANTED—100 families to buy their Furniture and Stoves from John Schleiter, 130 Second street.

42-mws-tf

LOST—Time and money by not buying your chairs, rockers and odd pieces of furniture from John Schleiter, 130 Second street.

42-mws-tf

FOR SALE—Gas Ranges, Coal Ranges, new and second-hand; two round Oak Heaters at a bargain; cash or will trade for cook stoves or furniture. John Schleiter, 130 Second St.

42-mws-tf

SPECULATIVE SENTIMENT,

Friday, Apparently Overcame Shock In Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 22.—The action of the stock market Friday morning demonstrated pretty conclusively that speculative sentiment had overcome the shock caused by Thursday's unexpected announcement of the proceedings against the Northern Securities company. Stocks held on margin and by timid holders had apparently been sold out Thursday, and, the forced liquidation completed, there was very little need for supporting orders in the market Friday morning. It was generally supposed that stocks bought Thursday for support had been unloaded on the rally, as insiders gained confidence that no serious break in prices was impending. At the opening the market was heavy, but by the second hour the selling had fallen to such small proportions that the market was practically stagnant. At the same time there were points of resistance, and a few stocks gained additional strength as the day progressed and led a substantial rally, which placed prices quite generally above Thursday night's close. The Colorado and Southern stocks became very strong at the last on a volume of dealings unprecedented for those stocks. Their gains reached 3 points or better. Good dividend prospects were alleged as the reason for the advance. Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville also rose 3½ and the preferred 1¾ on reported dividend prospects. Amalgamated Copper was erratic, rising at one time over a point, but closing practically unchanged. Manhattan also failed to hold its full gain of 1½. American Snuff rose 5 and the preferred 2. Northwest recovered 4¾ of Thursday's loss. United States Rubber stocks were strong. Outside of these the striking gains were in less prominent stocks. Renewed strength in the exchange market corroborated the expectation that more gold will be exported next week.

Bonds were rather dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,385,000.

U. S. refunding 2s advanced ¾, the 3c, coupon, ⅝, do registered ¼, the 5s ½ and the old 4s ⅛ over the closing call of last week.

IN MEMORIAM

Resolutions of Respect of Trades And Labor Council.

Whereas, God in His infinite wisdom has deemed it best to call from our midst our beloved and esteemed brother, E. D. Griffith; and

Whereas, Said departed brother was a delegate from the Street Railway Men's Association, and always proved himself a sincere and active worker in labor's cause; and

Whereas, Trades and Labor Council of East Liverpool deeply mourn the loss of an ever-faithful and earnest member; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, Trades and Labor Council, extend our sincere sympathy to the bereaved wife and relatives in their sad affliction; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife, a copy sent to each paper in our city for publication, the same to be spread on the minutes of our council and our charter draped in mourning for 30 days.

GEO. B. M. BEATTY,
WILLIAM COPE,
THOS. S. COLLINS,
Committee.

45-h

Attend Tribe of Ben Hur box social, city hall, Wellsville, February 22.

41-m

Not Ended.

"Ah," sighed the would be suicide, "here is where all my troubles come to an end!" And he sprang into the deep waters of the bay.

He was mistaken.

For the life preserver hit him in the neck, and he saw a million stars. The deckhand made a pass at him with a boathook and ripped a small sized crevasse from his waistband to his collar bone. Then they hauled him in, thumped him, doped him, rolled him over a barrel for half an hour and hustled him to the harbor hospital, after which he was arrested, fined $10 and roasted by the judge and kicked along the corridor toward the door. A dog bit him as he departed.

"Alas," he sobbed, "it is more trouble to die than to live!"—San Francisco Bulletin.

IN FAVOR OF ELECTING SENATORS BY DIRECT VOTE.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—The house of representatives has placed itself on record as being in favor of electing United States senators by a direct vote of the people. This action was taken when the Worthington resolution came up for consideration, it being adopted by a vote of 73 to 23. The resolution asks congress to take the necessary action.

Majority Claimed For Local Option.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—The Beal local option bill was reported favorably to the house and made a special order for Wednesday. P. A. Baker, of the Anti-Saloon league, claims that 60 members of the house, a clear majority, are pledged to the bill. Joe Miller, of the State Brewers' association, concedes 50 votes to it. It is the most important measure to come before the legislature.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE..
JAS. A. NORRIS, Manager.

ENTIRE WEEK
Commencing February 24.
MATINEE SATURDAY

—THE—
KEYSTONE DRAMATIC CO.
Supporting
Gertrude Shipman
—and—
Lawrence B. McGill
in a repertoire of successful plays.

Six big specialties at each performance. A change of play nightly.

Popular Prices:
10c - 20c - 30c.

PROF. McDOUGALL,
Dancing and Deportment.
Every Tuesday, Oyster's Hall, 6th St.
Children, 4 to 6. Beginners, 8 to 9. Social, 9 to 11:30. Private, 10 to 4 and 6 to 8.

COLUMBIAN PARK...
WEEK OF FEBRUARY 17.
DANCING
Tuesday Evening.....Private
Thursday Evening.....Private
Saturday Evening.....Private
Shenkle's Orchestra.
Joseph Cassidy, Mgr.

Prof. Omohundro,
191 Sixth Street, City.
ORATORY, INCLUDING PHYSICAL CULTURE AND DELSARTE. DRAMATIC ART, SPEECH DEFECTS.
Terms Reasonable. Write or Call.

Are You Going to Build
This Spring or Summer?
If so borrow your money from
The Potters Building and Savings Company
Best terms and rate of interest in the city. Call at office.
Cor. 5th and Washington Sts.

Oysters
The season is now open. The best, properly cooked and served, at
The Stag,
125 and 127 Second St.
D. A. DEVINE, Prop

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature and of Matters About Town.

Entertained Her Friends—Mrs. Walter Davidson, of Thompson avenue, entertained a number of friends at a 4 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon.

New Golden Eagles—The Knights of the Golden Eagle, at a recent meeting, initiated four new candidates and at the next meeting three additional candidates will be obligated.

Maccabees' Big Meeting—Crockery City Tent, K. O. T. M., held one of the most important meetings in recent months in its hall on Washington street last evening. The attendance was very large and several applications for membership are now being considered by the order.

Round-Up of Rabbits—A. V. Andrews, formerly of this city, now of LaGrange, Ore., sends a clipping descriptive of a rabbit drive near Echo, Ore., in which 700 hunters participated and which 2,500 jack rabbits were rounded up and killed. The hunt is described as wildly exciting.

FERRALL FAMILY REUNION

Grand Reunion of the Decendants of a Columbiana County Pioneer.

N. S. Ferrall and J. E. Ferrall, of this city, are making preparations for a reunion of the Ferrall family next summer. It promises to be a great success and to attract a large attendance. A circular has been prepared and is now being sent out to the Ferralls everywhere, telling them of the coming event.

The reunion is to take place in August, at a date to be fixed, in a grove belonging to Charles Ferrall, located just east of the old Ferrall homestead, and is a part of the land taken from the government by William Ferrall in 1801, whose descendents are to be present.

This meeting promises to be the largest of its kind ever held in eastern Ohio, for the reason that descendants of William Ferrall and his six sons and five daughters now live in more than 20 states and territories, and one in Cuba, and it is impossible to express their number in less than four figures. A great many of those living far distant have promised to be present, providence permitting, and it is the earnest wish that everyone can be present. Elaborate plans for entertainment and accommodations are in progress.

FISH
FISH
FISH

SCHLEGEL'S
MARKET STREET,
Both Phones 230.

BASKET BALL GAME

Alliance Team Given a Severe Drubbing By the Y. M. C. A. Boys.

The Alliance basket ball team was given a severe walloping by the Y. M. C. A. team last evening at the association hall. At the very start the local players took the lead and had matters so much their way that the spectators at times felt sorry for the visitors.

A large and enthusiastic crowd was present and lusty cheers could be heard almost constantly. The score was 92 to 17 in favor of the local team.

Goals from the field were made as follows: Zang one in the first half; two by Cowgill, of Alliance, in the second half. Eight foul goals were made by Baugh, also of Alliance. For the Y. M. C. A. Allison made nine field goals, Armour nine and Bloor four in the first half and O. Powell two in the second half. Watkins made one, Chadwick four and also five foul goals. Three points are counted to the goal.

Licensed to Marry.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Marriage licenses have been granted as follows:

Ross L. Obblet and Elva Weir, Leetonia.

Harry H. Harris and O. Estella Gill, East Liverpool.

John McLaughlin and Mrs. E. J. Harshman, Salem.

Installation at Wellsville.

District Deputy T. J. Duffy, of the Knights of Columbus, assisted by Warden T. E. Nagle, will go to Wellsville this evening where the former will have charge of the installation ceremonies for the council there.

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Entertained Her Friends—Mrs. Walter Davidson, of Thompson avenue, entertained a number of friends at a 4 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon.

New Golden Eagles—The Knights of the Golden Eagle, at a recent meeting, initiated four new candidates and at the next meeting three additional candidates will be obligated.

Maccabees' Big Meeting—Crockery City Tent, K. O. T. M., held one of the most important meetings in recent months in its hall on Washington street last evening. The attendance was very large and several applications for membership are now being considered by the order.

Round-Up of Rabbits—A. V. Andrews, formerly of this city, now of LaGrange, Ore., sends a clipping descriptive of a rabbit drive near Echo, Ore., in which 700 hunters participated and which 2,500 jack rabbits were rounded up and killed. The hunt is described as wildly exciting.

FERRALL FAMILY REUNION

Grand Reunion of the Decendants of a Columbiana County Pioneer.

N. S. Ferrall and J. E. Ferrall, of this city, are making preparations for a reunion of the Ferrall family next summer. It promises to be a great success and to attract a large attendance. A circular has been prepared and is now being sent out to the Ferralls everywhere, telling them of the coming event.

The reunion is to take place in August, at a date to be fixed, in a grove belonging to Charles Ferrall, located just east of the old Ferrall homestead, and is a part of the land taken from the government by William Ferrall in 1801, whose descendents are to be present.

This meeting promises to be the largest of its kind ever held in eastern Ohio, for the reason that descendants of William Ferrall and his six sons and five daughters now live in more than 20 states and territories, and one in Cuba, and it is impossible to express their number in less than four figures. A great many of those living far distant have promised to be present, providence permitting, and it is the earnest wish that everyone can be present. Elaborate plans for entertainment and accommodations are in progress.

BASKET BALL CAME

Alliance Team Given a Severe Drubbing By the Y. M. C. A. Boys.

The Alliance basket ball team was given a severe walloping by the Y. M. C. A. team last evening at the association hall. At the very start the local players took the lead and had matters so much their way that the spectators at times felt sorry for the visitors.

A large and enthusiastic crowd was present and lusty cheers could be heard almost constantly. The score was 92 to 17 in favor of the local team.

Goals from the field were made as follows: Zang one in the first half; two by Cowgill, of Alliance, in the second half. Eight foul goals were made by Baugh, also of Alliance. For the Y. M. C. A. Allison made nine field goals, Armour nine and Bloor four in the first half and O. Powell two in the second half. Watkins made one, Chadwick four and also five foul goals. Three points are counted to the goal.

Licensed to Marry.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Marriage licenses have been granted as follows:

Ross L. Obblet and Elva Weir, Leetonia.

Harry H. Harris and O. Estella Gill, East Liverpool.

John McLaughlin and Mrs. E. J. Harshman, Salem.

Installation at Wellsville.

District Deputy T. J. Duffy, of the Knights of Columbus, assisted by Warden T. E. Nagle, will go to Wellsville this evening where the former will have charge of the installation ceremonies for the council there.

FISH
FISH
FISH

SCHLEGEL'S
MARKET STREET,
Both Phones 230.

THE RIGHT MAN FOR THE POSITION

Why Joseph Betz, Candidate For City Treasurer, Deserves the Place.

A FAITHFUL REPUBLICAN

Who Has Rendered His Party Good Service, a True American And an Upright And Conscientious Business Man.

Joseph Betz, a prominent citizen and leading Republican, is a candidate for the nomination for city treasurer at the Republican primaries. There are few citizens better known in East Liverpool and few who have served the Republican party more faithfully.

Mr. Betz was born in Milwaukee, and spent his early life there. He attained citizenship in Ohio, and is practically an Ohio man. He came from Cincinnati to this city about 15 years ago and has been an active worker in the Republican ranks for many years. Whenever there was work to be done for the good of the party he was always in the midst of it, ready to do his share.

He has long been a member of the Republican central committee and for several years has been its efficient and vigilant secretary, performing his duties carefully and with a view to promoting the best interests of the party at all times.

It is not for this reason, however, that he asks the nomination for city treasurer. He has taken a good citizen's part in working for the good of the city and county and of the party and principles in which he believes. This fact is well understood and probably duly appreciated by East Liverpool Republicans.

Mr. Betz was elected township treasurer last year, and this is the first time any Republican candidate for the combination office has ever been compelled to contest for the honor he now seeks. Under a rule which has never before been violated since the office became effective in this city the candidate selected for the one office was chosen for the other without a contest.

The character and habits of Mr. Betz, as all who know him will certify, are above reproach. He has an excellent reputation as a business man, and that he is qualified for the office to which he aspires is well attested by his standing in the business world. His competitor has held the office of city treasurer three terms or six years and is now a candidate for a fourth term besides being a candidate for county treasurer when the proper time arrives. Mr. Betz is a candidate for a first term, which he well deserves when his services to the party are considered.

His Americanism and his Republicanism are shown by the fact that he was always an ardent supporter of the late President McKinley as congressman, governor and executive. On the night that President McKinley died from the wound inflicted by a dastardly assassin, Mr. Betz, as secretary of the Republican central committee, introduced the following resolution, which was promptly passed by the body:

"Whereas, an appalling calamity has been visited upon our great nation in the attempted assassination of our beloved president and fellow citizen, William McKinley;

"Resolved, By the Republican central committee of East Liverpool, O., that it is with profound grief and sorrow that we have learned of the murderous attack upon our esteemed chief executive and that we earnestly pray at this hour of fearful anxiety that a kind providence may yet spare him to his countrymen and restore him to health and a long life of further usefulness.

"Resolved, That we express our horror at the dastardly crime by which the president was stricken, and our reprobation of the anarchistic teachings that resulted in its commission, and call upon the national congress and the general assembly of Ohio for the enactment of laws that will render the expression of anarchistic sentiments a crime against public institutions, as well as against society.

"Resolved, That we consider the time at hand for all nations of the world to unite in an effort to efface the great octupus, anarchy."

These resolutions show, better than anything the News Review could say, the patriotic character and political views of Mr. Betz, and need not be enlarged upon.

His Republicanism, his business capacity and his honesty have never been questioned, and there ought to be no question about men of the same political principles as himself giving him the most cordial and enthusiastic support for the office of city treasurer.
45-h

...ORANGES...

We have just received another lot of those fine

Navel Oranges

We can sell at **10c** per dozen.

We have 31,104. How many do you want at 10c per doz.?

East Liverpool's Busiest Stores,

GEON BROS.

MANY REASONS ASSIGNED

Why Russell C. Heddleston Should Be Re-elected to Council.

Editor News Review:

I desire to say a few words in behalf of Russell C. Heddleston, our present councilman from the First ward and a candidate for re-election.

Being a property holder on Bradshaw avenue, I wish to call partiuclar attention to his efforts to improve that street, which he began about one year ago. He succeeded in having a resolution passed by council for the improvement, but the engineer's estimate of the cost at that time was more than the assessments could pay.

Since then Mr. Heddleston has been working faithfully to devise ways and means whereby the improvement could be made with the least possible cost. He, together with Engineer Kelly, have plans now under way, which I believe will lead to the early completion of the work. Several of the cross streets will be graded this spring, and they figure by using the surplus dirt on Bradshaw avenue, the grading can be done soon and at very little cost to the abutting property owners, and will be a big saving to the city. For this one reason, and there are many others, I believe it is the duty of the First ward voters to return Mr. Heddleston to council. He has certainly demonstrated by his past record that he is a capable, efficient and conscientious official and that he has done everything that could be done for his constituents under the circumstances.

A BRADSHAW AVENUE RESIDENT.
45-h

Little Waif Adopted.

Lisbon, Feb. 22, (Special) — Della Weils, aged 8, has been legally adopted by James W. and Mary L. Pearsons, and her name changed to Pearsons. She has recently been in the Fairmount home. A letter from that institution states that her father has abandoned her and the mother is in the Massillon asylum.

SOCIAL MONDAY EVENING.
ALL TURNERS AND HANDLERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ARE REQUESTED TO ATTEND A SOCIAL ON MONDAY NIGHT AT 8 P. M. AT TURNERS' AND HANDLERS' HALL, OVER THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.
44-1

Entertainment And Dance.

Golden Rod Hive No. 20, L. O. T. M., will give an entertainment and dance in the hall over the postoffice Monday evening, Feb. 24. Admission 25 cents.
45-i

RETURNS FROM THE McGOVERN AND SULLIVAN FIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED AT "THE OFFICE" BAR BY ROUNDS TONIGHT.
45-h

NOW IS THE TIME TO TAKE STOCK IN THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY TO GET THE SEPTEMBER DIVIDEND.
37-tsm-11t

More new readers of the News Review every day. It is the favorite home paper.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOUND—Place to buy cheapest and best Iron Bed Mattresses and Springs for the money, at John Schleiter's, 130 Second street.
42-mws-tf

WANTED—Girl for dining room and one dishwasher at the Criterion restaurant.
45-r

WANTED—100 families to buy their Furniture and Stoves from John Schleiter, 130 Second street.
42-mws-tf

LOST—Time and money by not buying your chairs, rockers and odd pieces of furniture from John Schleiter, 130 Second street.
42-mws-tf

FOR SALE—Gas Ranges, Coal Ranges, new and second-hand; two round Oak Heaters at a bargain; cash or will trade for cook stoves or furniture. John Schleiter, 130 Second St.
42-mws-tf

SPECULATIVE SENTIMENT,

Friday, Apparently Overcame Shock In Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 22.—The action of the stock market Friday morning demonstrated pretty conclusively that speculative sentiment had overcome the shock caused by Thursday's unexpected announcement of the proceedings against the Northern Securities company. Stocks held on margin and by timid holders had apparently been sold out Thursday, and, the forced liquidation completed, there was very little need for supporting orders in the market Friday morning. It was generally supposed that stocks bought Thursday for support had been unloaded on the rally, as insiders gained confidence that no serious break in prices was impending. At the opening the market was heavy, but by the second hour the selling had fallen to such small proportions that the market was practically stagnant. At the same time there were points of resistance, and a few stocks gained additional strength as the day progressed and led a substantial rally, which placed prices quite generally above Thursday night's close. The Colorado and Southern stocks became very strong at the last on a volume of dealings unprecedented for those stocks. Their gains reached 3 points or better. Good dividend prospects were alleged as the reason for the advance. Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville also rose 3½ and the preferred 1¾ on reported dividend prospects. Amalgamated Copper was erratic, rising at one time over a point, but closing practically unchanged. Manhattan also failed to hold its full gain of 1½. American Snuff rose 5 and the preferred 2. Northwest recovered 4¾ of Thursday's loss. United States Rubber stocks were strong. Outside of these the striking gains were in less prominent stocks. Renewed strength in the exchange market corroborated the expectation that more gold will be exported next week.

Bonds were rather dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,385,000.

U. S. refunding 2s advanced ¾, the 3c, coupon, ⅝, do registered ¼, the 5s ½ and the old 4s ⅛ over the closing call of last week.

IN MEMORIAM

Resolutions of Respect of Trades And Labor Council.

Whereas, God in His infinite wisdom has deemed it best to call from our midst our beloved and esteemed brother, E. D. Griffith; and

Whereas, Said departed brother was a delegate from the Street Railway Men's Association, and always proved himself a sincere and active worker in labor's cause; and

Whereas, Trades and Labor Council of East Liverpool deeply mourn the loss of an ever-faithful and earnest member; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, Trades and Labor Council, extend our sincere sympathy to the bereaved wife and relatives in their sad affliction; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife, a copy sent to each paper in our city for publication, the same to be spread on the minutes of our council and our charter draped in mourning for 30 days.

GEO. B. M. BEATTY,
WILLIAM COPE,
THOS. S. COLLINS,
45-h Committee.

Attend Tribe of Ben Hur box social, city hall, Wellsville, February 22.
41-m

Not Ended.

"Ah," sighed the would be suicide, "here is where all my troubles come to an end!" And he sprang into the deep waters of the bay.

He was mistaken.

For the life preserver hit him in the neck, and he saw a million stars. The deckhand made a pass at him with a boathook and ripped a small sized crevasse from his waistband to his collar bone. Then they hauled him in, thumped him, doped him, rolled him over a barrel for half an hour and hustled him to the harbor hospital, after which he was arrested, fined $10 and roasted by the judge and kicked along the corridor toward the door. A dog bit him as he departed.

"Alas," he sobbed, "it is more trouble to die than to live!"—San Francisco Bulletin.

IN FAVOR OF ELECTING SENATORS BY DIRECT VOTE.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—The house of representatives has placed itself on record as being in favor of electing United States senators by a direct vote of the people. This action was taken when the Worthington resolution came up for consideration, it being adopted by a vote of 73 to 23. The resolution asks congress to take the necessary action.

Majority Claimed For Local Option.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—The Beal local option bill was reported favorably to the house and made a special order for Wednesday. P. A. Baker, of the Anti-Saloon league, claims that 60 members of the house, a clear majority, are pledged to the bill. Joe Miller, of the State Brewers' association, concedes 50 votes to it. It is the most important measure to come before the legislature.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE..
JAS. A. NORRIS, Manager.

ENTIRE WEEK
Commencing February 24.
MATINEE SATURDAY

—THE—
KEYSTONE
DRAMATIC CO.
Supporting
Gertrude Shipman
—and—
Lawrence B. McGill
in a repertoire of successful plays.

Six big specialties at each performance. A change of play nightly.

Popular Prices:
10c - 20c - 30c.

PROF. McDOUGALL,
Dancing and Deportment.
Every Tuesday, Oyster's Hall, 6th St.
Children, 4 to 6. Beginners, 8 to 9. Social, 9 to 11:30. Private, 10 to 4 and 6 to 8.

COLUMBIAN PARK...
WEEK OF FEBRUARY 17.
DANCING
Tuesday Evening.....Private
Thursday Evening.....Private
Saturday Evening.....Private
Shenkle's Orchestra.
Joseph Cassidy, Mgr.

Prof. Omohundro,
191 Sixth Street, City.
ORATORY, INCLUDING PHYSICAL CULTURE AND DELSARTE. DRAMATIC ART, SPEECH DEFECTS.
Terms Reasonable. Write or Call.

Are You Going to Build
This Spring or Summer?
If so borrow your money from
The Potters Building and Savings Company
Best terms and rate of interest in the city. Call at office.
Cor. 5th and Washington Sts.

Oysters
The season is now open. The best, properly cooked and served, at
The Stag,
125 and 127 Second St.
D. A. DEVINE, Prop

Second Part. # EVENING NEWS REVIEW. **Pages 9 to 12.**

19TH YEAR. NO. 45. EAST LIVERPOOL, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902. TWO CENTS.

McGARRY'S Real Estate Agency

4 room cottage house in Edgewood, Sunnyside. Gas throughout the house Water. Lot 45x92. A neat home. Price $1000.

5 room house on Fairview street. Gas and water in the house. A cheap home. Lot 40x90. Price $1250.

6 room new house on Michigan avenue, East End, near the Klondike Pottery. Lot 30x100. Price $1400.

6 room house at Ralston's Crossing. Water in house. Good cellar and in good repair. Lot 59 front by 110. Price $1600.

8 room double house on Pleasant street in a good location and will make a splendid investment. Is at present rented to two families. Price $1700.

5 room house on Pleasant street. house almost new. Water in house. A choice home. Price $1800.

5 room new house on Jennings avenue, located on street car line. Lot 34x102. Cistern on lot. A cheap home. Price $1600.

3 room cottage home on John street. Good cistern on lot. Lot 60x101. A cozy place and can be purchased on reasonable terms. Price $1000.

7 room house on Fifth street. Modern in every way. Bath room complete, hot and cold water, gas throngh out the house. Good furnace in cellar. Cellar cemented. Porch on the front and rear of house. An elegant property. Choice place for a home. Price $3200.

8 room house on Seventh street with bath room fitted in modern up-to-date style. Inside closet. Gas throughout house. Hot and cold ater. A number one cemented cellar. Good furnace. Street paved and sewered. Lot 27x130. It is a choice location and very desirable property. Ask for the particulars on this property at our office.

9 room house on Second street. Gas and water in house. Can be rented very conveniently to two families. Good cellar. Lot 30x130. Call and have us make you a price on this property.

7 room house with bath, hot and cold water upstairs and down, sewered. Gas through the house. Good cellar under whole house. Also a 3 room cottage house, good cellar, slate roof and in good repair. Situated on Oblique street, near West Market. Lot 60x97. Call and get price on this property.

6 room house on Bradshaw avenue. Good cellar under whole house. Fitted for gas throughout. Cabinet mantel in parlor. Front and back porch. Hot and cold water upstairs and down. Bath room fitted up with tub, wash stand and inside closet. Lot 30x100. A good home. Price $2500.

5 room house in Chester, situated on Indiana avenue, lot 40x140. Good cistern on lot. Gas in house. Good cellar. Will exchange for East Liverpool property. Price $1600.

7 room house on Penna avenue, East End. Bath fitted in modern style. Hot and cold water. Good cellar. Inside closet. Gas throughout. A beautiful home. Lot 35x100. Price $2300.

Good vacant lot on McKinnon avenue, in choice location. Size 52x73. Price $700.

12 room double house in West End. Gas and water in house. Rents for $26 per month. Lot 40x92. This is a splendid investment and would be glad to quote price to anyone looking for good property.

4 room house inside property. Water and gas in house. Good cellar with heater in same. A good home. Lot 30x70. Price $1900.

Office Open Evenings. - Corner Fifth and Market Sts.

...THE THOMAS BAKERY...

"The Bread That's Good."
UNION MADE.

Pies, Cakes, Rolls, Puffs, etc.
"THE BEST YET."

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

EAST LIVERPOOL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The Fryett Art Co.
5th and Broadway
Are making fine Platino Photographs, 12 on Mantello Cards, one extra one on 8x10 Mounts, all for $2.00.
Gallery open every evening.

R. S. DANLEY,
BARBER SHOP AND BATH ROOMS.
Hot and Cold Baths. Rooms always ready. No waiting. Corner 4th and Washington Street, Opposite Post Office.

ABRAHAM BURLINGAME
Wucherer's Addition.
Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay Carpet at reasonable rates.

C. N. MILLER
176 West Sixth street,
Successor to J. D. West.
LIVERY AND UNDERTAKING.
Latest methods of Embalming. Lady Assistant, Both Phones 38.

New Barber Shop!
A. J. Donahoo has taken charge of the Barber Shop at No. 129 Union Street.
First Class Guaranteed.

All kinds of Rubber Goods, Hot Water Bottles, Family, Fountain and Combination Syringes all guaranteed at
THE EAST LIVERPOOL DRUG CO.
150 Second St.

See the wonderful
SELF-WRINGING MOP,
for sale by Miss F. Turner, No. 324, Avondale Street.
Agents solicited. Phone Col. Co. 264, East Liverpool, Ohio.

JUMBO COAL.
The Best Grade furnished by the Pittsburg Coal Co. For sale by
J. F. BILLINGSLEY,
Lincoln Ave. and East Market Street, Col. Co. Phone 142. Bell 208-3.

Ask us about our liberal
Accident and Health Policy.
WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents
Walsh Building, 6th Street.
C. C. Phone 261.

FOR A GOOD SHINE
—Call at—
THE UNION SHOE SHINING PARLORS
Work called for and delivered.
Walsh Building, 6th St.

MARVIN'S Home Made BREAD,

Best on Earth.

For Sale by all Grocers.

PRINCE DUE TODAY.

All In Readiness For the Reception of Our Visitor From Germany.

WREATHES FOR GRANT'S TOMB.

Henry to Place One For Himself and One For the Emperor Tomorrow. President's Representatives to Welcome the Prince.

New York, Feb. 22.—All preparations have been made for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry of Prussia, who is on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, which is expected to arrive today. The imperial yacht Hohenzollern, after having been cleaned up and partially repainted, lies at her pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street, awaiting the prince's arrival. Her main gangway has been placed directly opposite the door through which Prince Henry will land from the Kronprinz Wilhelm. He will cross the pier and board the Hohenzollern. At the gangway he will be met by Admiral Von Baudissin, while the other officers of the yacht will stand at the sides of the gangway. Behind, on the decks of the boat, the crew will be drawn up, and the ship's band will play a national air as the prince steps on the boat. The Marconi apparatus on the Hohenzollern has been tested and found to be in good working order. Last night the operator on board began to send messages in an effort to locate the prince's ship. On board the Cunarder Etruria the wireless apparatus is also in readiness and an operator on watch for signals from the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

The President's Representatives.

Admiral Evans, General Corbin and Assistant Secretary of State Hill, the president's delegates, will board the Kronprinz probably at the quarantine station and will greet Prince Henry in the name of the United States government.

All arrangements have been completed for the dinner to be given to the American press in honor of Prince Henry on Tuesday next, and Herman Ridder who has charge of the preparations for this banquet, said yesterday that the number of acceptances received from leading representatives of the newspaper world was very gratifying.

The Irving Place theater, where a gala performance is to be given this evening, has been beautifully decorated, and orders have been given for the festooning of the prince's box with American beauty roses, more than 400 of the roses to be used for this purpose. Heinrich Conreid, manager of the theater, has had a special entrance broken through the wall on the Fifteenth street side of the theater, in order to permit the prince to enter the royal box immediately on stepping from his carriage.

The play selected for this performance is Blumenthal and Kadelburg's three-act comedy, "Im Weissen Roessel."

The selection was made by request, as the prince has thus far had no opportunity of seeing the play, owing to the fact that during the time when it was given in various cities of Germany he was in China.

Everything has been made ready for the special opera performance to be given for the prince. It is believed that this will be the most brilliant performance in the history of the Metropolitan opera house.

To Visit Grant's Tomb.

On Sunday, when Prince Henry visits the tomb of General Grant, he will place two wreaths on the tomb, one from the kaiser and the other the prince's own tribute. Both wreaths will be composed of American beauty roses, lilies and orchids, and will have in the center a crown. On the emperor's wreath will be worked in flowers the initials "W. I. R." (William Imperator Rex).

The pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street, where the prince will land, has been made a special sub-police precinct, with two captains, eight sergeants, 10 roundsmen, 50 mounted policemen and 100 patrolmen, all picked men. It is known as the Hohenzollern precinct.

A postal telegraph office, with a direct wire connection with the German cable, has been established on the dock at the foot of Thirty-fourth street for the accommodation of Prince Henry of Prussia and his suite, who will thereby be in instant communication with Germany at all times.

GERMAN CONDUCT EXCELLENT.

So Says Ambassador White of Nation's Attitude During Spanish-American War.

Berlin, Feb. 22.—Andrew D. White, the American ambassador here, presiding last night at an assemblage of 300 Americans, who celebrated Washington's birthday at the Kaiserhof by a musical entertainment, followed by supper and a dance, said, in part, in an address:

"Sundry writers on this side of the Atlantic have been especially eloquent in denouncing the general hatred of Germany and the Germans which they insist obtains in the United States. Much has been said of 'Deutschen hetze' (German baiting), and this has been placed in such a lurid light that one would almost believe that on the appearance of one of our German-American fellow citizens upon the streets of an American city the citizens of American birth were ready to cry havoc and let loose on him the dogs of war.

"It has been my duty for five years to read with considerable conscientiousness a number of the foremost American newspapers representing the dominant thought in various parts of the union, and I can most truthfully say that I have failed to find the slightest trace of such 'Deutschen hetze.' I did not discover anything like hatred or a persecuting spirit toward the German-Americans on the American continent. Even if there were no other reasons, the Americans are too busy and too good-natured for an amusement of that kind.

No Clouds Between Countries.

"On the other side it has been insisted by more or less well meaning people in the United States that a dark cloud between the two countries really exists and that the times of which ancient history makes mention, and especially during our Spanish war, the German government was somewhat hostile to the United States, or in some manner which nobody seems to be able to give with precision, the German government did something which it ought not to have done, and left undone something which it ought to have done. To this, answer has been made if I may be allowed here to refer to it, by myself as one competent to express opinion on the subject, with the declaration that the conduct of the German government toward us during the Spanish war was excellent. The German government observed a strict neutrality and showed no unfriendly spirit. From first to last it never made any suggestions or proposals that embarrassed us in the slightest degree. In fact, the conduct of the German government was all that we could desire it to be.

Emperor's Conduct All Right.

"Some selfconstituted guardians of the welfare of the United States have insisted that, if not the imperial government, it was the honored and revered sovereign of the empire who spread this cloud over the relations of the two nations by promoting, or, if not promoting, by joining in a league to intervene and stop the war.

"On this account various people have really made themselves very unhappy. Now, however, within a fortnight, all this has been cleared away, and it has been shown beyond a doubt that the revered and beloved sovereign of this country refused to take part in anything which could be construed as interference in the contest, and refused in such a manner as to show that he respected the motives and appreciated the feelings of the American government."

SEE THROUGH GERMANY'S GAME.

London Spectator Says Americans and English Understand the Prince's Visit.

London, Feb. 22.—The weekly reviews make the impending arrival of Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, at New York the occasion of another chapter in the Spanish-American war controversy.

The Spectator reviews at length the whole story of the diplomatic exchanges, with a view of controverting what it terms "the distortion of the actual facts by the German press."

The paper disclaims any intention of attempting to mar the reception to be tendered Prince Henry, but declares that both Englishmen and Americans "see through Germany's game," and refuse to be misled by the "inspired" attempts to undermine their mutual friendship and understanding.

"A fact which will be written down by the historian," says The Spectator, "is as well recognized today as it will ever be. That is, that England used her influence, and the Americans know she used it, on the side of the United States, as against those who wished to take the side of Spain. A test of the attitude towards America during the war, displayed by England and Germany respectively, is found in the respective attitudes of the English and German squadrons toward Admiral Dewey in Manila bay. The Germans nearly fired on the Americans. If they had done so the English would have acted on the American side."

Treats the Matter Lightly.

The Outlook treats the matter lightly. It says that Emperor William, "now, as in China, uses Prince Henry as a bait for the German hook. Neither Prince Henry nor his astute brother, the emperor, will ever succeed in weakening the substantial grounds upon which Anglo-American co-operation now rests."

The Saturday Review, on the other hand, pursues its customary anti-American course, and roundly abuses the government for being drawn into this fresh "humiliating position," and denominates the whole controversy as an "international slanging match."

The Saturday Review declares that the disclosures blacken the memory of the late President McKinley, as they show he followed Bismarck's policy without Bismarck's excuse, and that he wilfully suppressed Spain's final capitulation in order to precipitate war when he might manfully have stood out against the popular clamor and secured peace.

THIRD WARRANT FOR ANDREWS.

He and Another Official Accused of Making False Bank Report.

Detroit, Feb. 22.—A third warrant was issued yesterday for Frank C. Andrews, vice president of the City Savings bank, which is in the hands of a receiver, on a complaint charging him, together with another officer of the bank, for whom a warrant was also issued, with making a false report on the bank's condition to the state banking commissioner, on Feb. 20, 1901. Mr. Andrews was arraigned in the police court late yesterday afternoon. His counsel asked that he be released on this charge on his personal recognizance, in view of the fact that the bail on the two former complaints against him totals $25,000, and is ample. Judge Whelan declined to grant the request and fixed the bail at $50,000. This was not furnished. Mr. Andrews' examination was set for Feb. 28, the date of his examination on the other two complaints.

In the Streets of Cairo.

One of the most picturesque places in the world is undoubtedly the Egyptian city of Cairo, and not the least of its attractions are the varied and often musical street cries which assail the ears on all sides. Not only the street musicians who tap their tambourines to the admiring "Allahs" of the crowd, but the merchants and peddlers, contribute to the chorus.

A fruit seller, basket on head, with grapes and figs, will saunter by singing in a quaint minor: "Oh, grapes, oh, sweet grapes, that are larger than doves' eggs and sweeter than new cream! Oh, angels' food, delicious figs, bursting with honey, restorers of health!"

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"Hist! Don't say a word! I'm scared to death."

"What is it—dynamite?" asked the messenger boy in alarm.

"Naw; it's money."

"Gee! Money! How much?"

"Two thou. I'm carryin' it down to another bank, and I'm scared."

"Say, how does a feller feel when he has so much money?"

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HE FILLED THE BUCKET.

A Story of Grant When He Was a "Pleb." at West Point.

There is a story told of General Grant when a pleb. He had just entered on his first day in "pleb." camp. A first classman who had noticed the boy's strong build intimated to him it would be a pleasure to have him call immediately at the senior's tent. Grant went. There is a rule at West Point, which was a rule then as well, that any cadet who asks another to perform menial labor for him shall be dismissed from the service. The first classman knew too much to ask his pleb. visitor outright to do anything of the kind, but here is the way he went at it:

"I presume, Mr. Grant, that you have lived on a farm, and, this being the case, you have had undoubtedly a good opportunity to note the effect of the sun's rays on certain objects. Now, if you had left a water bucket that was innocent of holding a single drop of the fluid out in the sun from its rising to its setting, what do you think, sir, would be the particular effect upon that particular water bucket?"

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"Very good, Mr. Grant. You show erudition beyond your years. Now, if you will notice my water bucket, you will see that it is as dry as a chip. Now, by the further exercise of your knowledge, Mr. Grant, can you tell me by what means I may prevent the warping and leaking of my bucket?"

"Have it filled," said Grant.

"Very good again, Mr. Grant, but note that you said 'have it filled,' not 'fill it.' That necessarily means that some one must fill it for me. You have shown so much acumen that I fear to violate your prescription either in letter or in spirit, which I should do if I presumed to carry the bucket to the water tank myself."

Grant filled the bucket.

A Homeless Community.

Some people live in New York; others exist. It is certain that a majority of our citizens never owned a home. They live in rented flats or houses all their lives and do not know the meaning of possession. Many millionaires dwell in hired residences. Their homes are in other states, but they must be in Fifth avenue during the social season, and they must keep house. Philadelphia has been spoken of as a "community of homes." New York is a community of rents. More than half of our people don't know what it is to pay taxes. Their obligations of citizenship are settled by the landlord, who takes everything out in the rent. We are becoming a characterless mob.—New York Press.

Repartee In the Classroom.

A member of the Harvard class of 1860 is responsible for the following:

The elucidator of the mysteries of chemistry was then Professor Job Cook, a very sedate man and never intentionally guilty of a joke.

One day in a recitation he said to a student, "Mr. Slack, how do you slack lime?"

The student, supposing the pun upon his name to be intentional, answered quick as a flash, "Cook it, sir."

Of course the class roared, but instead of enjoying the apt repartee the professor took it as a personal affront and reported Mr. Slack for a reprimand.

Second Part. # EVENING NEWS REVIEW. **Pages 9 to 12.**

19TH YEAR. NO. 45. EAST LIVERPOOL, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902. TWO CENTS.

McGARRY'S Real Estate Agency

4 room cottage house in Edgewood, Sunnyside. Gas throughout the house Water. Lot 45x92. A neat home. Price $1000.

5 room house on Fairview street. Gas and water in the house. A cheap home. Lot 40x90. Price $1250.

6 room new house on Michigan avenue, East End, near the Klondike Pottery. Lot 30x100. Price $1400.

6 room house at Ralston's Crossing. Water in house. Good cellar and in good repair. Lot 59 front by 110. Price $1600.

8 room double house on Pleasant street in a good location and will make a splendid investment. Is at present rented to two families. Price $1700.

5 room house on Pleasant street. house almost new. Water in house. A choice home. Price $1800.

5 room new house on Jennings avenue, located on street car line. Lot 34x102. Cistern on lot. A cheap home. Price $1600.

3 room cottage home on John street. Good cistern on lot. Lot 60x101. A cozy place and can be purchased on reasonable terms. Price $1000.

7 room house on Fifth street. Modern in every way. Bath room complete, hot and cold water, gas throngh out the house. Good furnace in cellar. Cellar cemented. Porch on the front and rear of house. An elegant property. Choice place for a home. Price $3200.

8 room house on Seventh street with bath room fitted in modern up-to-date style. Inside closet. Gas throughout house. Hot and cold ater. A number one cemented cellar. Good furnace. Street paved and sewered. Lot 27x130. It is a choice location and very desirable property. Ask for the particulars on this property at our office.

9 room house on Second street. Gas and water in house. Can be rented very conveniently to two families. Good cellar. Lot 30x130. Call and have us make you a price on this property.

7 room house with bath, hot and cold water upstairs and down, sewered. Gas through the house. Good cellar under whole house. Also a 3 room cottage house, good cellar, slate roof and in good repair. Situated on Oblique street, near West Market. Lot 60x97. Call and get price on this property.

6 room house on Bradshaw avenue. Good cellar under whole house. Fitted for gas throughout. Cabinet mantel in parlor. Front and back porch. Hot and cold water upstairs and down. Bath room fitted up with tub, wash stand and inside closet. Lot 30x100. A good home. Price $2500.

5 room house in Chester, situated on Indiana avenue, lot 40x140. Good cistern on lot. Gas in house. Good cellar. Will exchange for East Liverpool property. Price $1600.

7 room house on Penna avenue, East End. Bath fitted in modern style. Hot and cold water. Good cellar. Inside closet. Gas throughout. A beautiful home. Lot 35x100. Price $2300.

Good vacant lot on McKinnon avenue, in choice location. Size 52x73. Price $700.

12 room double house in West End. Gas and water in house. Rents for $26 per month. Lot 40x92. This is a splendid investment and would be glad to quote price to anyone looking for good property.

4 room house inside property. Water and gas in house. Good cellar with heater in same. A good home. Lot 30x70. Price $1900.

Office Open Evenings. - Corner Fifth and Market Sts.

...THE THOMAS BAKERY...

"The Bread That's Good."
UNION MADE.

Pies, Cakes, Rolls, Puffs, etc.
"THE BEST YET."

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

EAST LIVERPOOL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The Fryett Art Co.
5th and Broadway
Are making fine Platino Photographs, 12 on Mantello Cards, one extra one on 8x10 Mounts, all for $2.00.
Gallery open every evening.

R. S. DANLEY,
BARBER SHOP AND BATH ROOMS.
Hot and Cold Baths. Rooms always ready. No waiting. Corner 4th and Washington Street, Opposite Post Office.

ABRAHAM BURLINGAME
Wucherer's Addition.
Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay Carpet at reasonable rates.

C. N. MILLER
176 West Sixth street,
Successor to J. D. West.
LIVERY AND UNDERTAKING.
Latest methods of Embalming. Lady Assistant. Both Phones 38.

New Barber Shop!
A. J. Donahoo has taken charge of the Barber Shop at No. 129 Union Street.
First Class Guaranteed.

All kinds of Rubber Goods, Hot Water Bottles, Family, Fountain and Combination Syringes all guaranteed at
THE EAST LIVERPOOL DRUG CO.
150 Second St.

See the wonderful
SELF-WRINGING MOP,
for sale by Miss F. Turner, No. 324, Avondale Street.
Agents solicited. Phone Col. Co. 364, East Liverpool, Ohio.

JUMBO COAL.
The Best Grade furnished by the Pittsburg Coal Co. For sale by
J. F. BILLINGSLEY,
Lincoln Ave. and East Market Street, Col. Co. Phone 142. Bell 208-3.

Ask us about our liberal
Accident and Health Policy.
WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents
Walsh Building, 6th Street.
C. C. Phone 261.

FOR A GOOD SHINE
—Call at—
THE UNION SHOE SHINING PARLORS
Work called for and delivered.
Walsh Building, 6th St.

MARVIN'S
Home Made
BREAD,
Best on Earth.
For Sale by all Grocers.

PRINCE DUE TODAY.

All In Readiness For the Reception of Our Visitor From Germany.

WREATHES FOR GRANT'S TOMB.

Henry to Place One For Himself and One For the Emperor Tomorrow. President's Representatives to Welcome the Prince.

New York, Feb. 22.—All preparations have been made for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry of Prussia, who is on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, which is expected to arrive today. The imperial yacht Hohenzollern, after having been cleaned up and partially repainted, lies at her pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street, awaiting the prince's arrival. Her main gangway has been placed directly opposite the door through which Prince Henry will land from the Kronprinz Wilhelm. He will cross the pier and board the Hohenzollern. At the gangway he will be met by Admiral Von Baudissin, while the other officers of the yacht will stand at the sides of the gangway. Behind, on the decks of the boat, the crew will be drawn up, and the ship's band will play a national air as the prince steps on the boat. The Marconi apparatus on the Hohenzollern has been tested and found to be in good working order. Last night the operator on board began to send messages in an effort to locate the prince's ship. On board the Cunarder Etruria the wireless apparatus is also in readiness and an operator on watch for signals from the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

The President's Representatives.

Admiral Evans, General Corbin and Assistant Secretary of State Hill, the president's delegates, will board the Kronprinz probably at the quarantine station and will greet Prince Henry in the name of the United States government.

All arrangements have been completed for the dinner to be given to the American press in honor of Prince Henry on Tuesday next, and Herman Ridder who has charge of the preparations for this banquet, said yesterday that the number of acceptances received from leading representatives of the newspaper world was very gratifying.

The Irving Place theater, where a gala performance is to be given this evening, has been beautifully decorated, and orders have been given for the festooning of the prince's box with American beauty roses, more than 400 of the roses to be used for this purpose. Heinrich Conreid, manager of the theater, has had a special entrance broken through the wall on the Fifteenth street side of the theater, in order to permit the prince to enter the royal box immediately on stepping from his carriage.

The play selected for this performance is Blumenthal and Kadelburg's three-act comedy, "Im Weissen Roessel."

The selection was made by request, as the prince has thus far had no opportunity of seeing the play, owing to the fact that during the time when it was given in various cities of Germany he was in China.

Everything has been made ready for the special opera performance to be given for the prince. It is believed that this will be the most brilliant performance in the history of the Metropolitan opera house.

To Visit Grant's Tomb.

On Sunday, when Prince Henry visits the tomb of General Grant, he will place two wreaths on the tomb, one from the kaiser and the other the prince's own tribute. Both wreaths will be composed of American beauty roses, lilies and orchids, and will have in the center a crown. On the emperor's wreath will be worked in flowers the initials "W. I. R." (William Imperator Rex).

The pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street, where the prince will land, has been made a special sub-police precinct, with two captains, eight sergeants, 10 roundsmen, 50 mounted policemen and 100 patrolmen, all picked men. It is known as the Hohenzollern precinct.

A postal telegraph office, with a direct wire connection with the German cable, has been established on the dock at the foot of Thirty-fourth street for the accommodation of Prince Henry of Prussia and his suite, who will thereby be in instant communication with Germany at all times.

GERMAN CONDUCT EXCELLENT.

So Says Ambassador White of Nation's Attitude During Spanish-American War.

Berlin, Feb. 22.—Andrew D. White, the American ambassador here, presiding last night at an assemblage of 300 Americans, who celebrated Washington's birthday at the Kaiserhof by a musical entertainment, followed by supper and a dance, said, in part, in an address:

"Sundry writers on this side of the Atlantic have been especially eloquent in denouncing the general hatred of Germany and the Germans which they insist obtains in the United States. Much has been said of 'Deutschen hetze' (German baiting), and this has been placed in such a lurid light that one would almost believe that on the appearance of one of our German-American fellow citizens upon the streets of an American city the citizens of American birth were ready to cry havoc and let loose on him the dogs of war.

"It has been my duty for five years to read with considerable conscientiousness a number of the foremost American newspapers representing the dominant thought in various parts of the union, and I can most truthfully say that I have failed to find the slightest trace of such 'Deutschen hetze.' I did not discover anything like hatred or a persecuting spirit toward the German-Americans on the American continent. Even if there were no other reasons, the Americans are too busy and too good-natured for an amusement of that kind.

No Clouds Between Countries.

"On the other side it has been insisted by more or less well meaning people in the United States that a dark cloud between the two countries really exists and that the times of which ancient history makes mention, and especially during our Spanish war, the German government was somewhat hostile to the United States, or in some manner which nobody seems to be able to give with precision, the German government did something which it ought not to have done, and left undone something which it ought to have done. To this, answer has been made if I may be allowed here to refer to it, by myself as one competent to express opinion on the subject, with the declaration that the conduct of the German government toward us during the Spanish war was excellent. The German government observed a strict neutrality and showed no unfriendly spirit. From first to last it never made any suggestions or proposals that embarrassed us in the slightest degree. In fact, the conduct of the German government was all that we could desire it to be.

Emperor's Conduct All Right.

"Some selfconstituted guardians of the welfare of the United States have insisted that, if not the imperial government, it was the honored and revered sovereign of the empire who spread this cloud over the relations of the two nations by promoting, or, if not promoting, by joining in a league to intervene and stop the war.

"On this account various people have really made themselves very unhappy. Now, however, within a fortnight, all this has been cleared away, and it has been shown beyond a doubt that the revered and beloved sovereign of this country refused to take part in anything which could be construed as interference in the contest, and refused in such a manner as to show that he respected the motives and appreciated the feelings of the American government."

SEE THROUGH GERMANY'S GAME.

London Spectator Says Americans and English Understand the Prince's Visit.

London, Feb. 22.—The weekly reviews make the impending arrival of Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, at New York the occasion of another chapter in the Spanish-American war controversy.

The Spectator reviews at length the whole story of the diplomatic exchanges, with a view of controverting what it terms "the distortion of the actual facts by the German press."

The paper disclaims any intention of attempting to mar the reception to be tendered Prince Henry, but declares that both Englishmen and Americans "see through Germany's game," and refuse to be misled by the "inspired" attempts to undermine their mutual friendship and understanding.

"A fact which will be written down by the historian," says The Spectator, "is as well recognized today as it will ever be. That is, that England used her influence, and the Americans know she used it, on the side of the United States, as against those who wished to take the side of Spain. A test of the attitude towards America during the war, displayed by England and Germany respectively, is found in the respective attitudes of the English and German squadrons toward Admiral Dewey in Manila bay. The Germans nearly fired on the Americans. If they had done so the English would have acted on the American side."

Treats the Matter Lightly.

The Outlook treats the matter lightly. It says that Emperor William, "now, as in China, uses Prince Henry as a bait for the German hook. Neither Prince Henry nor his astute brother, the emperor, will ever succeed in weakening the substantial grounds upon which Anglo-American co-operation now rests."

The Saturday Review, on the other hand, pursues its customary anti-American course, and roundly abuses the government for being drawn into this fresh "humiliating position," and denominates the whole controversy as an "international slanging match."

The Saturday Review declares that the disclosures blacken the memory of the late President McKinley, as they show he followed Bismarck's policy without Bismarck's excuse, and that he wilfully suppressed Spain's final capitulation in order to precipitate war when he might manfully have stood out against the popular clamor and secured peace.

THIRD WARRANT FOR ANDREWS.

He and Another Official Accused of Making False Bank Report.

Detroit, Feb. 22.—A third warrant was issued yesterday for Frank C. Andrews, vice president of the City Savings bank, which is in the hands of a receiver, on a complaint charging him, together with another officer of the bank, for whom a warrant was also issued, with making a false report on the bank's condition to the state banking commissioner, on Feb. 20, 1901. Mr. Andrews was arraigned in the police court late yesterday afternoon. His counsel asked that he be released on this charge on his personal recognizance, in view of the fact that the bail on the two former complaints against him totals $25,000, and is ample. Judge Whelan declined to grant the request and fixed the bail at $50,000. This was not furnished. Mr. Andrews' examination was set for Feb. 28, the date of his examination on the other two complaints.

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Of course the class roared, but instead of enjoying the apt repartee the professor took it as a personal affront and reported Mr. Slack for a reprimand.

When Martha Washington Was Young

BORN FEB. 22, 1732.

BY MINERVA SPENCER HANDY

Copyright, 1902, by Minerva Spencer Handy

WHEN this little daughter, Martha, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Dandridge, way down in Virginia, in the year 1730, her eyes looked upon a very different world from that the twentieth century baby gazes at. She no doubt had beautifully hand embroidered gowns and underclothing, for the mothers of that time were very much better needlewomen than we are, but they were all fashioned of linen or dimity, cold and clammy. Even the little undergarments were of the same material, for woolen or flannel held no place in the dressing of infants or children. All the warmth required seemed to be in a tiny embroidered shawl pinned around the shoulders. All gowns were neckless and sleeveless, and when we remember how imperfectly the houses were heated we wonder if Martha was not often dosed with medicine when she cried when all she wanted was to have a few more comfortable clothes. Her mother and father no doubt had plenty of furs and velvets, for they were of the aristocratic class and had all their best clothing direct from England. They, however, thought the little ones either did not

MARTHA SAT FOR HOURS IN STOCKS OR STRAPPED TO BACKBOARDS.

feel the cold or else should early learn the lesson of self control and cheerful endurance of what could not be helped. Be that as it may, I am sure Martha and all the other colonial babies must have suffered with the cold. Icy blasts blew down the great chimneys, and the rooms could not be warmed three feet from where the great logs were blazing. The bedrooms were not heated at all, and the only hope that the babies slept warmly at all lies in the long handled warming pan which a black boy or girl nightly thrust between the clammy linen sheets. These, filled with live coals from the kitchen fire, must have proved very grateful to the baby of long ago.

When the babies had laid aside their first clothes, they were dressed exactly like their parents. A costume worn by a little tot two and a half years old is described as follows: "Of yellow brocaded satin over a petticoat of crimson velvet." It touched the floor in front and trailed behind just as did her mother's, and I do not believe that little girl had half as much pleasure in this state costume as girls of today do in their simple suits, free to run and jump or to do anything a healthy body prompts them to.

The chief aim in every girl's life was to be erect. To attain this young girls were simply tortured. Martha Washington, or, more correctly, Martha Dandridge, no doubt sat for hours in stocks or strapped to backboards. Stays and stiffened coats were made even more unbending by metal or wood busks. These latter were handsomely carved and elaborately decorated and were considered an elegant and appropriate gift to a little girl. These instruments did give the erect carriage the girls desired, but I do not believe they could skate or bicycle with much comfort.

Boys were dressed exactly like their fathers, in doublets, leather knee breeches, fancy waistcoats, leather belts and knit caps. They had an outer cloak called a mandillion, which was lined usually with a bright colored cloth and was very picturesque.

The most blameworthy custom in the dress of the boys was the universal wearing of wigs. These were expensive, costing £7 or £8 apiece ($35 or $40), and all boys over seven years of age wore them. After wigs went out of fashion hair was worn powdered, and, although it was becoming, we should be glad we do not wear our hair so, as the powder dusted off, ruining the clothes, even when the hair was oiled and pomatumed to overcome the difficulty.

With the exception of the state garments, imported by the very rich, all the wool and cotton used in the households were woven and spun by the mothers and daughters. Martha Washington not only wore homemade and home spun clothes, but helped to weave and make them. Nothing was wasted. Old scraps and pieces of worn garments were raveled, dyed and woven into cushions or chair covers. New gowns were few and far between, and, being fashioned with such great labor, I am sure Martha and all little girls who lived in her time took the greatest care of them. Even when she became the wife of the rich Colonel Custis and afterward of the great and good George Washington she was industrious, economical and simple in her tastes. We are told by one historian that, "although court etiquette prevailed in their public life, their home life was very unostentatious. All the clothes worn by the general and herself were made in the house. Two of Martha Washington's best gowns were of cotton striped with silk, woven from the ravelings of brown silk stockings and old crimson chair covers."

No high chairs, or in fact any chairs at all, were provided for the little folks when Martha Washington was young. Even at the table children stood respectfully behind their elders' chairs, taking what food was offered them. In the better families they stood at a side table with trencher in hand, bringing their food from the great table. They were never allowed to speak except to answer a question, and then with the greatest respect and courtesy. They ate very much simpler food than you do, for there were no railroads to bring them dainties from all parts of the world. They ate in silence and as fast as possible, regardless of digestion, being expected to be "moderately satisfied" and to leave the room as soon as possible.

There were no kindergartens for the children of that time. Learning was a hard, uninteresting process, but the children were soon put at it and could read and write very creditably by the time they were five years old and were able to answer correctly every question in the Westminster Catechism. Boys read Latin and Greek by the time our children are just beginning to master the alphabet. Girls had little need of such accomplishments, but their simpler school lessons were increased by a thorough knowledge of hatcheling and carding, spinning and reeling, weaving and bleaching, cooking, candle and cheese making, knitting, embroidering and needlework of every description. Satan got few recruits from the ranks of the idle. Almost all waking time was filled with some useful occupation.

Children had few if any toys. The crudest of dolls comforted Martha when things had gone wrong with her. She may have had some dolls' furniture cut out by a jackknife, but I am sure she would have thought she was in fairyland could she have peeped into a modern nursery, filled with its almost living playthings.

Despite all these drawbacks (from our point of view) Martha Washington grew into a beautiful, loving girl and brought to George Washington domestic arts and home learned accomplishments which did more to make him happy than those we deem essential in our time. Mount Vernon, that ideal home of the southern gentleman of the eighteenth century, bears witness to her skill as a housewife. The "mother and daughter power" of the colonists gave a race of home bred, home loving, home honoring women. Although much in their lives seems odd and hard to us born amid the ease and luxury of the

CHILDREN STOOD RESPECTFULLY BEHIND THEIR ELDERS' CHAIRS.

nineteenth and twentieth centuries, we may learn many precious lessons from Martha Washington and those other noble women who lived when she did. Instead of condemning that which is different from our way of doing, let us reflect upon the industry, simplicity, system, orderliness and piety of those at whose primitive ways young people are inclined to sneer. It is also well to remember what clever Oliver Wendell Holmes meant when he wrote:

Little of all we value here
Wakes on the morn of its hundredth year
Without both looking and feeling queer.

WASHINGTON

By WALTON WILLIAMS

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WHEN regal despots would impose a galling yoke upon our sires.
They fought for right and home as those alone can do whom freedom fires.

DEEP dyed was many a battlefield with patriot's blood, and hireling hands
Were taught that free men never yield, that sharp are swords borne in their hands.

FROM Lexington to Yorktown, led by Washington, they onward went.
Through changing fortune fought and bled till home the vanquished foe was sent.

GREAT chieftain who our fathers led through scenes of death to freedom's goal,
The world with honor crowns thy head, attests thy nobleness of soul!

HEROIC men have been whose fame was dimmed by cruelty or crime.
But our pure hero's honored name untainted shall be through future time.

WHILE love of liberty inspires the patriot's heart, or there is one
Who'd emulate our freeborn sires, thy fame is sure, great Washington!

NUTS and CIDER

A Story of General Washington

By Aaron Mason.

[Copyright, 1902, by Aaron Mason.]

IT was a little farmhouse on a hill, an ordinary farmhouse. There was just an ordinary well some ten yards from the door. An ordinary cow was grazing in the field near by. An ordinary walnut tree grew a little way from the well, and an ordinary small bird was pruning his feathers sitting on a line stretched from a nail in the lintel of the door to a spike driven into the trunk of the walnut tree. There was nothing unordinary in the whole scene, not even in the three men, one seated on a block near the gate to the barn and the other two leaning with folded arms against the lintels. Even the muskets beside them were ordinary, for at that time it was not uncommon for three men met together to be well armed.

Inside the house the scenes were just as common. The furniture in the front room was oaken, heavy and colonial. These were colonial days. The windows were small. The panes in them very small. There was a dish of walnuts in the middle of the table. A pitcher of hard cider and two tumblers stood beside it. The tumblers were of English cut glass, a little more extraordinary in a farmhouse in New Jersey now than then, perhaps. But certainly the distinguished air that this little glittering luxury gave to the room was not borne out by the dress and general appearance of the men there. Like those outside, one of these was seated at a little table before the western window. The other two stood, leaning against the walls of the low room. If the man seated had stood, he might have appeared a little extraordinary in stature.

"If you do not care to send Woods," said the broader and thicker set of the two men standing, "there is no reason why my aid, Van Houser, should not go. He is a match for any two men in Jersey, a hard rider and very smart at eluding pursuit."

"I can spare Woods very well, Schuyler," replied the other and smaller man, "but I suppose the general, as usual, will take his own choice."

"We must use the best we have," said the man at the table, looking up.

"But how to choose?" queried the man addressed as Schuyler.

"Call them here, Gates," replied the man at the table.

The little man went to the door, and a moment later the three ordinary men from without joined the three ordinary men within.

"Men," said the man at the table, "there are cider and nuts. Help yourselves." With that he turned to the window again and continued assorting and apparently correcting the papers before him.

The three men from without seated themselves. They said no word, but attacked the nuts and cider more as men obeying orders than as if to satisfy

THEY SAID NO WORD.

any desire for meat and drink. The room became quite silent but for the occasional cracking of nuts and the rustling of papers at the windows—so silent, indeed, that the soft flow of the cider into the cut glass tumblers could at intervals be heard. If there was here anything unordinary, it was perhaps a peculiar trick the man at the window had of now and again turning his face toward the interior of the room, as if he would be cognizant of everything there going on, even to the cracking of a nut. At last he rose. He seemed very tall in the low room. At the same time the three men rose from their nuts and cider.

"Van Houser," said the tall man, "General Schuyler will have orders for you in the course of the morning, and you, Woods, report to your chief at 3 o'clock. You can go."

The two men went out, leaving the most ordinary looking of the three behind.

"Miles," said the tall man, "here is a dispatch to Jean Paul Jones, on board Le Bonhomme Richard somewhere off the coast of Maine. It must be delivered posthaste. In case of probable capture destroy it."

"It shall be delivered," said Miles, and with his hat in his hand he left the room.

"You chose your own man, general," said Gates when the three soldiers were gone.

"Because he was English," said Schuyler, with a smile which belied the implication of his own words.

"My man speaks French," said Gates.

"And mine both Dutch and high German, a very useful accomplishment for a traveler through New Jersey."

The tall man looked at his two colleagues as if not at all interested in their comments, and then, like one speaking his thought aloud, he said:

"I chose because of the nuts and cider."

A faint smile hovered at the corners of Gates' mouth, and over the face of Schuyler came the heavy look of a man who tries to solve an enigma. The tall man continued:

"Van Houser had reached the admiral and delivered the dispatch were the way fair and friendly and horses and money plenty. See the scattered shells, the half wasted kernels. Woods had delivered the message by word of mouth were main strength and courage only necessary. He broke the nuts with his thumb and forefingers. But Miles will reach the admiral. He will husband his resources. His horse, his provender and his money will not fail him. He took few nuts, but he extracted all their kernel, not by strength, but by finesse, and he took but one glass of cider after the others had well drunk."

There was silence for a moment. It was broken by Schuyler.

"General Washington," said he, "I take back my mock."

George Washington did not smile or reply. He bent his head and returned to his dispatches.

WASHINGTON ON MARRIAGE

In several letters Washington expressed his views upon the institution of marriage. To the French ally, Count Chastellux, who served in America as a major general, he wrote: "In reading your very friendly and acceptable letter I was, as you may well suppose, not less delighted than surprised to meet the plain American words 'my wife.' A wife! Well, my dear marquis, I can hardly refrain from smiling to find you are caught at last. I saw by the eulogium you often made upon the happiness of domestic life in America that you had swallowed the bait and that you would as surely be taken one day or other as that you were a philosopher and a soldier. So your day has at last come. I am glad of it with all my heart and soul. It is quite good enough for you. Now you are well served for coming to fight in favor of the American rebels all the way across the Atlantic ocean by catching that terrible contagion, domestic felicity, which same, like the smallpox or the plague, a man can have only once in his life, because it commonly lasts him (at least with us in America; I don't know how you manage these matters in France) for his whole lifetime. And yet, after all the maledictions you so richly merit on the subject, the worst wish I can find in my heart against you is that you may neither of you ever get the better of this domestic felicity during the entire course of your mortal existence."

Once when asked to give advice to a widow in the Custis circle as to a new matrimonial venture he replied: "I never did nor do I believe I ever shall give advice to a woman who is setting out on a matrimonial voyage—first, because I never could advise one to marry without her own consent, and, secondly, because I know it is to no purpose to advise her to refrain when she has obtained it. A woman very rarely asks an opinion or requires advice on such an occasion till her resolution is formed, and then it is with the hope and expectation of obtaining a sanction that she applies."

WASHINGTON IN 1797

Isaac Weld, a contemporary of Washington, wrote as follows of the president at the close of his second term: "His chest is full, and his limbs, though rather slender, well shaped and muscular. His head is small, in which he resembles the make of a number of his countrymen. His eyes are of a light gray color, and in proportion to the length of his face his nose is long. Mr. Stuart, the eminent portrait painter, told me that there were features in his face totally different from what he ever observed in any other human being. The sockets for the eyes, for instance, are larger than he ever met with before and the upper part of the nose broader. All his features, he observed, were indicative of the strongest and most ungovernable passions, and had he been born in the forests it was his opinion that he would have been the fiercest man among the savage tribes."

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IN his "History of England In the Eighteenth Century" William Edward Hartpole Lecky, M. P., pays the following tribute to George Washington:

To the appointment of Washington [as commander in chief] far more than to any other single circumstance is due the ultimate success of the American Revolution, though in purely intellectual powers Washington was certainly inferior to Franklin and perhaps to two or three others of his colleagues. There is a theory which once received the countenance of some considerable physiologists, though it is now, I believe, completely discarded, that one of the great lines of division among men may be traced to the comparative development of the cerebrum and the cerebellum. To the first organ it was supposed belong those special gifts or powers which make men poets, orators, thinkers, artists, conquerors or wits. To the second belong the superintending, restraining, discerning and directing faculties which enable men to employ their several talents with sanity and wisdom, which maintain the balance and the proportion of intellect and character and make sound judgments and well regulated lives. The theory, however untrue in its physiological aspect, corresponds to a real distinction in human minds and characters, and it was especially in the second order of faculties that Washington excelled. His mind was not quick or remarkably original. His conversation had no brilliancy or wit. He was entirely without the gift of eloquence, and he had very few accomplishments. He knew no language but his own, and except for a rather strong turn for mathematics he had no taste which can be called purely intellectual. There was nothing in him of the meteor or the cataract, nothing that either dazzled or overpowered.

As a soldier the circumstances of his career brought him into the blaze, not only of domestic, but of foreign, criticism, and it was only very gradually that his superiority was fully recognized. Lee, who of all American soldiers had seen most service in the English army, and Conway, who had risen to great repute in the French army, were both accustomed to speak of his military talents with extreme disparagement, but personal jealously and animosity undoubtedly colored their judgments. De Kalb, who had been trained in the best military schools of the continent, at first pronounced him to be very deficient in the strength, decision and promptitude of a general, and, although he soon learned to form the highest estimate of his military capacity, he continued to lament that an excessive modesty led him too frequently to act upon the opinion of inferior men rather than upon his own most excellent judgment. In the army and the congress more than one rival was opposed to him. He had his full share of disaster; the operations which he conducted, if compared with great European wars, were on a very small scale, and he had the immense advantage of encountering, in most cases, generals of singular incapacity. It may, however, be truly said of him that his military reputation steadily rose through many successive campaigns, and before the end of the struggle he had outlived all rivalry and almost all envy. He had a thorough knowledge of the technical part of his profession, a good eye for military combinations, an extraordinary gift of military administration.

He Didn't Envy George

[Copyright, 1902, by Ella Graves Moses.]

I'm glad I ain't like Washington,
As prim as apple pie;
I know he didn't have no fun—
He couldn't tell a lie.

He never stayed away from school,
He dasent even try.
You bet his teacher had a cinch—
He couldn't tell a lie.

He never stole no jam and cakes
And et 'em on the sly,
He knowed his ma would find him out—
He couldn't tell a lie.

And when he tore his Sunday clothes
He'd jes' sit down and cry
And git the lickin' he deserved
Because he couldn't lie.

ELLA GRAVES MOSES.

BORN FEB. 22, 1732.

When Martha Washington Was Young

BY MINERVA SPENCER HANDY

Copyright, 1902, by Minerva Spencer Handy

WHEN this little daughter, Martha, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Dandridge, way down in Virginia, in the year 1730, her eyes looked upon a very different world from that the twentieth century baby gazes at. She no doubt had beautifully hand embroidered gowns and underclothing, for the mothers of that time were very much better needlewomen than we are, but they were all fashioned of linen or dimity, cold and clammy. Even the little undergarments were of the same material, for woolen or flannel held no place in the dressing of infants or children. All the warmth required seemed to be in a tiny embroidered shawl pinned around the shoulders. All gowns were neckless and sleeveless, and when we remember how imperfectly the houses were heated we wonder if Martha was not often dosed with medicine when she cried when all she wanted was to have a few more comfortable clothes. Her mother and father no doubt had plenty of furs and velvets, for they were of the aristocratic class and had all their best clothing direct from England. They, however, thought the little ones either did not

MARTHA SAT FOR HOURS IN STOCKS OR STRAPPED TO BACKBOARDS.

feel the cold or else should early learn the lesson of self control and cheerful endurance of what could not be helped. Be that as it may, I am sure Martha and all the other colonial babies must have suffered with the cold. Icy blasts blew down the great chimneys, and the rooms could not be warmed three feet from where the great logs were blazing. The bedrooms were not heated at all, and the only hope that the babies slept warmly at all lies in the long handled warming pan which a black boy or girl nightly thrust between the clammy linen sheets. These, filled with live coals from the kitchen fire, must have proved very grateful to the baby of long ago.

When the babies had laid aside their first clothes, they were dressed exactly like their parents. A costume worn by a little tot two and a half years old is described as follows: "Of yellow brocaded satin over a petticoat of crimson velvet." It touched the floor in front and trailed behind just as did her mother's, and I do not believe that little girl had half as much pleasure in this state costume as girls of today do in their simple suits, free to run and jump or to do anything a healthy body prompts them to.

The chief aim in every girl's life was to be erect. To attain this young girls were simply tortured. Martha Washington, or, more correctly, Martha Dandridge, no doubt sat for hours in stocks or strapped to backboards. Stays and stiffened coats were made even more unbending by metal or wood busks. These latter were handsomely carved and elaborately decorated and were considered an elegant and appropriate gift to a little girl. These instruments did give the erect carriage the girls desired, but I do not believe they could skate or bicycle with much comfort.

Boys were dressed exactly like their fathers, in doublets, leather knee breeches, fancy waistcoats, leather belts and knit caps. They had an outer cloak called a mandilion, which was lined usually with a bright colored cloth and was very picturesque.

The most blameworthy custom in the dress of the boys was the universal wearing of wigs. These were expensive, costing £7 or £8 apiece ($35 or $40), and all boys over seven years of age wore them. After wigs went out of fashion hair was worn powdered, and, although it was becoming, we should be glad we do not wear our hair so, as the powder dusted off, ruining the clothes, even when the hair was oiled and pomatumed to overcome the difficulty.

With the exception of the state garments, imported by the very rich, all the wool and cotton used in the households were woven and spun by the mothers and daughters. Martha Washington not only wore homemade and home spun clothes, but helped to weave and make them. Nothing was wasted. Old scraps and pieces of worn garments were raveled, dyed and woven into cushions or chair covers. New gowns were few and far between, and, being fashioned with such great labor, I am sure Martha and all little girls who lived in her time took the greatest care of them. Even when she became the wife of the rich Colonel Custis and afterward of the great and good George Washington she was industrious, economical and simple in her tastes. We are told by one historian that, "although court etiquette prevailed in their public life, their home life was very unostentatious. All the clothes worn by the general and herself were made in the house. Two of Martha Washington's best gowns were of cotton striped with silk, woven from the ravelings of brown silk stockings and old crimson chair covers."

No high chairs, or in fact any chairs at all, were provided for the little folks when Martha Washington was young. Even at the table children stood respectfully behind their elders' chairs, taking what food was offered them. In the better families they stood at a side table with trencher in hand, bringing their food from the great table. They were never allowed to speak except to answer a question, and then with the greatest respect and courtesy. They ate very much simpler food than you do, for there were no railroads to bring them dainties from all parts of the world. They ate in silence and as fast as possible, regardless of digestion, being expected to be "moderately satisfied" and to leave the room as soon as possible.

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WASHINGTON

By WALTON WILLIAMS

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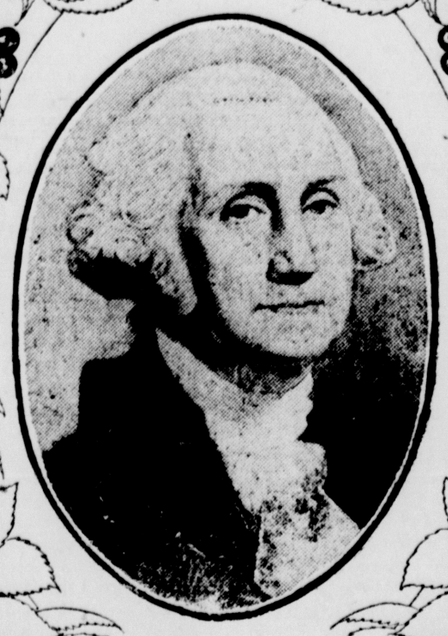

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WHILE love of liberty inspires the patriot's heart, or there is one
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NUTS *and* CIDER

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Inside the house the scenes were just as common. The furniture in the front room was oaken, heavy and colonial. These were colonial days. The windows were small. The panes in them very small. There was a dish of walnuts in the middle of the table. A pitcher of hard cider and two tumblers stood beside it. The tumblers were of English cut glass, a little more extraordinary in a farmhouse in New Jersey now than then, perhaps. But certainly the distinguished air that this little glittering luxury gave to the room was not borne out by the dress and general appearance of the men there. Like those outside, one of these was seated at a little table before the western window. The other two stood, leaning against the walls of the low room. If the man seated had stood, he might have appeared a little extraordinary in stature.

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"I can spare Woods very well, Schuyler," replied the other and smaller man, "but I suppose the general, as usual, will take his own choice."

"We must use the best we have," said the man at the table, looking up.

"But how to choose?" queried the man addressed as Schuyler.

"Call them here, Gates," replied the man at the table.

The little man went to the door, and a moment later the three ordinary men from without joined the three ordinary men within.

"Men," said the man at the table, "there are cider and nuts. Help yourselves." With that he turned to the window again and continued assorting and apparently correcting the papers before him.

The three men from without seated themselves. They said no word, but attacked the nuts and cider more as men obeying orders than as if to satisfy

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any desire for meat and drink. The room became quite silent but for the occasional cracking of nuts and the rustling of papers at the windows—so silent, indeed, that the soft flow of the cider into the cut glass tumblers could at intervals be heard. If there was here anything unordinary, it was perhaps a peculiar trick the man at the window had of now and again turning his face toward the interior of the room, as if he would be cognizant of everything there going on, even to the cracking of a nut. At last he rose. He seemed very tall in the low room. At the same time the three men rose from their nuts and cider.

"Van Houser," said the tall man, "General Schuyler will have orders for you in the course of the morning, and you, Woods, report to your chief at 3 o'clock. You can go."

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There was silence for a moment. It was broken by Schuyler.

"General Washington," said he, "I take back my mock."

George Washington did not smile or reply. He bent his head and returned to his dispatches.

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IN his "History of England In the Eighteenth Century" William Edward Hartpole Lecky, M. P., pays the following tribute to George Washington:

To the appointment of Washington [as commander in chief] far more than to any other single circumstance is due the ultimate success of the American Revolution, though in purely intellectual powers Washington was certainly inferior to Franklin and perhaps to two or three others of his colleagues. There is a theory which once received the countenance of some considerable physiologists, though it is now, I believe, completely discarded, that one of the great lines of division among men may be traced to the comparative development of the cerebrum and the cerebellum. To the first organ it was supposed belong those special gifts or powers which make men poets, orators, thinkers, artists, conquerors or wits. To the second belong the superintending, restraining, discerning and directing faculties which enable men to employ their several talents with sanity and wisdom, which maintain the balance and the proportion of intellect and character and make sound judgments and well regulated lives. The theory, however untrue in its physiological aspect, corresponds to a real distinction in human minds and characters, and it was especially in the second order of faculties that Washington excelled. His mind was not quick or remarkably original. His conversation had no brilliancy or wit. He was entirely without the gift of eloquence, and he had very few accomplishments. He knew no language but his own, and except for a rather strong turn for mathematics he had no taste which can be called purely intellectual. There was nothing in him of the meteor or the cataract, nothing that either dazzled or overpowered.

As a soldier the circumstances of his career brought him into the blaze, not only of domestic, but of foreign, criticism, and it was only very gradually that his superiority was fully recognized. Lee, who of all American soldiers had seen most service in the English army, and Conway, who had risen to great repute in the French army, were both accustomed to speak of his military talents with extreme disparagement, but personal jealously and animosity undoubtedly colored their judgments. De Kalb, who had been trained in the best military schools of the continent, at first pronounced him to be very deficient in the strength, decision and promptitude of a general, and, although he soon learned to form the highest estimate of his military capacity, he continued to lament that an excessive modesty led him too frequently to act upon the opinion of inferior men rather than upon his own most excellent judgment. In the army and the congress more than one rival was opposed to him. He had his full share of disaster; the operations which he conducted, if compared with great European wars, were on a very small scale, and he had the immense advantage of encountering, in most cases, generals of singular incapacity. It may, however, be truly said of him that his military reputation steadily rose through many successive campaigns, and before the end of the struggle he had outlived all rivalry and almost all envy. He had a thorough knowledge of the technical part of his profession, a good eye for military combinations, an extraordinary gift of military administration.

WASHINGTON ON MARRIAGE

In several letters Washington expressed his views upon the institution of marriage. To the French ally, Count Chastellux, who served in America as a major general, he wrote: "In reading your very friendly and acceptable letter I was, as you may well suppose, not less delighted than surprised to meet the plain American words 'my wife.' A wife! Well, my dear marquis, I can hardly refrain from smiling to find you are caught at last. I saw by the eulogium you often made upon the happiness of domestic life in America that you had swallowed the bait and that you would as surely be taken one day or other as that you were a philosopher and a soldier. So your day has at last come. I am glad of it with all my heart and soul. It is quite good enough for you. Now you are well served for coming to fight in favor of the American rebels all the way across the Atlantic ocean by catching that terrible contagion, domestic felicity, which same, like the smallpox or the plague, a man can have only once in his life, because it commonly lasts him (at least with us in America; I don't know how you manage these matters in France) for his whole lifetime. And yet, after all the maledictions you so richly merit on the subject, the worst wish I can find in my heart against you is that you may neither of you ever get the better of this domestic felicity during the entire course of your mortal existence."

Once when asked to give advice to a widow in the Custis circle as to a new matrimonial venture he replied: "I never did nor do I believe I ever shall give advice to a woman who is setting out on a matrimonial voyage—first, because I never could advise one to marry without her own consent, and, secondly, because I know it is to no purpose to advise her to refrain when she has obtained it. A woman very rarely asks an opinion or requires advice on such an occasion till her resolution is formed, and then it is with the hope and expectation of obtaining a sanction that she applies."

WASHINGTON IN 1797

Isaac Weld, a contemporary of Washington, wrote as follows of the president at the close of his second term: "His chest is full, and his limbs, though rather slender, well shaped and muscular. His head is small, in which he resembles the make of a number of his countrymen. His eyes are of a light gray color, and in proportion to the length of his face his nose is long. Mr. Stuart, the eminent portrait painter, told me that there were features in his face totally different from what he ever observed in any other human being. The sockets for the eyes, for instance, are larger than he ever met with before and the upper part of the nose broader. All his features, he observed, were indicative of the strongest and most ungovernable passions, and had he been born in the forests it was his opinion that he would have been the fiercest man among the savage tribes."

He Didn't Envy George

[Copyright, 1902, by Ella Graves Moses.]

I'm glad I ain't like Washington,
As prim as apple pie;
I know he didn't have no fun—
He couldn't tell a lie.

He never stayed away from school,
He dasent even try.
You bet his teacher had a cinch—
He couldn't tell a lie.

He never stole no jam and cakes
And et 'em on the sly,
He knowed his ma would find him out—
He couldn't tell a lie.

And when he tore his Sunday clothes
He'd jes' sit down and cry
And git the lickin' he deserved
Because he couldn't lie.

ELLA GRAVES MOSES.

SENSITIVE TO SOUND

ACUTE POWERS OF HEARING WITH WHICH FISH ARE ENDOWED.

Some Interesting Experiments That Were Made to Determine Just What Manner of Noises or Motions Would Startle Trout.

There are three phases of sense in fish particularly interesting to the angler—their exquisite powers of hearing, of seeing and their subtle, abnormal sensitiveness to atmospheric influence. With all our experience and study it is doubtful if we have arrived at anything like a full estimate of the acute sensitiveness with which fish are endowed. I devote this article to hearing. By hearing I must obviously be understood to mean their power of appreciating the vibration caused by sound, the conductor being either solid, aerial or liquid.

In man sound detonates the eardrum, and in that way when we are under water we discover little intelligible meaning from sounds. But the same vibrations are undoubtedly received by the exquisitely sensitive hearing intelligence of a fish, if I may use the term, in a different and far more impressive way. By intelligence I mean an instinctive recognition by their bodies of some disturbance, just as man recognizes a passing breath of air. It takes the form of feeling.

I came to the conclusion that I would make a few experiments. Here are one or two facts: A friend entered into it with me, and we bethought ourselves of certain well known trout in our preserve which were "always there." Then we placed thatched hurdles a day or two beforehand so that the fish might get accustomed to them in such a way that we could approach close to their haunts without being seen and watch the unsuspecting trout through a small hole cut in the straw. When one was not at home, the other generally was. My friend undertook the noise making, I the observation.

From the sound of a gunshot 500 yards away, which made our trout distinctly start, to the breaking of a twig three yards from the fish, which did the same, we tried all kinds of sounds, shrill and dull and at varying distances, and the sum of our experiments convinced us of this: That our sensitively organized friends felt the displacements of molecules through ether, which we call sound, and the further vibrating disturbance through what we call water, which I verily believe conducts sensation to the fish as readily as glass permits the penetration of light to this paper, in proportion to the distances and the character of the sound, but that they did hear, or feel rather, and with incredible quickness, too, was conclusively demonstrated.

What they heard and were not alarmed at I cannot tell, but when they were alarmed it was evident enough by the same kind of start they give when their chief enemy suddenly peeps over the bank. In only two cases could I discover actual fright, the fright that sends them down—a gunshot behind the hurdle and a heavy stamp of the foot near by. It is noteworthy that the shrill sounds seemed to startle them most. For instance, a policeman's whistle at ten yards sent one out into the stream as if looking about for some source of danger, whereas a shout at the same distance caused no detected movement. Their way of shifting a little farther from the bank when they have an inkling of danger is a very pretty side movement, well known no doubt. It seems for the purpose of watching the bank at a better angle.

The common manner of showing their alarm was by a sudden quiver, sometimes followed by a sinking down an inch or two, as much as to say, "What's up?" I very much doubt if I ever crept up to my peephole without being detected, and yet I was careful, for, if you notice, a trout once on the qui vive gives no sign of alarm at a second movement or noise. Once prepared he is immovable till he suddenly darts off. You may throw your greatcoat at him, and he either braves it stolidly or bolts cleans away. Five minutes' perfect stillness and they settle back to confidence, and then they were again easily startled. I fancy the laws of refraction had something to do with it and that even from the sky they sometimes perceived my movements. I had often suspected this before.

Another conclusion: I believe they heard much they appeared not to. A sudden smack of the hands together, and there was a decided quiver, but a bird rattle, begun very softly and gradually brought up to its very loudest, and no notice seemed to be taken. But doubtless, like ourselves, however loud the noise, the gradient robs it of its startle. However fanciful it may sound, of this I am thoroughly convinced—that water is such an immediate transmitter of vibration to fish that they recognize sound from the air nearly as quickly as man. It is no argument to say we do not when in it. We have no need. Fish have. And because they have they are providentially endowed with supersensitiveness to that particular nervous influence among others.—London Field.

DON'T OVERLOOK THIS

A Careful Perusal Will Prove Its Value to Every East Liverpool Reader.

The average man is a doubter, and there is little wonder that this is so. Misrepresentations make people skeptical. Now-a-days the public ask for better evidence than the testimony of strangers. Hear proof that should convince every East Liverpool reader.

Mr. Samuel Mayer, who is an employe of the McNicol pottery, whose place of residence is 183 Bank street, says: "My health was fairly good until my kidneys began to trouble me, causing my back to ache a good part of the time and to get sore and lame across the loins. The pain was often sharp and penetrating, especially when stooping or lifting, and I never got rid of the trouble until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at the W. & W. pharmacy and tried them. When I had taken one box the soreness and pains in the back and other symptoms of kidney distress passed away."

Sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Cuba Face to Face With Ruin

By Governor General LEONARD WOOD of Cuba

ECONOMIC conditions existing in Cuba today threaten to bring ruin to her principal industries, sugar and tobacco, unless prompt and efficient relief is given. WITH THE RUIN OF HER TWO PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES WE MUST GIVE UP ALL HOPE OF A STABLE GOVERNMENT, FOR UNLESS CUBA CAN SELL HER PRODUCTS AT A REASONABLE PROFIT IT IS OBVIOUS THAT THEIR CULTIVATION MUST CEASE, BRINGING IDLENESS AND HUNGER TO HER PEOPLE.

* * *

We have established a reasonably efficient government in Cuba, with all those numerous adjuncts which pertain to a stable, civilized administration, such as schools, courts, sanitation, public works, etc. The outlay for the maintenance of these necessary adjuncts to the government is necessarily large, and the revenues therefor are derived principally from materials purchased in exchange for the sugar and tobacco.

THESE GREAT INDUSTRIES ARE NOW IN A MOST CRITICAL CONDITION, ESPECIALLY SUGAR, WHICH IS BEING SOLD AT A PRICE LESS THAN THE COST OF PRODUCTION.

The planter must grind his cane even at a moderate loss, for his entire fortune is in the fields and is liable to be swept away by fire or to deteriorate from the effects of the elements.

* * *

It can be safely stated that the average cost of production of sugar throughout the island is not less than 2 cents per pound. By production is meant the production and the grinding of the cane, sacking and shipping of the sugar and placing it alongside ship, at which point it is sold. The present selling price is approximately 1.6 cents per pound, or $4.84 per sack. The cost of production is on an average $6 per sack, and the average loss today at the present prices runs from $1.20 per sack to perhaps 70 cents per sack where conditions are more favorable, such as short freight haul, less lighter charges, etc.

* * *

The duty per sack is $5.04. A reduction of 33 1-3 per cent of this duty will give a reduction of $1.68 per sack, which, added to the average selling price of $4.80 per sack, gives $6.48, or an average profit of 48 cents on each 300 pounds of sugar produced. It is believed when all the contingencies are considered that such a moderate profit is as little as should be contemplated, and the 33 1-3 per cent should be the minimum reduction granted.

THE PEOPLE OF THIS ISLAND HAVE DONE ALL IT IS POSSIBLE FOR THE PEOPLE TO DO. THEY HAVE MAINTAINED THEIR CREDIT DESPITE THE BURDEN OF MORTGAGE AND DEBT HANGING OVER THEM, BUT THEY HAVE REACHED THEIR LIMIT.

* * *

The present prices of sugar are lower than ever before known. The overproduction of bounty fed sugars has been the principal cause of this condition, and, as prices are today, Cuba, without any bounty (which it is impossible to grant) and without any tariff reduction, is forced to compete with sugars protected by a high bounty and American sugars, protected by a tariff which is prohibitive.

Each day of delay in giving relief is dangerous. When once the crash comes, relief will be of little value except to the speculator, who may gather up the wrecks here; the people of the country, who have virtually reconstructed it in three years, will be ruined, AND WE SHALL HAVE TO STEP IN AND REOCCUPY THE COUNTRY OR CONTINUE IN OCCUPATION AND DO OVER AGAIN THE WORK WHICH WE HAVE SPENT THOUSANDS OF LIVES AND MUCH TREASURE IN DOING UP TO DATE. The situation demands relief, and it should be immediate and liberal.

Two Crops.

"Funny about young Spenditt, wasn't it?" said the observing man.

"Was it?" asked the man of an inquiring mind.

"Yes; he lost his money raising Cain in Europe and then made another fortune raising cane in Louisiana."—Baltimore American.

Useless.

Mr. D. Speptic—My dear, I wish you would prepare something occasionally to tempt my appetite.

His Wife—The idea! Why, you have not any appetite to tempt.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Longevity.

The span of life is gradually expanding. We live longer and get more out of it than our grandfathers did. Whether the cause of this is a better knowledge of natural law or more skillful surgery we will not undertake to say. At any rate, people think this a pretty good world to live in and want to stay here as long as they can comfortably. The man with 100 birth anniversaries behind him is not such a remarkable fellow after all.—New York Herald.

A Wily Afghanistan.

A man was once condemned in Afghanistan to have his ears sliced off as a minor punishment. He had a powerful friend, however, who was much attached to him. This friend begged the late ameer in duly submissive tones to allow him to perform the operation, a favor which was granted. However, the amateur begged the ameer to show him what portion of each ear he wished to be removed. The ameer accordingly touched them lightly. Whereupon the ingenious—and courageous—person proceeded to quote a passage in the Koran which said that anything touched by the representative of the Almighty became sacred. The despot smiled grimly and forgave them both.

The Kicker.

They're telling a heavenly story which they say no more than does justice to the "kicking" propensities of the Togus veteran.

The old soldier dies, so the story goes, and after death he marches up to the gates of heaven. He hits the door a thump, and St. Peter peers out through the wicket.

"Who are you?" asks the saint.

"I'm an old soldier."

"Where from?"

"Soldiers' home at Togus."

"Well, you may come in," says the saint, "but I don't know as the place'll suit you."—Kennebec Journal.

The best way to do good to ourselves is to do it to others; the right way to gather is to scatter.—Richter.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF

CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC — CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT — GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHOEA

Druggists in 1 to 8 minutes 25c, 50c, $1.

FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

Page's Climax Salve

A Family Blessing for 25 Cts.

Recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians and guaranteed to cure the most obstinate cases of old sores and wounds or money refunded.

Old Sores,	Bunions,	Burns,
Ulcers,	Frosted Feet,	Cuts,
Scrofula,	Chilblains,	Bruises,
Salt Rheum,	Caked Breasts,	Boils,
Eczema,	Sore Nipples,	Fistula,
Corns,	Scalds,	Piles, &c.

For sale by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 25c. a Box or 5 boxes for $1.00.

J. P. MILLS, SOLE PROPRIETOR, NEW YORK.

M. F. DAVIS,

Successor to

Lewis Coal and Coke Co.

High grade Coal and Ice in season at reasonable prices.

Telephones: Bell 37; C. C. 237.

No. 326 Walnut street, Horn Switch.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; $1.50 the month. Weekly 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two girl gilders at Smith & Phillips China Co. 44-tf

WANTED—Bright young man for three days each week to deliver to all stores in East Liverpool and Wellsville; no commission; no notice without reference. Lock Box 785, Pittsburg, Pa. 44-i

WANTED—Two boarders, with room. Apply 280 Walnut street. 44-i

WANTED—Three warehouse dressers for glost warehouse. Apply at Dresden Pottery office. 43-r

WANTED—A good plate mold runner Inquire of Murphy Pottery company or William Maley. 43-r*

WANTED—Any kind of day work by a woman with small child. Address Mrs. Anna Thayer, 124 Ridgway avenue. 38-j

WANTED—At once—A good experienced dining room girl; good wages paid, but must come well recommended. Mrs. H. D. Huffman, Washington House, corner Second and Washington street. 29-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two-room house, with water and gas. Inquire of Charles Schenkle, 267 Third street. 44-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room on Sixth street, one square from Diamond. Inquire 177 Sixth street. 44-r

FOR RENT—House of three rooms in the West End. J. M. Aten, 133 Jefferson street. 43-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One Edison Home Phonograph and 47 records; will sell at a bargain. Inquire at rear of 255 Third street. 43-r*

FOR SALE—A six-hd coal range; practically new. Address "G," care of News Review office, or call at 227 Sixth street. 41-r

FOR SALE—One stable building 20x22. Inquire of Edwin Oppelt, 160 Fifth street. 41-j

FOR SALE—Two-story building at the corner of Fairview and River avenue, Chester. Store room and four dwelling rooms on first floor, public hall on second floor. Building is new and in good location. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to O. O. Allison, Chester. 34-2wks

FOR SALE—A coal mine in operation fully equipped with electric mining machinery and all the modern equipments; it has only been in operation about 6 months, 4 acres of coal worked out; capacity of 8,000 tons per month; located in the celebrated Beading district, 11 miles from Pittsburg; sidings for 50 railroad cars; reasons for selling due to closing up an estate. For further information address "W," care News Review. 128-tf

FOR SALE—Three shares of pottery stock in the American China company, Toronto, Ohio. For particulars address Hugh Donlon, Amsterdam, N. Y. 9-tf

FOUND.

FOUND—Gold watch, fob ornament; inscription in German, with monogram. Owner call at News Review office. 49-r

MISCELLANEOUS.

MALE HELP—Splendid wages paid men who learn barber trade with us; can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; two months required; 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush; particulars mailed. Moler Barber College, Buffalo, N. Y. 39-tf

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

For County Commissioner,
R. G. BOYD.
(Liverpool township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For County Commissioner,
IRA KANNAL,
(of Unity Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For County Commissioner,
M. P. CARNES.
(Center township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For Clerk of Courts,
J. N. HANLEY,
(of Liverpool Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Clerk of Courts,
SHERMAN ATCHISON.
(Perry township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For County Recorder,
W. D. TURNER,
(Perry Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For County Recorder,
CHARLES A. WHITE,
(Washington Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Probate Judge,
J. A. MARTIN,
(Center Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Congress,
R. W. TAYLER,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

CITY.

For Township Clerk,
JOHN REARK.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Township Clerk,
WILLIS DAVIDSON.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
FRANK DICKEY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
G. W. HIGHFIELD.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
JAMES CORDINGLEY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Marshal,
THOS. V. THOMPSON,
(Second term.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Marshal,
HENRY AUFDERHEIDE,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Treasurer,
JOS. BETZ.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Treasurer,
SHERMAN T. HERBERT.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Solicitor,
M. J. McGARRY.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Solicitor,
W. K. GASTON.
(Second term).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Constable,
C. W. POWELL.
(Second term).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Constable,
HARRY H. HUGHES.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
ALEX G. CHAFIN.
(Fifth Ward.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
O. D. NICE.
(Second Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council (Second Term),
RUSSELL C. HEDDLESTON.
(First Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, March 1.

For City Council,
HUGH JOHNSTON.
(First Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, March 1.

For City Council,
JAMES W. JAMESON,
(Fifth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
CRISS McCONNELL.
(Fourth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council (Second Term)
D. M. McLANE.
(Fourth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
GEORGE PEACH.
(Third Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
CHAS. H. BERG.
(Third Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
R. J. MARSHALL.
(Fifth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Board of Education,
U. G. KING,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Water Works Trustee
T. O. TORRENCE.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Water Works Trustee,
JACOB SHENKEL.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

Manzanella Cafe

Imported Beer, Ice Cold Beer, Munchener. Base Ale on Draught.

DINING AND LUNCH ROOM,
The finest in the city. Everything in season.

Aaron R. Guthrie,
Diamond St.
Both Phones 68.

Winter Tourist Rates To the Southwest...

Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Mexico, for Season 1901, now in effect, via the

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

For reservation of berths, pamphlets, and further information, inquire at

JNO. R. JAMES,
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Cuba Face to Face With Ruin

By Governor General LEONARD WOOD of Cuba

ECONOMIC conditions existing in Cuba today threaten to bring ruin to her principal industries, sugar and tobacco, unless prompt and efficient relief is given. WITH THE RUIN OF HER TWO PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES WE MUST GIVE UP ALL HOPE OF A STABLE GOVERNMENT, FOR UNLESS CUBA CAN SELL HER PRODUCTS AT A REASONABLE PROFIT IT IS OBVIOUS THAT THEIR CULTIVATION MUST CEASE, BRINGING IDLENESS AND HUNGER TO HER PEOPLE.

* * *

We have established a reasonably efficient government in Cuba, with all those numerous adjuncts which pertain to a stable, civilized administration, such as schools, courts, sanitation, public works, etc. The outlay for the maintenance of these necessary adjuncts to the government is necessarily large, and the revenues therefor are derived principally from materials purchased in exchange for the sugar and tobacco.

THESE GREAT INDUSTRIES ARE NOW IN A MOST CRITICAL CONDITION, ESPECIALLY SUGAR, WHICH IS BEING SOLD AT A PRICE LESS THAN THE COST OF PRODUCTION.

The planter must grind his cane even at a moderate loss, for his entire fortune is in the fields and is liable to be swept away by fire or to deteriorate from the effects of the elements.

* * *

It can be safely stated that the average cost of production of sugar throughout the island is not less than 2 cents per pound. By production is meant the production and the grinding of the cane, sacking and shipping of the sugar and placing it alongside ship, at which point it is sold. The present selling price is approximately 1.6 cents per pound, or $4.84 per sack. The cost of production is on an average $6 per sack, and the average loss today at the present prices runs from $1.20 per sack to perhaps 70 cents per sack where conditions are more favorable, such as short freight haul, less lighter charges, etc.

* * *

The duty per sack is $5.04. A reduction of 33 1-3 per cent of this duty will give a reduction of $1.68 per sack, which, added to the average selling price of $4.80 per sack, gives $6.48, or an average profit of 48 cents on each 300 pounds of sugar produced. It is believed when all the contingencies are considered that such a moderate profit is as little as should be contemplated, and the 33 1-3 per cent should be the minimum reduction granted.

THE PEOPLE OF THIS ISLAND HAVE DONE ALL IT IS POSSIBLE FOR THE PEOPLE TO DO. THEY HAVE MAINTAINED THEIR CREDIT DESPITE THE BURDEN OF MORTGAGE AND DEBT HANGING OVER THEM, BUT THEY HAVE REACHED THEIR LIMIT.

* * *

The present prices of sugar are lower than ever before known. The overproduction of bounty fed sugars has been the principal cause of this condition, and, as prices are today, Cuba, without any bounty (which it is impossible to grant) and without any tariff reduction, is forced to compete with sugars protected by a high bounty and American sugars, protected by a tariff which is prohibitive.

Each day of delay in giving relief is dangerous. When once the crash comes, relief will be of little value except to the speculator, who may gather up the wrecks here; the people of the country, who have virtually reconstructed it in three years, will be ruined, AND WE SHALL HAVE TO STEP IN AND REOCCUPY THE COUNTRY OR CONTINUE IN OCCUPATION AND DO OVER AGAIN THE WORK WHICH WE HAVE SPENT THOUSANDS OF LIVES AND MUCH TREASURE IN DOING UP TO DATE. The situation demands relief, and it should be immediate and liberal.

A Wily Afghanistan.

A man was once condemned in Afghanistan to have his ears sliced off as a minor punishment. He had a powerful friend, however, who was much attached to him. This friend begged the late ameer in duly submissive tones to allow him to perform the operation, a favor which was granted. However, the amateur begged the ameer to show him what portion of each ear he wished to be removed. The ameer accordingly touched them lightly. Whereupon the ingenious—and courageous—person proceeded to quote a passage in the Koran which said that anything touched by the representative of the Almighty became sacred. The despot smiled grimly and forgave them both.

The Kicker.

They're telling a heavenly story which they say no more than does justice to the "kicking" propensities of the Togus veteran.

The old soldier dies, so the story goes, and after death he marches up to the gates of heaven. He hits the door a thump, and St. Peter peers out through the wicket.

"Who are you?" asks the saint.

"I'm an old soldier."

"Where from?"

"Soldiers' home at Togus."

"Well, you may come in," says the saint, "but I don't know as the place'll suit you."—Kennebec Journal.

The best way to do good to ourselves is to do it to others; the right way to gather is to scatter.—Richter.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF
CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT
GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHŒA
Druggists in 1 to 8 minutes 25c, 50c. $1.
FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

Two Crops.

"Funny about young Spendlit, wasn't it?" said the observing man.

"Was it?" asked the man of an inquiring mind.

"Yes; he lost his money raising Cain in Europe and then made another fortune raising cane in Louisiana."—Baltimore American.

Useless.

Mr. D. Speptic—My dear, I wish you would prepare something occasionally to tempt my appetite.

His Wife—The idea! Why, you have not any appetite to tempt.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Longevity.

The span of life is gradually expanding. We live longer and get more out of it than our grandfathers did. Whether the cause of this is a better knowledge of natural law or more skillful surgery we will not undertake to say. At any rate, people think this a pretty good world to live in and want to stay here as long as they can comfortably. The man with 100 birth anniversaries behind him is not such a remarkable fellow after all.—New York Herald.

Page's Climax Salve

A Family Blessing for 25 Cts.

Recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians and guaranteed to cure the most obstinate cases of old sores and wounds or money refunded.

Old Sores, Ulcers, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Corns, Bunions, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Caked Breasts, Sore Nipples, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Fistula, Piles, &c.

For sale by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 25c. a Box or 5 boxes for $1.00.
J. P. MILLS, SOLE PROPRIETOR, NEW YORK.

M. F. DAVIS,
Successor to
Lewis Coal and Coke Co.
High grade Coal and Ice in season at reasonable prices.
Telephones: Bell 37; C. C. 237.
No. 326 Walnut street, Horn Switch.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; $1.50 the month. Weekly 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two girl gilders at Smith & Phillips China Co. 44-tf

WANTED—Bright young man for three days each week to deliver to all stores in East Liverpool and Wellsville; no commission; no notice without reference. Lock Box 785, Pittsburg, Pa. 44-i

WANTED—Two boarders, with room. Apply 280 Walnut Street. 44-i

WANTED—Three warehouse dressers for glost warehouse. Apply at Dresden Pottery office. 43-r

WANTED—A good plate mold runner Inquire of Murphy Pottery company or William Maley. 43-r*

WANTED—Any kind of day work by a woman with small child. Address Mrs. Anna Thayer, 124 Ridgway avenue. 38-j

WANTED—At once—A good experienced dining room girl; good wages paid, but must come well recommended. Mrs. H. D. Huffman, Washington House, corner Second and Washington street. 29-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two-room house, with water and gas. Inquire of Charles Schenkle, 267 Third street. 44-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room on Sixth street, one square from Diamond. Inquire 177 Sixth street. 44-r

FOR RENT—House of three rooms in the West End. J. M. Aten, 133 Jefferson street. 43-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One Edison Home Phonograph and 47 records; will sell at a bargain. Inquire at rear of 255 Third street. 43-r*

FOR SALE—A six-hd coal range; practically new. Address "G," care of News Review office, or call at 227 Sixth street. 41-r

FOR SALE—One stable building 20x22. Inquire of Edwin Oppelt, 160 Fifth street. 41-j

FOR SALE—Two-story building at the corner of Fairview and River avenue, Chester. Store room and four dwelling rooms on first floor, public hall on second floor. Building is new and in good location. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to O. O. Allison, Chester. 34-2wks

FOR SALE—A coal mine in operation fully equipped with electric mining machinery and all the modern equipments; it has only been in operation about 6 months, 4 acres of coal worked out; capacity of 8,000 tons per month; located in the celebrated Beading district, 11 miles from Pittsburg; sidings for 50 railroad cars; reasons for selling due to closing up an estate. For further information address "W," care News Review. 128-tf

FOR SALE—Three shares of pottery stock in the American China company, Toronto, Ohio. For particulars address Hugh Donlon, Amsterdam, N. Y. 9-tf

FOUND.

FOUND—Gold watch, fob ornament; inscription in German, with monogram. Owner call at News Review office. 49-r

MISCELLANEOUS.

MALE HELP—Splendid wages paid men who learn barber trade with us; can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; two months required; 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush; particulars mailed. Moler Barber College, Buffalo, N. Y. 39-tf

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

For County Commissioner,
R. G. BOYD.
(Liverpool township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For County Commissioner,
IRA KANNAL,
(of Unity Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For County Commissioner,
M. P. CARNES.
(Center township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For Clerk of Courts,
J. N. HANLEY,
(of Liverpool Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Clerk of Courts,
SHERMAN ATCHISON.
(Perry township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For County Recorder,
W. D. TURNER,
(Perry Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For County Recorder,
CHARLES A. WHITE,
(Washington Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Probate Judge,
J. A. MARTIN,
(Center Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Congress,
R. W. TAYLER,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

CITY.

For Township Clerk,
JOHN REARK.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Township Clerk,
WILLIS DAVIDSON.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
FRANK DICKEY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
G. W. HIGHFIELD.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
JAMES CORDINGLEY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Marshal,
THOS. V. THOMPSON,
(Second term.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Marshal,
HENRY AUFDERHEIDE,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Treasurer,
JOS. BETZ.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Treasurer,
SHERMAN T. HERBERT.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Solicitor,
M. J. McGARRY.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Solicitor,
W. K. GASTON.
(Second term).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Constable,
C. W. POWELL.
(Second term).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Constable,
HARRY H. HUGHES.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
ALEX G. CHAFIN.
(Fifth Ward.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
O. D. NICE.
(Second Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council (Second Term),
RUSSELL C. HEDDLESTON.
(First Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, March 1.

For City Council,
HUGH JOHNSTON.
(First Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, March 1.

For City Council,
JAMES W. JAMESON,
(Fifth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
CRISS McCONNELL.
(Fourth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council (Second Term)
D. M. McLANE.
(Fourth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
GEORGE PEACH.
(Third Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
CHAS. H. BERG.
(Third Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
R. J. MARSHALL.
(Fifth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Board of Education,
U. G. KING,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Water Works Trustee
T. O. TORRENCE.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Water Works Trustee,
JACOB SHENKEL.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

Manzanella Cafe
Imported Beer, Ice Cold Beer, Munchener. Base Ale on Draught.
DINING AND LUNCH ROOM,
The finest in the city. Everything in season.
Aaron R. Guthrie,
Diamond St.
Both Phones 68.

Winter Tourist Rates To the Southwest...
Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Mexico, for Season 1901, now in effect, via the
IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.
For reservation of berths, pamphlets, and further information, inquire at
JNO. R. JAMES,
Central Passenger Agent,
Room 905, Park Bldg,
Pittsburg, Pa.

WORLD OF SPORT

Horsemen all over the land are still talking about the arranging of the great trotting matches in which Boralma, 2:07; Lord Derby, 2:06½, and The Abbot, 2:03¼, are to compete and the relative chances of the entrants are being subjected to vigorous comparisons. Many authoritative judges are of the opinion that Thomas W. Lawson of Boston has made a great mistake in hazarding so great an amount of money on Boralma when E. E. Smathers' game Lord Derby is considered to be at least three seconds the faster. And this does not take into consideration the chances of The Abbot. John J. Scannell's spirited Village farm stepper has gone the distance in three and a quarter seconds faster time than Lord Derby, whose record in turn is a half second lower than that of Boralma. The matches will probably go to The Abbot. Ed Geers is to drive him in the races, and it is safe to say that Scannell's horse will retrieve part of the reputation he lost in the contest with Cresceus at Brighton Beach, N. Y., last fall.

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ED GEERS, WORLD'S GREATEST DRIVER.

CHINESE HATS.

Queer Head Coverings That Are Worn In the Celestial Empire.

In China the retainers and guards wear special hats to indicate their office. The ensigns wear a wire structure resembling a sugar loaf and a rat-trap. It is a foot high and of no earthly protection against sun or rain. The chair coolies use a hat something like their employers', but flatter, cheaper and without button or feather. The boatmen have a storm hat made of rattan and bamboo, which is never less than a yard in diameter.

A servant who is scribe and valet combined is marked by something that looks like a two storied or three storied cook's cap of four sides. The prevailing color of the structure is vermilion. A mourner wears a turban made by fastening a long cloth of grayish yellow hue around the head and allowing the ends to fall down behind to the small of the back. Another style covers the head, temple, ears and back of the neck and is a caricature upon the steel morions of the middle ages, descendant of those tall hats upon the heads of the captives that are drawn upon the papyri and tombs of the pharaohs. Still another funny shape is one which looks as if it were the remnant of a felt hat from which the brim had been irregularly torn.

Douglas as a Printer.

Stephen A. Douglas, although not recognized as such by the craft, was a one time printer. The story of how he and "Long John" Wentworth came together on a printing proposition is still afloat, but in such close quarters that it is not often heard. Mr. Wentworth was printing The Democrat in Chicago in 1838 and struggling to remove an indebtedness of about $3,000. Douglas called on him one day and said that he had some handbills that must be printed at once.

"All right," answered Mr. Wentworth, "but the facilities of this office are limited. Do you want ten or a hundred of these bills?"

The "Little Giant" said he believed 200 or perhaps more would be needed.

"Very well," was the response. "You will have to turn printer yourself if you expect to get them today."

The bill was set up and placed on the hand press. Then Douglas was given special instructions how to handle the ink roller. A big apron was put on him, and he performed the menial work of roller boy, inking the types, while Mr. Wentworth worked the press.

Criticised the Wrong House.

"I've made bad breaks before, but I certainly eclipsed all previous efforts out in Cleveland the other day," said a well known business man. "A business friend met me at the station and said we would drive around a bit before going to his new home. He slowed up a bit as we drove around a curious looking mansion in which several styles of architecture had been mixed with terrible results. I was forced to exclaim:

"'What fool was unkind enough to put up that monstrosity?'

"My host then took me to his club for dinner. He said in explanation:

"'We will dine here, because I have a headache, and the fresh paint odor of my new house might make it worse.'

"The next day another friend showed me my first friend's new house. It was the monstrosity of the day before."—New York Tribune.

Not Satisfied With Her.

Mrs. Benham—You used to say that I was your wife.

Benham—Well, I'm not the only man who has wished that life had been different.—Brooklyn Life.

Advice.

Advice is a good thing, but it will always be something of a nuisance until the givers of it accept responsibility for the bad as readily as they take credit for the good.—Saturday Evening Post.

The great beauty about Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is in its certainty to cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Stomach Troubles. Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Many School Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y. 25

Travelers to California

Naturally desire to see the grandest and most impressive scenery en route. This you will do by selecting the Denver & Rio Grande and Rio Grande Western, "The Scenic Line of the World," and "The Great Salt Lake Route," in one or both directions, as this line has two separate routes across the Rocky mountains between Denver and Ogden. Tickets reading via this route are available either via its main line through the Royal George, Leadville, over Tennessee Pass, through the Canon of the Grand river and Glenwood Springs, or via the line over Marshall Pass and through the Black Canon of the Gunnison, thus enabling the traveler to use one of the above routes going and the other returning. Three splendidly equipped fast trains are operated to and from the Pacific coast, which carry through standard sleepers daily between Chicago, St. Louis, Denver and San Francisco. Dining cars (service a la carte) on all through trains. If you contemplate such a trip, let us send you beautifully illustrated pamphlets, free. S. K. Hooper, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Col. 7-tf-3-tf

THE TRAMWAY KING

CHARLES T. YERKES ASTOUNDS THE BRITISH BY HIS DARING.

How an American Has Revolutionized London's Antiquated Street Railway System—Great Results Accomplished With Little Fuss.

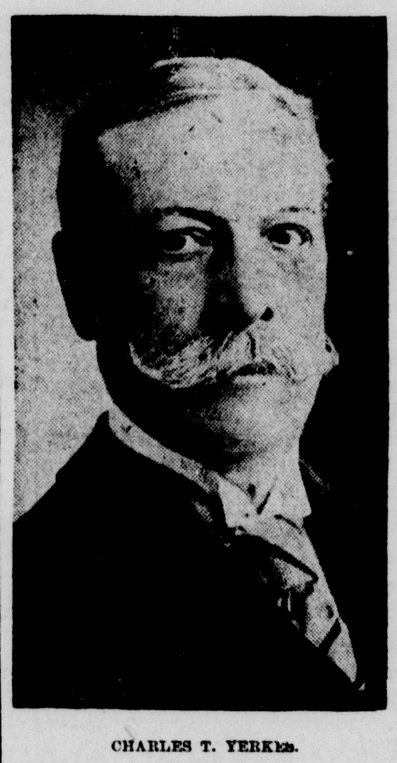
After a flying visit to this country Mr. Charles Tyson Yerkes has returned to London, where he has astonished the people of that staid old city by the celerity with which he is transforming its street railway system. Mr. Yerkes' visit to his native land was for the purpose of disposing of his newspaper property in Chicago.

During the eight or ten months Mr. Yerkes has spent in England he has succeeded in making himself regarded as one of London's benefactors. In three years, if his plans do not go awry, there will be in existence in the English metropolis a system of street transportation, both under and above ground, that will materially benefit the working people by furnishing cheap and rapid communication between the city and the suburbs. This scheme is all of Mr. Yerkes' own initiative, and the result will enable the masses, now compelled to live in crowded tenements, to find homes in more congenial quarters in the country.

Last March Mr. Yerkes went to London on the mission which promises so much for London's population, both rich and poor, for it will be possible under the new system to shoot from the residence district of the wealthy into the business center by "deep level" expresses in one-quarter of the time required at present.

Since Mr. Yerkes has been in London he has accomplished more in the direction of adequate passenger transportation than all the railway men in England together since the first rail was laid in Great Britain, and this in spite of many drawbacks and delays due to disputes over the methods of traction to be employed.

The "tramway king," as he is known in England, is not the type of Yankee hustler that the British railway men expected. He never seems to be in a hurry, and his voice is pitched in moderate tone. Although liked and respected by his new business associates, these gentlemen were much offended on his arrival by the freedom with which he discussed his plans in the newspapers and told the public what he was going to do even before he consulted the men who were going to help him do it. This, however, has not prevented Mr. Yerkes from taking the public into his confidence whenever it suited his purpose. As he holds an absolutely controlling interest in his great ventures, his associates have ceased to attempt to guide him in this respect.



CHARLES T. YERKES.

In London Mr. Yerkes works as hard as any of his assistants. He is at his desk at 9:30 in the morning, and it is no unusual thing for him to remain there until 8 or 9 in the evening, sometimes prolonging his labors until midnight. He goes over every plan of his engineers and every line of contract he signs. He leaves nothing of this nature to his subordinates. These documents represent transactions involving millions of dollars since his sojourn in London. The men who deal with Mr. Yerkes say he leaves no loopholes for the escape of the other parties to the contract.

When he leaves his office, the tramway king becomes the art connoisseur. He has little time to visit the galleries, though occasionally he leaves business to run up to Bond street or the Haymarket to see and perhaps purchase some picture of particular interest or merit.

When Mr. Yerkes first went to London, he had offices in the Hotel Cecil, although he lived at Claridge's, not wishing to have his business always beside him. There Mrs. Yerkes dispensed hospitality. Her beauty and cleverness and the richness of her costumes were the envy and admiration of London's smart set. As yet Mr. and Mrs. Yerkes have made no bid for social distinction. A very serious illness has kept Mrs. Yerkes an invalid during the greater part of her stay in the English capital, and her husband has been so absorbed in business as to leave him little time for social pleasures.

The Small Boy's Hunger.

"If you don't quit eating so much, Willie, you will be sick."

"Won't it be time enough to quit then?"—Indianapolis News.

NOW

IS THE TIME TO BUY!

If you are thinking of building a home or a place of business you will want some time to give to your architect or builder to have the necessary plans and specifications drawn. It will then take time to get figures from the various contractors.

SO YOU SHOULD BUY NOW!

That you will have everything in shape for early spring, as from present indications this will be one of the greatest years in our history.

OUR

SOUTH SIDE PLAN

OF

LOTS

Has Paved Streets, Flag Walks, City Water, Gas, Sewerage, in fact everything possible of a public nature.

If you are thinking of buying for speculation you should buy now, for the prices are sure to advance. Some of our customers have realized handsome profits on lots bought less than three months ago.

IN THE EAST END

we have about

50 LOTS at - $ 75.00 to $125.00
15 LOTS at - - $150.00 to $175.00
20 LOTS at - $200.00 to $300.00

We have Houses, Lots and Business Properties in all parts of the city. Our prices are low, and our terms we will make to suit you. Call and we will be pleased to show you our properties.

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents,

OFFICES: First National Bank Building, East Liverpool, Ohio.
Opp. Rock Springs Park, Chester, West Virginia.

BOTH PHONES 49.

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Queer Head Coverings That Are Worn In the Celestial Empire.

In China the retainers and guards wear special hats to indicate their office. The ensigns wear a wire structure resembling a sugar loaf and a rat-trap. It is a foot high and of no earthly protection against sun or rain. The chair coolies use a hat something like their employers', but flatter, cheaper and without button or feather. The boatmen have a storm hat made of rattan and bamboo, which is never less than a yard in diameter.

A servant who is scribe and valet combined is marked by something that looks like a two storied or three storied cook's cap of four sides. The prevailing color of the structure is vermilion. A mourner wears a turban made by fastening a long cloth of grayish yellow hue around the head and allowing the ends to fall down behind to the small of the back. Another style covers the head, temple, ears and back of the neck and is a caricature upon the steel morions of the middle ages, descendant of those tall hats upon the heads of the captives that are drawn upon the papyri and tombs of the pharaohs. Still another funny shape is one which looks as if it were the remnant of a felt hat from which the brim had been irregularly torn.

Douglas as a Printer.

Stephen A. Douglas, although not recognized as such by the craft, was a one time printer. The story of how he and "Long John" Wentworth came together on a printing proposition is still afloat, but in such close quarters that it is not often heard. Mr. Wentworth was printing The Democrat in Chicago in 1838 and struggling to remove an indebtedness of about $3,000. Douglas called on him one day and said that he had some handbills that must be printed at once.

"All right," answered Mr. Wentworth, "but the facilities of this office are limited. Do you want ten or a hundred of these bills?"

The "Little Giant" said he believed 200 or perhaps more would be needed.

"Very well," was the response. "You will have to turn printer yourself if you expect to get them today."

The bill was set up and placed on the hand press. Then Douglas was given special instructions how to handle the ink roller. A big apron was put on him, and he performed the menial work of roller boy, inking the types, while Mr. Wentworth worked the press.

Criticised the Wrong House.

"I've made bad breaks before, but I certainly eclipsed all previous efforts out in Cleveland the other day," said a well known business man. "A business friend met me at the station and said we would drive around a bit before going to his new home. He slowed up a bit as we drove around a curious looking mansion in which several styles of architecture had been mixed with terrible results. I was forced to exclaim:

"'What fool was unkind enough to put up that monstrosity?'

"My host then took me to his club for dinner. He said in explanation:

"'We will dine here, because I have a headache, and the fresh paint odor of my new house might make it worse.'

"The next day another friend showed me my first friend's new house. It was the monstrosity of the day before."—New York Tribune.

Not Satisfied With Her.

Mrs. Benham—You used to say that I was your wife.

Benham—Well, I'm not the only man who has wished that life had been different.—Brooklyn Life.

Advice.

Advice is a good thing, but it will always be something of a nuisance until the givers of it accept responsibility for the bad as readily as they take credit for the good.—Saturday Evening Post.

The great beauty about Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is in its certainty to cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Stomach Troubles. Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Many School Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y. 25

Travelers to California

Naturally desire to see the grandest and most impressive scenery en route. This you will do by selecting the Denver & Rio Grande and Rio Grande Western, "The Scenic Line of the World," and "The Great Salt Lake Route," in one or both directions, as this line has two separate routes across the Rocky mountains between Denver and Ogden. Tickets reading via this route are available either via its main line through the Royal George, Leadville, over Tennessee Pass, through the Canon of the Grand river and Glenwood Springs, or via the line over Marshall Pass and through the Black Canon of the Gunnison, thus enabling the traveler to use one of the above routes going and the other returning. Three splendidly equipped fast trains are operated to and from the Pacific coast, which carry through standard sleepers daily between Chicago, St. Louis, Denver and San Francisco. Dining cars (service a la carte) on all through trains. If you contemplate such a trip, let us send you beautifully illustrated pamphlets, free. S. K. Hooper, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Col. 7-tf-3-tf

THE TRAMWAY KING

CHARLES T. YERKES ASTOUNDS THE BRITISH BY HIS DARING.

How an American Has Revolutionized London's Antiquated Street Railway System—Great Results Accomplished With Little Fuss.

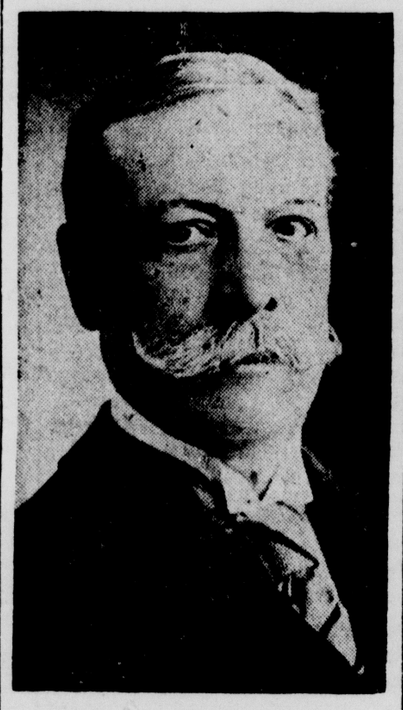
After a flying visit to this country Mr. Charles Tyson Yerkes has returned to London, where he has astonished the people of that staid old city by the celerity with which he is transforming its street railway system. Mr. Yerkes' visit to his native land was for the purpose of disposing of his newspaper property in Chicago.

During the eight or ten months Mr. Yerkes has spent in England he has succeeded in making himself regarded as one of London's benefactors. In three years, if his plans do not go awry, there will be in existence in the English metropolis a system of street transportation, both under and above ground, that will materially benefit the working people by furnishing cheap and rapid communication between the city and the suburbs. This scheme is all of Mr. Yerkes' own initiative, and the result will enable the masses, now compelled to live in crowded tenements, to find homes in more congenial quarters in the country.

Last March Mr. Yerkes went to London on the mission which promises so much for London's population, both rich and poor, for it will be possible under the new system to shoot from the residence district of the wealthy into the business center by "deep level" expresses in one-quarter of the time required at present.

Since Mr. Yerkes has been in London he has accomplished more in the direction of adequate passenger transportation than all the railway men in England together since the first rail was laid in Great Britain, and this in spite of many drawbacks and delays due to disputes over the methods of traction to be employed.

The "tramway king," as he is known in England, is not the type of Yankee hustler that the British railway men expected. He never seems to be in a hurry, and his voice is pitched in moderate tone. Although liked and respected by his new business associates, these gentlemen were much offended on his arrival by the freedom with which he discussed his plans in the newspapers and told the public what he was going to do even before he consulted the men who were going to help him do it. This, however, has not prevented Mr. Yerkes from taking the public into his confidence whenever it suited his purpose. As he holds an absolutely controlling interest in his great ventures, his associates have ceased to attempt to guide him in this respect.



CHARLES T. YERKES.

In London Mr. Yerkes works as hard as any of his assistants. He is at his desk at 9:30 in the morning, and it is no unusual thing for him to remain there until 8 or 9 in the evening, sometimes prolonging his labors until midnight. He goes over every plan of his engineers and every line of contract he signs. He leaves nothing of this nature to his subordinates. These documents represent transactions involving millions of dollars since his sojourn in London. The men who deal with Mr. Yerkes say he leaves no loopholes for the escape of the other parties to the contract.

When he leaves his office, the tramway king becomes the art connoisseur. He has little time to visit the galleries, though occasionally he leaves business to run up to Bond street or the Haymarket to see and perhaps purchase some picture of particular interest or merit.

When Mr. Yerkes first went to London, he had offices in the Hotel Cecil, although he lived at Claridge's, not wishing to have his business always beside him. There Mrs. Yerkes dispensed hospitality. Her beauty and cleverness and the richness of her costumes were the envy and admiration of London's smart set. As yet Mr. and Mrs. Yerkes have made no bid for social distinction. A very serious illness has kept Mrs. Yerkes an invalid during the greater part of her stay in the English capital, and her husband has been so absorbed in business as to leave him little time for social pleasures.

The Small Boy's Hunger.

"If you don't quit eating so much, Willie, you will be sick."

"Won't it be time enough to quit then?"—Indianapolis News.

NOW

IS THE TIME TO BUY!

If you are thinking of building a home or a place of business you will want some time to give to your architect or builder to have the necessary plans and specifications drawn. It will then take time to get figures from the various contractors.

SO YOU SHOULD BUY NOW!

That you will have everything in shape for early spring, as from present indications this will be one of the greatest years in our history.

OUR

SOUTH SIDE PLAN

OF

LOTS

Has Paved Streets, Flag Walks, City Water, Gas, Sewerage, in fact everything possible of a public nature.

If you are thinking of buying for speculation you should buy now, for the prices are sure to advance. Some of our customers have realized handsome profits on lots bought less than three months ago.

IN THE EAST END

we have about

50 LOTS at - $ 75.00 to $125.00
15 LOTS at - - $150.00 to $175.00
20 LOTS at - $200.00 to $300.00

We have Houses, Lots and Business Properties in all parts of the city. Our prices are low, and our terms we will make to suit you. Call and we will be pleased to show you our properties.

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OFFICES: First National Bank Building, East Liverpool, Ohio.
Opp. Rock Springs Park, Chester, West Virginia.

BOTH PHONES 49.

Evening News Review.

19TH YEAR. NO. 45. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902—TWELVE PAGES. TWO CENTS.

WARM FIGHT IS PROMISED ON THE LOCAL OPTION BILL

Liquor Interests Are Bitterly Opposed to the Proposed Legislation.

EAST PALESTINE POINTERS

Which As a Result of Experience May Serve to Guide the Solons.

FRATERNAL INSURANCE TAX

The Project of Increasing It Is Now Reported to Be Dead—Lively Debates Promised on the Corporation Taxation Measures.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Columbus, February 22.—The Beal local option bill has been made a special order for next Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock. The committee on temperance yesterday reported the bill back to the house and recommended that it be passed. A bitter fight will be made on the measure by the liquor interests.

Attorney C. P. Rothwell, of East Palestine, has served notice of his intention to appear here before the bill comes up next week and bring before the attention of the members of the legislature some trite facts on local option, retailing some history of East Palestine's experience with the liquor traffic. It seems that at certain times in the past the citizens of that town have expressed a wish that the sale of liquor be discontinued, but it has not always been followed by a prohibitory ordinance on the part of the councilmanic body.

Mr. Rothwell's idea is that the question should be left for the people themselves to decide, removing the matter entirely from councils. This is what the Beal bill contemplates, so it is expected that Mr. Rothwell will use his influence in its behalf. For a number of years he was the solicitor for East Palestine, but the office has been abolished.

The Cole and Willis taxation bills will be placed on the calendar for passage next week and each will create opportunities for oratorical outbursts. The bill taxing fraternal insurance societies is said to be dead. Senator Archer presided in the senate on Friday. Representative McDonald, of Montgomery, is framing a bill which will do away with free lunches in saloons. He expects to introduce it at an early date.

Depositions were taken in the office of the attorney general on Friday in the case of Auditor Conrad C. Fernsell, of Tuscarawas county, against the auditors of the counties through which the C. & P. road passes.

The North Georgetown Telephone company, capital $5,000, was incorporated to construct telephone lines to connect Salem, Alliance and Sebring. Incorporators: William J. Kelly, J. Kelly, J. W. Ernest, E. C. Saffell, O. E. Summers, Samuel Wang, S. W. Stackhouse and Edward Reichenbach.

The Andalusia Dairy company, of Salem, increased its capital stock from $10,000 to $30,000. Charles T. Brooks is the president and W. B. Carey secretary.

KINDLY TRIBUTES PAID

Touching Services Held in Honor of the Late Mrs. George S. Goodwin.

A large company of sympathizing friends assembled to pay the last tribute of respect to their friend and neighbor, Mrs. George S. Goodwin, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. In response to a request made by Mrs. Goodwin previous to her death, a quartet, composed of Mrs. John C. Thompson, Mr. Chal Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCrum, with Prof. W. L. Thompson as accompanist, sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee," "Some Day We Shall Understand" and "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," which she had selected. The music was very pathetic.

Rev. C. G. Jordan read passages which the deceased had loved and after a fervent prayer delivered a very touching address, dwelling especially upon her life and characteristics.

The esteem and affection with which Mrs. Goodwin was regarded was evinced by the profusion of flowers sent by friends—even many little children, of whom she was always fond, seeking this way of expressing their affection. Besides the many flowers sent, there were many very hand set pieces, one of the largest and most beautiful being "The Gates Ajar," the work of Mr. Peterson and sent by employes of the Goodwin Pottery company.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. W. L. Smith, W. W. Harker, B. M. Louthan, Frank Milligan, William Rowe and George Barnhart. According to the wish of the deceased the services were devoid of ostentation.

The large number of friends assembled exemplified the fact that in Mrs. Goodwin's demise many have been bereft of a staunch friends, a kind neighbor, whose generous deeds and noble heart won for her a lasting place in the memory of a large circle of friends.

Mrs. Harrison's Will Probated.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—The testimony of Etta Horwell and Mrs. E. Adams having been returned by the commission, the will of the late Mrs. Agnes Harrison, of East Liverpool, has been admitted to probate.

EDUCATION PAYS

DR. SCHAEFFER SO ASSERTS AND GIVES HIS PROOFS.

An Excellent Lecture Given to the Teachers of the City Today.

That the public generally, as well as the teachers, are interested in that vital question, "Does it Pay to Educate?" was evidenced this morning when Dr. N. C. Schaeffer, who spoke upon that subject was greeted by a good sized audience at the Central school.

Dr. Schaeffer showed the necessity of education in every walk of life. The rich man needs it as well as he who is in poor circumstances. He spoke of the forward movement of education in Prussia, England and France. Man has caught the spirit from Prussia and that spirit has permeated the whole world.

Dr. Schaeffer gave a number of illustrations of his statements that education really pays. He showed by actual figures that a college education gives a man greater earning power than he can possibly have without it. Therefore he maintained that education is the greatest gift with which a parent can endow his child. He discussed the evils of young people leaving the High school before graduation with an idea of "making money," and said their ability to make money is greatly increased by a good High school education. Dr. Schaeffer also emphasized the importance of not stopping the High school work to take up special work before we are prepared for it.

Dr. Schaeffer is state superintendent of public instruction in Pennsylvania, and one of the foremost educators.

CHICKEN THIEVES

Committing Depredations in the West End And on Pleasant Heights.

Chicken thieves have made their appearance in the West End, and recently several residents have lost a part of the contents of their coops. The thieves have gone as far away as Pleasant Heights and a number of valuable fowls have been stolen.

A quiet investigation is now in progress.

Patriotic Day a Success.

The exercises in the high school yesterday were probably the best the school has ever had. They were attended by probably 50 or 60 guests, friends and patrons of the school. The debate, "Resolved, That Washington Was Greater Than Lincoln," was decided in favor of the negative. The pupils of the high school are to be complimented upon the great success of yesterday's patriotic exercises.

Pleasant Dinner Party.

The home of J. W. Irwin, on Second street, was the scene of a very pretty dinner party last night. It was informal in nature, covers being laid for eight only, but was the source of much enjoyment.

Purchased a Store.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Joseph Wilcoxen has purchased the grocery of Martin Toot and will conduct the business.

BOYS BADLY HURT

While Coasting On Kossuth Street Two Lads Collided With a Wagon With Serious Results.

An accident that came near resulting fatally occurred on Kossuth street this morning and two boys, Verne Davidson and Willie Brown, both aged about 10 years, are now under the care of physicians, the Davidson boy being dangerously wounded.

The lads were coasting and while coming down Kossuth street at a high rate of speed, collided with a coal wagon driven by one of the employes of the Davis Coal company. The driver saw the lads coming, but was unable to get out of the way of the swiftly-moving sled before the collision occurred.

The horse was missed and the forward wheel of the wagon was struck. The Brown boy was on the front of the sled and went with great force head first into the wagon. His companion was also jammed forcibly against the wheel, his breast striking the hub.

Both were dazed and had to be carried to their homes. Young Brown, who lives on Thompson hill, was found to be badly bruised about the head, but no bones were broken. The other lad lives on Pennsylvania avenue. His injuries cannot yet be determined. His breast was terribly bruised, and it is feared he is hurt internally.

The teamster on the wagon that was struck was in no manner responsible for the accident. He helped to take the injured lads home.

UNION FORMED BY MUSICIANS

Local Men Who Play In Bands and Orchestras Now Organized.

A CHARTER WAS GRANTED

Officers Chosen And the Body Is Now a Branch of the American Federation of Musicians — Troubles Thought At an End.

A branch of the American Federation of Musicians was organized in the city last night. The charter was received and a permanent organization formed by the election of William Randolph, president; W. S. Culp, secretary; William Manley, treasurer.

Much difficulty has been experienced for the past five or six years in deciding upon the proper organization with which local musicians would connect themselves. An attempt was made to gather all musicians into one body, and although the promoters worked hard to bring about the end, matters in this line have been anything but satisfactory. So much rivalry existed throughout the country that there existed at least three national bodies.

Recently, however, the American Federation of Musicians was formed and is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

It is now thought the troubles of local musicians will be at an end, as all who have a desire to be fair and connect themselves with an organization recognized everywhere as the best and only society connected with the American Federation of Labor will join.

C. A. R. BANQUET

Interesting Entertainment Held Under Auspices of Lisbon Veterans.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—The G. A. R. held a banquet last night at its rooms here. An elaborate supper was served, after which an interesting program was rendered.

J. A. Martin, Rev. J. A. Ulman, Rev. George Fowler, Rev. Dr. D. H. Evans, S. J. Firestone, John M. Dickinson and George T. Farrell made addresses. Vocal music was furnished by Mrs. Minnie Duck, and Miss Helen Wellington gave dramatic selertions.

FORTY-SEVEN HEIRS

Beneficiaries Under the Will of a Hanover Township Woman.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—The will of Rachel Lindesmith, late of Hanover township, has been admitted to probate. Forty-seven relatives are benefited, each receiving a small sum.

Belmont Club Dance.

The Belmont club held a very pleasant dance last night at their rooms in the Thompson building. The music was furnished by the colored mandolin club. Light refreshments were served. The affair was quite informal, only the members and their lady friends being present, but it was greatly enjoyed.

WESTERN PLANTS ARE CONSOLIDATED

Two Potteries at Evansville and Peoria Effect a Combination.

CAPITAL STOCK $700,000

The Deal One of Importance—Union Potteries Official Discusses Attorneys' Bill—New Salineville Plant. Pottery News in General.

An unlooked-for move has been made by the owners of two of the large potteries in the west in the announcement that last week all papers were signed for the consolidation of the Evansville and Peoria potteries. This information has just reached this city, and it may mean more to the extreme western trade than appears on the surface.

The consolidation of these two plants into one company with one management resulted in a stock company being formed with a capital stock of $700,000. A board of directors has been selected and officers of the new concern will be made known within a few days. The statement is made that the company will build a new plant, either at Indianapolis or Terre Haute, Ind., and besides this a large warehouse will be built at once, possibly at St. Louis.

Ware made at the factories controlled by this company will be sent to the new warehouse, from where it will be distributed to the extreme western and southwestern trade. The company will make extensive changes at both the old plants, and the potteries will be operated to their fullest capacity within a few weeks.

The recent action of Weil & Weil of New York, in entering a suit in the court at Lisbon against the Union Potteries company, is not taken seriously by the officials of that firm, inasmuch as it is the second time suit has been entered on the same case. F. W. Fowler, vice president of the company, says: "This law firm seems to delight in entering suits, but it will be a long time before any more money is paid to it. A suit was entered against me some time ago in the courts at Steubenville, and after several conferences matters were settled to the satisfaction of all concerned. When we were being organized we gave this law firm three shares of stock in order that they might be able to vote at a meeting of the board of directors until such time as a new board was elected. These attorneys have to the present failed to qualify the shares, and at the same time they ask that we give them over $3,000. A recent decision of the New York supreme court settles the case, and had they looked this decision up, I am satisfied no action would have been brought."

Kilnmen's local No. 9 had a well attended meeting last evening in Brotherhood hall, about 125 members being present. The resignation of C. C. Smith as corresponding secretary was accepted and in his place E. L. Bradfield was elected. As a delegate to Trades and Labor Council George Smith, general secretary of No. 9, was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of C. C. Smith. A donation of $5 was forwarded to the American Federation of Labor to assist in the establishing of a labor paper in Porto Rico. Nominations for convention delegates will be opened at the meeting next week.

The Dresden China company is the name of the concern which will operate the new pottery being built at Salineville. The organization took place in this city a few days ago and the company is composed of the following persons: W. H. Deidrick, of the Sevres China company; George D. Deidrick, Walter B. Hill, allof this city, and H. H. Kirk and James H. Dodds, of Salineville, the last named being the owner of a newspaper in Salineville. The capital sock of the company will be $200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of $100 each. The plans for the new plant are being drawn in this city by Architect Adolph Fritz, but will not be completed for several weeks. Work on the foundation will commence as soon as the weather permits.

A writer in an eastern trade paper hastens to remark that pottery manufacturers are requested to "make New York City the only market for their ware" and western manufacturers are told that "Pittsburg and East Liverpool are really out of the way," and that, to be obliged to stop off at these

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

MARK O. LODGE'S DEATH

PNEUMONIA HASTENED THE END OF THE EX-SHERIFF.

The Wounds Were Severe and Would Have Proved Fatal In Short Time.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—An autopsy held at Leetonia last night revealed that the death of ex-Sheriff Mark O. Lodge was caused primarily by pneumonia, induced partly by the wound and partly by exposure.

An examination of the wound showed that most of the shots passed upward, outside the ribs, some even as far as the collar bone. Very few shots were found to have entered the abdominal cavity. The four wads were found in the liver, having passed half through it. No circular wound was discovered in the liver, the wads having passed into it edgewise.

Although his death was hastened by pneumonia, the wound in the liver would have proved fatal within 24 hours.

The following doctors were present at the examination: Mesrs. McCready, Gooding, Sturgeon and Hawn, of Leetonia; Nevin, Marquis, Morris and Albright, of Lisbon.

KILNMAN INJURED

John Owen Under a Doctor's Care As the Result of a Fall.

John, better known as "Nipper" Owen, a kilnman at the Cartwright pottery, was seriously injured yesterday morning while at work. He was ascending a ladder in the kiln with a load of saggers on his head, when the saggers struck a stick at the crown of the kiln.

The saggers were knocked from his head and Owen was knocked from the ladder, falling to the floor of the kiln. He was bruised about the head and was later removed to his home on Third street, where he was attended by a physician.

PENSION CHECK STOLEN

Lisbon Veteran Learns That Another Got $51 Belonging to Him.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Jeremiah H. Cole, an old soldier, has been much worried for several days over the non-arrival of his pension check. He gets $17 a month and the check was worth $51, a large sum to him. Judge Boone tried to learn the cause of the delay. He got word yesterday that the check had been cashed by the Marion county (O.) bank.

Cole will get his money, and as his affidavit has been forwarded to the pension authorities, prosecution for forgerly will probably result.

Resigned As Executor.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—P. M. Little has resigned as executor of the estate of John C. Little, late of Unity township, and has been ordered to turn over to his successor a balance of $5,665 undistributed.

WALKER TRAMP SET FREE FOR A PECULIAR REASON

Magistrates and Constables Say They Can't Get Costs at Lisbon.

CONSTABLE POWELL TALKS

Says He Has Often Paid Money Out Which the County Did Not Repay.

MAYOR HAS HAD EXPERIENCE

Along Similar Lines And Wants to Be Assured His Costs Will Be Forthcoming Before He Sends Prisoners to the County Jail.

The doors of the city jail were opened by Constable Powell this morning to liberate David Pritchard, the tramp, who broke into the Walker school house. Consequently the county jail sentence which was imposed on him was suspended.

This was done not because it was the desire of either the constable or Justice McLane to see the culprit go unpunished, but because of a peculiar existing state of affairs at Lisbon, which the magistrate claims, makes it a risk to send prisoners to the county jail for offenses such as committed by the tramp.

The risk is concerning the matter of costs and this is the reason the convicted hobo was turned loose. Constable Powell said this morning that he had been beaten out of so many dollars, which he had been compelled to pay out of his own pocket that he proposed to take no further chances. He said he would have to hire a rig to take Pritchard to Lisbon and would also be compelled to pay his hotel bill and for feed for his horses.

"I have taken these trips many times previously," said the constable, "in delivering prisoners to the county jail, but nearly every time my bill of costs was presented for payment it was either only partly paid or turned down altogether."

In speaking of Pritchard the constable said he had paid more than a dollar out of his own pocket to feed him, which he would never get back. When the tramp was let out of the jail he immediately started in the direction of Walker and the constable himself stated that he would not be surprised if the fellow again broke into the school house tonight.

Mayor Davidson and Chief Thompson have dozens of cost bills that have been turned down at Lisbon and the mayor says that before he sends another prisoner over he will first know that his fees are sure to be forthcoming.

It is claimed by all of the local justices that they have been so discouraged by being cut out of money due them that they are almost forced to refuse to prosecute cases like that of the Walker tramp. One magistrate stated that in no other county in the state is such encouragement given to hoboes as in Columbiana. This, he said, is because of the refusal of the county authorities to pay for their prosecution.

SENT TO INFIRMARY

English Woman Refused Admission to Massillon Insane Hospital.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Barbara Bolton, of East Liverpool, has been refused admission to the Massillon asylum. She was removed yesterday from the county jail to the infirmary.

The patient is a British subject and came from England last year. She is not therefore entitled to treatment at a state hospital.

VETERANS' REUNION

Men Who Participated in the Spanish-American War Enjoyed Themselves.

A reunion of the Spanish-American war veterans located in this city was held last evening at the home of Fred Oschman, on Walnut street. Only five were present, these being the ex-soldiers who attended the Eighth Ohio regiment reunion at Akron last summer.

A most pleasant evening was passed.

JAMES CLARK'S BUSY CAREER

Facts In the Life of a Man Well Known In All Pottery Circles.

DEATH AND BURIAL AT SEA

His Father an English Manufacturer, Proprietor of an Ancient Pottery Plant—His Travels And Work in the United States.

While the death of James Clark of Hanley, Eng., was reported in this city, very little was known by his friends here concerning his past life, even the date of his death being unknown to the potters of this community. Although a staunch Englishman, he had many intimate friends on this side of the Atlantic.

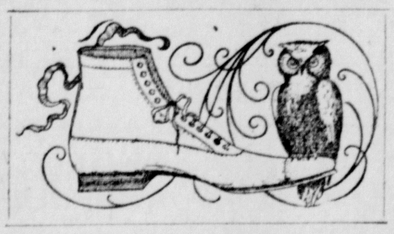
Mr. Clark was born in Burslem, Staffordshire, Eng., in 1854. His father was a manufacturing potter, and while yet a young man was sent to the Leeds university in Yorkshire, where he took an extended course in chemistry, receiving a queen's certificate equivalent to a gold medal in this country. After his course was completed he returned to Burslem where he was given the position of secretary and treasurer of his father, Edwin Clark's pottery, as it adjoined St. John's Episcopal church. Ware made at this plant was sold mainly to importers doing business in this country and South America. It was in this same pottery that James Wedgwood, the pioneer potter, learned his trade. During the summer of 1879 Mr. Clark was sent to this country by his father to learn the jobbing trade, and his first stop was in Boston, where he secured a position with Abraham French. After working in Boston for over three years he was sent to Chicago, where he acted as a salesman for a similar period. After seven years of continuous service for one firm he traveled through South America, Central America and the West Indies for his father's product. His father later sent him back to this country, and after selling goods for several years he, with John Thomas, purchased the Trenton China plant at Trenton.

He was in this firm for a short time when he disposed of his interests and went to Wheeling where he established the North Wheeling pottery, a concern that is still in business. He was in this company for three years. After leaving Wheeling he came to Toronto, where he became associated with the American Pottery company. While identified with this company he acted as treasurer and general manager and remained in the position until the great strike of '93. Mr. Clark then went to England, where he secured a position with Thomas Hulme & Co., manufacturers of potters' supplies, makers of colors and decalcomania. This position he held at the time of his death.

He was married to Miss Smith, a popular young lady of Liverpool, Eng., and to this union ten children were born, eight of whom are living. Mrs. Clark was a niece of Mr. Emory, the largest color manufacturer of England. Two years ago while Mr. Clark was in this city he made an engagement with William Mayer, of Laura street, to go to Fallston. This was on a Wednesday afternoon. On Thursday afternoon Mr. Clark went to the home of Mr. Mayer, and when asked why he came there, said he had just received a cable message announcing that his wife had been injured. This trip was deferred, and upon Friday morning two cables were received by Mr. Clark, requesting him to come home at once. He purchased a ticket from George H. Owen & Co., and set sail from New York on the following Saturday. Mrs. Clark died the next day, Sunday, but Mr. Clark returned to this country a few months later, and while here arranged to meet Frank Sebring, in England, who was then arranging a trip to England. Mr. Sebring made the trip and was shown through a number of English potteries by Mr. Clark, and one at Lodge, owned by a cousin of Mr. Clark, where bone china is manufactured.

Just before Mr. Clark sailed for this country last month he ararnged to meet Mr. Sebring and Percy Frost, at the Astor House, New York, but this was never carried out. Besides bringing into this country a number of samples of pottery supplies, he has in his possession the rights for the United States of a new machine, which is used in England to make saggers. Through the office of a particular friend of Mr. Clark's it was arranged that as soon as he arrived in East Liverpool he was to be taken to the home of Bradford M. Louthan, who agreed to purchase the right to use the machine in this country.

Mr. Clark sailed for this country on the steamer Saxonia Jan. 25, and he died after the ship was two days out. He was buried at sea, and although the Cunard Steamship company has been asked for details, no word has been received. He had one sister, Mrs. Annie Wigfield, 1312 Redfield street, West Philadelphia, and another siter residing at Atlanta, Ga. He also had a brother in Australia, owning a large sheep ranch.



The Question!

Does it pay to deal with a strictly cash store? That is the question with a great many people at present. The store thus conducted has the advantage, because they loose nothing on bad accounts, no time keeping books, no postage on statements, and make no enemies, because they deal with all alike. It is not fair for the person who buys for credit, to buy as cheap as one who pays cash, and they do not, because a store doing a credit business must have more for their goods. Somebody has to bear this extra expense. Buy your shoes of

The Cash Shoe Store — The Sleepless Shoe Co. — It Pays to Buy for Cash

LABOR OUTLOOK ENCOURAGING.

Pig Iron Advances—Consumptive Demands of Goods Give No Evidence of Abatement.

New York, Feb. 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Along the Atlantic coast business was temporarily checked by the storm and some interior points also suffered from unfavorable weather, but consumptive demands give no evidence of abatement.

Prices of perishable goods advanced sharply, the whole range of staple commodities tended upward. Jobbing trade in spring lines of wearing apparel is of ample proportions and all heavy hardware and products of iron feel the pressure in that industry. Prospects are most encouraging as to the labor situation. Railway earnings thus far reported for February show a decrease of but 3.5 per cent over last year's, while the loss at New York is but 5.9 per cent from the total of 1901, which is more than accounted for by a decreased activity in the stock market.

While by no means inflated beyond the point fully warranted by urgent purchasers, prices of pig iron have made decided advances, despite the opposition of leading interests. More imports are reported, but foreign markets are also advancing, now that there is less prospect of American competition because of the unprecedented home demand. Railway supplies and structural material are still the most eagerly sought of finished steel products. Record-breaking building permits indicate the business that will be done by structural mills.

Following the advance in print cloths to 3¼ cents there has been an equivalent gain in many divisions of the cotton goods market.

Exporters are bidding for China, although holders now refuse to accept business at the terms they offered early in the month. Woolen and worsted fabrics for fall have received less attention, but sales are still fully up to the average.

Farm staples are remarkably well maintained at the recent advance in quotations.

Liabilities of commercial failures thus far reported for February aggregated $6,697,881, of which $3,404,627 were in manufacturing, $2,892,142 in trading and $401,112 in other commercial lines. Failures for the week number 230 in the United States, against 253 last year, and 31 in Canada, against 39 last year.

SPOONER DEFENDED POLICY.

Bate and Tillman Attacked Republican Attitude Toward Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 22.—For more than six hours yesterday the senate had the Philippine tariff bill under discussion. Mr. Bate (Dem., Tenn.) delivered a carefully prepared speech in opposition to the pending measure. He was followed by Mr. Spooner (Rep., Wis.) in a brilliant defense of the Republican attitude toward the Philippine islands. He became involved frequently in heated colloquy with members of the minority. He concluded with an appeal to congress to stand by the policies of McKinley and Roosevelt.

Mr. Tillman (Dem., S. C.) began a characteristic arraignment of the administration in the Philippines, but had not concluded when the senate adjourned until today.

TWO CHILDREN PERISHED IN BURNING ORPHANAGE.

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 22.—Vera A. and Charles Louen, 3 and 4 years of age respectively, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Rose Petit orphanage, in Hermitage lane, at Greendale, this city. The firemen arrived in time to rescue, with the aid of Mrs. Petit, eight children from the burning building. Mrs. Petit was burned about the face and hands during her effort to save the little ones.

March, April, May

There is a best time for doing everything—that is, a time when a thing can be done to the best advantage, most easily and most effectively. Now is the best time for purifying your blood. Why? Because your system is now trying to purify it—you know this by the pimples and other eruptions that have come on your face and body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Are the medicines to take—they do the work thoroughly and agreeably and never fail to do it.

Hood's are the medicines you have always heard recommended.

"I cannot recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla too highly as a spring medicine. When we take it in the spring we all feel better through the summer." MRS. S. H. NEAL, McCrays, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

EAST END

THE BUILDING BOOM

In the East End Is Certain to Continue During the Coming Season.

There promises to be an unusual amount of building in the East End during the summer and already the building contractors in that part of the city are kept very busy furnishing estimates for new homes. The building will not be confined to one part of the East End, but new residences will be built all over the suburbs generally.

The majority of the new houses that are to be built will cost between $1,500 and $2,500, and for these prices a very comfortable home can be had. It is presumed most of these houses will be built on ground east of Mulberry street, as there are not many favorable building sites west of that street.

BIG ORDERS GIVEN

The East End Plant for Sewer Pipe. Several Months' Run Required.

A party of New England sewer pipe men were in the East End yesterday, the guests of T. F. Anderson, superintendent of the local plant of the American Sewer Pipe company. They came for the purpose of placing orders for pipe, and the announcement was made this morning by an official of the local concern that orders sufficient to keep the plant in operation for several months were given by these gentlemen.

The order was for delivery during different parts of the year, and shipments will begin very soon, continuing throughout the year. The order was one of the largest received by the East End plant for some time.

Pottery for Nelsonville.

The Nelsonville capitalists who have been in the East End for several days inspecting several potteries in that part of the city, returned to their homes. They seemed well pleased with their trip and intimated before they left that a pottery would surely be built at Nelsonville and that a stock company would be formed by them at once for that purpose.

Four New Church Members.

The attendance was large last evening at the Second Presbyterian church and Rev. S. L. Boston preached an excellent sermon. Two solos were sung by the reverend gentleman in his own inimitable way, which were very pleasing. There were four accessions to the church. Next week the services will be in charge of Rev. J. R. Hosick, Hookstown.

EAST END AFFAIRS.

Mrs. W. T. Mowen, of First avenue, is very ill.

Miss Daisy Lemon, of Mulberry street, has returned to Sebring.

Rev. S. L. Boston, who has been conducting a series of revival meetings in the East End, returned to Steubenville this morning.

The services at the Second U. P. church tomorrow, both morning and evening, will be in charge of Rev. Mr. Black, of New Florence, Pa.

John Schmeltzenbach, of the East End, went to Raven Rock this morning to visit his mother, who is very ill. He will return next week.

V. A. Cunningham has taken a position as conductor with the East Liverpool railway. He has been employed as a barber in this city for several years.

Mrs. Harvey Wallace, of St. George street, left this morning for Murphytown, W. Va., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of their daughter, Mrs. Harlem.

Different And Better.

Different from all others, because they contain no opium or any of its derivatives. Better than all others because they affect a cure through the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clin ic Headache Wafers when taken for the cure of a headache. The safest and most reliable remedy knokn. Take no other. All druggists, 10

The Philadelphia Casualty Company's ACCIDENT POLICY.

Insurance which insures only at the end of a law suit is dear at any price.

You Do Not Want a Policy Like This!

That does not grow in value.

That pays weekly indemnity for only 52 weeks or 104 weeks against our 200 weeks.

That pays only one-half its face value if you become permanently disabled.

That provides for the deduction of any weekly indemnity paid within twelve months, in making settlement for a death loss.

That pays only about one-tenth its face value for the loss of an eye.

That will not pay anything for death or injury from assault **unless by a burgular or highwayman**

That provides for forfeiture of your rights if you are rendered unconscious, and thereby fail to send notice of accident within ten days.

That excludes benefits for injuries received in entering or leaving a trolley car—or perhaps fixes a speed limit that will subject your claim to a conflict of opinion.

That does not provide full protection against accidents while in a burning building.

Look at Your Policy. What Does It Provide?

It is not the Amount of Money you spend for Insurance, but it is the Amount of Insurance you get for your money that tells.

HEALTH POLICY.

What it Covers

The Principal Sum is paid for **Total Blindness** or **Total Paralysis.** It differs from all other Health Policies. The Principal Sum is increased Five Per Cent. each year, until the eleventh year is reached, without additional cost to the Policyholder.

This Policy also provides Weekly Indemnity not exceeding Twenty-six Weeks, for Disablement from any of the following **Thirty Diseases:**

Apoplexy	Appendicitis
Bronchitis (Acute	Non-tubercular)
Carbuncle	Cebro-spinal Fever
Chicken Pox	Cholera (Asiatic)
Diphtheria	Erysipelas
Hemiplegia	Hydrophobia
Iritis	Lock-jaw
Measles	Meningitis
Mumps	Peritonitis
Pleurisy	Pneumonia (Lobar)
Retinitis	Scarlatina
Scarlet Fever	Small Pox
Spotted Fever	Tetanus
Typhlitis	Typhoid Fever
Typhus Fever	Yellow Fever

Varioloid

What it Costs

$ 2 00	a year gives	$ 5 00	a week and	$500 Prin. Sum.
3 00	"	7 50	"	750 "
4 00	"	10 00	"	1,000 "
5 00	"	12 50	"	1,250 "
6 00	"	15 00	"	1,500 "
7 00	"	17 50	"	1,750 "
8 00	"	20 00	"	2,000 "
9 00	"	22 50	"	2,250 "
10 00	"	25 00	"	2,500 "
11 00	"	27 50	"	2,750 "
12 00	"	30 00	"	3,000 "
13 00	"	32 50	"	3,250 "
14 00	"	35 00	"	3,500 "
15 00	"	37 50	"	3,750 "
16 00	"	40 00	"	4,000 "
17 00	"	42 50	"	4,250 "
18 00	"	45 00	"	4,500 "
19 00	"	47 50	"	4,750 "
20 00	"	50 00	"	5,000 "

You may think you cannot afford it, but if you become disabled by sickness those who must economize to keep the household expenses down will feel that **they cannot afford to have you neglect the protection of Health Insurance.**

How will you manage to make your payments to the building and loan association if you become sick and disabled for ten or twelve weeks? Payments must be made on investments of this kind and on life insurance policies when they fall due.

The Philadelphia Casualty Company

Has $100,000 deposited with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department as a guarantee that every promise made in its Policies will be fulfilled.

Authorized March 15th, 1900, to commence business with the following cash assets:

Capital	$100,000.00
Surplus	25,000.00
Total	$125,000 00

Assets December 31, 1901.

Capital	$100,000.00
Reserve for Premiums in force	30,743.52
Reserve for Claims in process of settlement	4,342.91
Net Surplus	36,559.67
Total Surplus to Policyholders	$171,646.10

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Pennsylvania For Particulars, Apply to

WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,

Room 1, Walsh Building. C. C. Phone 261. Sixth Street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

G. A. R. DIFFICULTIES SETTLED.

Encampment to Be Held at Washington During Week of Oct. 6.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The annual encampment of the G. A. R. will be held here during the week beginning Oct. 6. This was finally decided upon at the meeting of the executive council after a compromise had been effected with the citizens' committee on the subject of free quarters for 22,000 men.

The citizens' committee insisted on its refusal to provide free quarters, but finally agreed to turn over to the executive council $12,000 of the $50,000 raised to be used for free quarters under the control of the executive council.

TSILKA NOT ARRESTED BY TURKISH AUTHORITIES.

Constantinople, Feb. 22.—The authorities here deny that the Rev. Mr. Tsilka, husband of Miss Ellen M. Stone's companion in captivity, has been arrested for complicity in the kidnaping of Miss Stone. They say that Mr. Tsilka is in Sofia, Bulgaria.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Generally fair today, except snow along the lakes. Tomorrow probably fair; fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Snow or rain today and probably tomorrow; variable winds, mostly fresh northwest.

Moffat's Life Pills purify the blood and render disease, impossible and warranted to regulate the liver. Do not fail to try them.

LARKINS, THE DRUG MAN.

IT IS OUR BUSINESS to attend to your BUSINESS particularly when it is DRUG BUSINESS.

EVERYBODY KNOWS WHERE.

ICE ICE ICE

Have the best, let us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.

TROCHET'S COLCHICINE SALICYLATE CAPSULES

Trochet's Colchicine Salicylate Capsules.

A standard and infallible cure for RHEUMATISM and GOUT, endorsed by the highest medical authorities of Europe and America. Dispensed only in spherical capsules, which dissolve in liquids of the stomach without causing irritation or disagreeable symptoms. Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Be sure and get the genuine.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO. Sole Props.

Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

MOB STORMED JAIL.

Strikers Repulsed After a Number Were Killed and Wounded, at Barcelona.

STRIKES SPREAD IN SPAIN.

Many Anarchists and Revolutionists Arrested—Weyler Wants a Free Hand In Dealing With "Rebels In Catalonia."

Barcelona, Feb. 22.—The strikers attacked the jail, in an attempt to rescue their imprisoned comrades, but they were repulsed by the troops, after a number of rioters had been killed or wounded. Forty persons have already been killed.

The ordinary necessaries of life are failing and the distress is becoming accentuated. The strikers are said to be receiving large sums of money from London.

In the neighboring towns the disturbances are spreading and are increasing in gravity.

The predominance of bayonets here has had due effect, and the most turbulent spirits have been driven off the streets. Outwardly the city is assuming an aspect of comparative quiet. The leading citizens are joining the military and civil authorities in restoring order.

Madrid, Feb. 22.—The most stringent measures have been prepared to protect traffic and business in Barcelona. The strikers have few rifles, but are well supplied with revolvers and daggers.

The search of suspected houses continue, resulting in the arrest of large numbers of anarchists and revolutionists of all kinds, who are considered to be the prime movers in the troubles.

Strike Is Spreading.

Martial law has been proclaimed at Tarragona. The strike is spreading in the Liobregat and Cardona valleys. There is a general cessation of work at Castellon de La Piana and Garve, and much excitement prevails at Batea. Forces of gendarmie have been dispatched to those places.

London, Feb. 22.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that General Weyler, the war minister, is urging the queen regent to give him a free hand in dealing with the "rebels in Catalonia," and that Premier Sagasta threatens to resign if General Weyler's request is granted. The queen regent is said to favor General Weyler's plan.

Mark Twain's Cousin,

G. C. Clemens, of Topeka, Kan., the noted constitutional lawyer, who bears so striking a resemblance to Mark Twain, (Samuel B. Clemens) that he is frequently taken for the original Mark, is a man of deep intellect and wide experience. He is considered one of the foremost lawyers in this country. In a recent letter to the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Mr. Clemens says:

G. C. Clemens.

"Personal experience and observation have thoroughly satisfied me that Dr. Miles' Nervine contains true merit, and is excellent for what it is recommended."

Mr. Norman Waltrip, Sup. Pres. Bankers' Fraternal Society, Chicago, says:

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills

are invaluable for headache and all pain. I had been a great sufferer from headache until I learned of the efficacy of Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Now I always carry them and prevent recurring attacks by taking a pill when the symptoms first appear."

Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25c. per Box.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

When Women Should Vote

By Mrs. ANNA FITZGIBBON, Chicago's Woman Banker

I AM a little in doubt as to just where I stand as to women voting. I THINK PERHAPS IT MIGHT BE FOR THE BEST INTERESTS OF ALL IF THEY WERE ALLOWED TO VOTE ON TEMPERANCE MATTERS AND QUESTIONS WHICH AFFECT DIRECTLY THE MORALS OF THE COMMUNITY. BEYOND THAT I DO NOT SEE WHAT GOOD COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THEIR VOTING. Those who would not be influenced in their votes by their husbands or male relatives would in all probability be about as widely divided as the men and in about the same proportions on all great public questions.

* * *

ON THE WHOLE, I THINK I AM OPPOSED TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE. I am a believer in the men, and, taken as a whole, I believe they are at heart as good as women. They may in individual cases have more vices and do things which would be deplorable in women; still I believe that men who are themselves bad do not for the most part want the whole community bad, and as a general thing favor what they believe to be best.

Regarding women in business, I think it is sometimes necessary, as in my own case, for them to enter that field; but, as a general rule, I believe their place is at home.

My father, John Cunnea, was one of the pioneer bankers of Illinois. He founded the First National of Morris, Ill., soon after the civil war and remained its president until his death. As a child I played more or less about the bank, and by the time I reached womanhood I considered myself quite a banker, and so did my father. When I married, my husband was in the distilling business. I have strong feelings on the temperance question and did not like that. I kept at him continually to sell out, and in 1887 he bought a controlling interest in the bank of which I am a director. I helped him at first with my experience and even before his death became a director of the bank.

STARTED HOME WITH TEDDY, JR

Special Train Carried President's Son From Groton to Washington.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 22.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., who has been ill with pneumonia for two weeks in the Groton school infirmary, was bound for Washington last night. Bundled to his eyes with blankets, he was taken in a covered sleigh from the infirmary to the special train which had been in readiness at the Groton station for several days. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and Dr. P. M. Rixey, while in another conveyance was Miss Roosevelt.

A light snow was falling at the time. The departure of the party was so unexpected that not a dozen persons were on the station platform when the train pulled out. The arrangements for the departure were identical with those made for President Roosevelt's return trip to Washington. The party occupied the private car Convoy and the intention was to have it taken through to Providence and there attached to the Federal express.

SECOND DEGREE VERDICT FOR KILLING SWEETHEART.

Cleveland, Feb. 22.—The jury in the trial of Vernon Rogers, who shot and killed his sweetheart, Margaret Hallen, on Oct. 19 last, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. After shooting the girl, Rogers attempted suicide by sending a bullet through his head. His life was saved however by physicians. It was shown in the trial that Rogers was drunk when the crime was committed and that there had been no premeditation. This probably resulted in saving Rogers from the electric chair.

No Licenses Granted In Washington.

Washington, Pa., Feb. 22.—Judge J. McIlvaine, in the Washington county court, handed down a decision refusing retail liquor licenses to A. H. Stockton, proprietor of the Auld house; Jacob Nease, proprietor of the Nease hotel, and McCreery & Minton, proprietors of the Seigle hotel. In refusing to grant the licenses Judge McIlvaine stated that the general sentiment of the people was against the granting of licenses, and for this reason they were refused.

Pennsylvania Y. M. C. A.

Warren, Pa., Feb. 22.—The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Y. M. C. A. met in Warren. The report of the work accomplished during the past year shows the association in a flourishing condition, with sound financial foundation, and a steady growth.

SECRETARY LONG SAID HE INTENDED TO RETIRE.

Washington, Feb. 22.—After the cabinet meeting Secretary Long stated that the report that he intended leaving the cabinet was quite true. He said he had fixed upon no specific date for his leaving and he had not yet formally sent his resignation to the president, and might not do so for some time. The president, however, was fully aware of his purpose, which was formed many months ago.

HALL NOMINATED FOR POSTMASTER AT WHEELING.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The president nominated J. K. Hall, publisher of the Wheeling Intelligencer, for postmaster at Wheeling, W. Va.

Italian Cabinet Resigned.

Rome, Feb. 22.—The cabinet has resigned, owing to the failure of Signor Villa, the government's candidate for the presidency of the chamber of deputies, to secure his re-election.

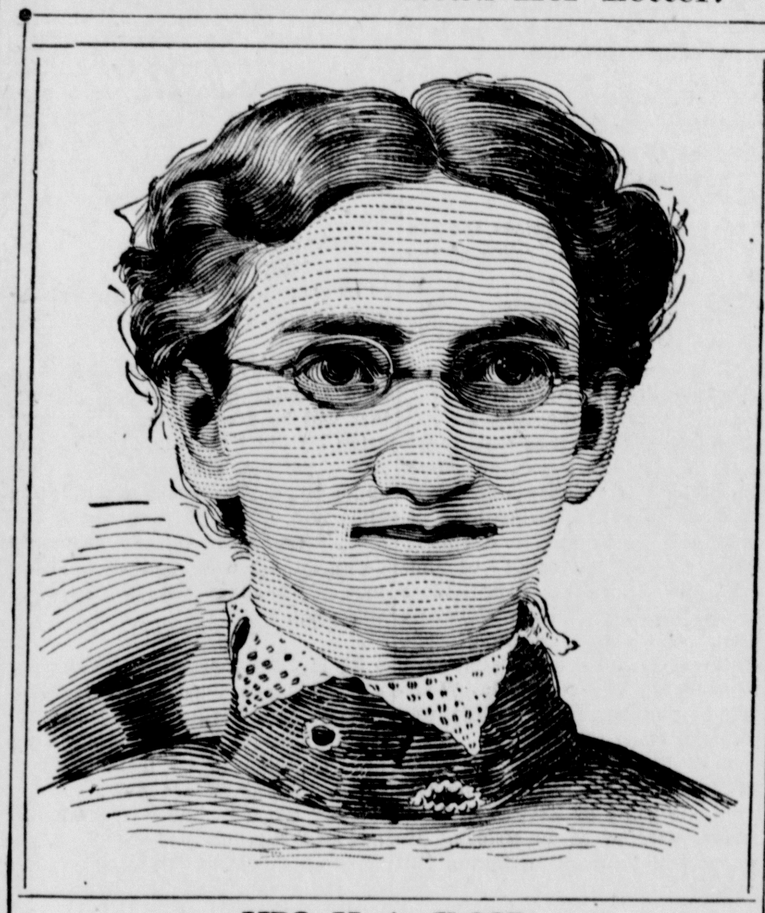
Doing Good.

A great deal of good is being done in all parts of the country by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good work, of aggravating and persistent coughs that have yielded to its soothing effects, of severe colds that have been broken up by its use, of threatened attacks of pneumonia that have been worded off and of dangerous cases of croup that it has cured. The great popularity and extensive sale of this preparation can not be a surprise to anyone who is acquainted with its good qualities. Use it when you have need of such a remedy and it will do you good. For sale by Alvin H. Bulger.

Page's Climax Salve is truly the woman's friend, as no woman can have broken breasts or sore nipples while she uses this salve. Try it.

THIRTEEN DOCTORS FAILED.

Mrs. M. A. Close, of Nebraska, Was Cured of Incipient Consumption After All Medical Aid Had Failed--Read Her Letter.



MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

Kearney, Neb., July 8, 1900.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Doctor---"I desire to express to you my sincere thanks for the interest you have shown in my case, and for the timely aid and advice which has effected a cure of as bad a case of consumption as could be well imagined.

FOUND HERSELF GROWING WORSE.

"Peruna and Manalin have done what thirteen of the best physicians in the country have failed to do. For more than three years I doctored for consumption, and spent thirteen weeks in a Pulmonary Sanitarium at Milwaukee, Wis.; but finding myself growing worse, as a last resort, I came West where I was bedfast for many weeks, and the physicians which my husband called gave no hope but said, 'She cannot possibly live more than a few days.' But thanks to Peruna, I fooled them all. In an incredibly short time after I began to take Peruna the hemorrhages stopped. I began to mend slowly at first, but the improvement became more marked, and now I can truthfully say that there is not the slightest trace of my old complaint.

"I would have written you a long time ago, but have purposely waited to see if the effect was lasting; and in conclusion I would say, God bless you and keep you with us that you may go on with your work of mercy for many years to come."---MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

P. S.---"I am going to visit friends in Wisconsin who never expected to see me alive again, so please forward mail to me at 579 Pacific street, Appleton, Wis."---M. A. C.

AN OLD COLD

Is Catarrh, and Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

The tendency of catarrh of the head is to pass downward through the bronchial tubes to the lungs. Any one who has had catarrh of the head for a year or more finds the disease gradually progressing downward. In some cases the progress is rapid, and in other cases it is slow; but sooner or later if catarrh is allowed to run, it will go to the lungs and set up the disease known as consumption. It is doubtful if consumption is ever caused by anything except catarrh.

The catarrh usually begins as a cold in the head or throat, and is neglected until it becomes chronic; then it begins to dawn on the victim that he has catarrh. Unless he is very foolish indeed he will not rest easy until the catarrh is entirely cured. Thousands pay no attention to it until it is too late.

Mrs. J. Priest, Lee, Mich., writes:—"I think there is no medicine on earth that excells Peruna. My husband won't take any other. We have tested it and it worked a great change in my son's health last spring when we thought he was going into consumption. We gave him only one bottle and he was all right. I tell everybody about how much good it has done us. My husband says he can't do without it. As for myself it saved me seven years ago from going blind. I could not see to read one word for six weeks. I thought I should surely lose my sight. I commenced taking Peruna and by the time I had taken one bottle I could see to read as well as ever. We think it is a grand medicine."—Mrs. J. Priest.

Use as Much as Needed.

If Peruna is used a cold never becomes chronic, and hence catarrh is prevented. But after catarrh has become thoroughly established Peruna will cure it, but it will take much longer. Even in cases where catarrh has attacked the lungs and the symptoms of consumption have shown themselves, the Peruna will cure. A great many cases of genuine consumption have been cured with Peruna after the patient had been given up to die, as in the case of Mrs. Close.

Miss Corinne Gilmore, 193 Vance St., Memphis, Tenn., uses Peruna for colds and catarrh.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

COUNTY AND NEICHBORHOOD

A body of detectives has been installed in the United States Steel Corporation's National plant at Youngstown.

Mrs. Sophia Litten is dead at the home of John Langley, at Warrenton, where she has made her home, aged 90.

The Roman Catholic congregation at Warren has begun the erection of a $45,000 house of worship and a parochial residence to cost $8,500.

During the presentation of a war drama by a home talent company at Atwater, Frank Miller was shot in the breast and neck with paper wads and dangerously injured.

An Italian at Costonia, near Steubenville, while thawing dynamite was blown up. His lips were cut, eyes closed, hair burned off and his head badly battered. It is thought he will die.

The state organization of Ohio miners have opened headquarters in Bellaire. John Stevenson, sub-district president, is in charge. This move is taken so as to be in close touch with the strike situation at the Empire mines.

William Burnett, a stranger, staggered into the Western Union office at Steubenville Friday night and so frightened the occupants that a hurry up call was sent to police headquarters. It was thought he was a highwayman, but he was only drunk.

Robert J. Strain, a prisoner in the Youngstown jail, made a vicious attack on the sheriff. For several minutes the men fought desperately, when finally the officer landed a blow that rendered his adversary insensible and he was thrown into a cage.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J CHENEY, makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that Cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Certain Cure for Chilblains.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Chilblains, Frostbites, Damp, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. 25

AN UNPRECEDENTED RECORD

Made by the EVENING NEWS REVIEW under the present management, during the past nine months.

Merit Counts Most

In every station of life and in every kind of business. Merit in a newspaper is quickly recognized by the public. THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW is extending its business every day at a rate unprecedented in the history of East Liverpool journalism.

How Does It Do It?

Simply by making its columns so interesting that the person who would keep posted on home affairs.

Finds It Indispensable.

Thousands of new readers gained in the past few months are pretty good evidence of public recognition and public appreciation. Its value as the best advertising medium in East Liverpool is attested by hundreds of business men. men. Of this fact there is

Plenty of Evidence.

For instance **During the month of January there were printed in the Classified Advertisement Column of this paper, 428 Want Ads.** A larger number than ever appeared in a like period in any news paper published in Columbiana County. This department of its business is growing at a marvelous rate.

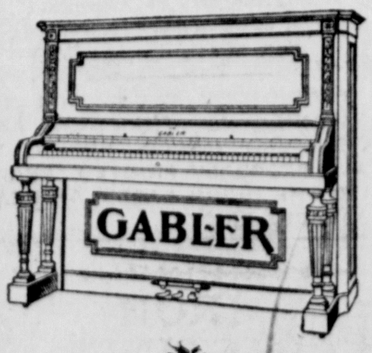
People Who Advertise

And find that advertising brings the desired result return again and again. That is why, wants, for sales, for rents and similar notices are always numerous in the NEWS REVIEW. They cost but little and they

BRING QUICK RETURNS

PIANOS

The man that has had the experience knows what he is selling much better than the man that is buying. We know from experience that we have some of the best Pianos made and sell them at the lowest possible price.



GABLER
New York.

Call and see our stock of

Gablers, Sohmer, Briggs, Behning, Colby, etc.

OUR PRICE—Cash or Easy Payments.

The Smith & Phillips Music Co.,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by

EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

The News Review, Daily, established 1884 By mail, one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00, three months, $1.75; by carrier, $5.00; ten cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly, established 1879. By mail, one year, $1.00 in advance six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

Official Papers of the city of East Liverpool and Columbiana County.

OFFICE 196 WASHINGTON STREET.

Bell Telephone.

Business Office ..... No. 122
Editorial Room ..... No. 122

Columbiana County Telephone.

Business Office ..... No. 122
Editorial Room ..... No. 346

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the EVENING NEWS REVIEW January 1, 1902, TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY (2,250).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-THREE (1,373) subscribers.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL E. LIVERPOOL, O.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902.

TWELVE PAGES.

The Mormon question is not dead. Indications are not wanting that the conflict, which it was fondly hoped, had been for ever settled, must be renewed, or that relic of barbarism, polygamy, will continue to flourish. It will be harder to hit the polygamists of Utah now than it was while they were a territory. The state government and state courts are controlled by the Mormons. All Mormons never were polygamists. Those who were polygamists were understood to have given up polygamy before Utah entered statehood in 1896. The renunciation of that practice permanently was made a condition precedent to the erection of Utah into a state. The state-makers pledged themselves to prevent polygamy afterward, and to extirpate it if it should arise in their state. The country took the Mormons at their word, which, it now appears, they have no compunctions in violating. The disposition of the country toward polygamy was plainly revealed when public sentiment kept Brigham Roberts out of congress. That same sentiment is continually strengthening and Mormons had best prepare to renounce polygamy anew or to emigrate from America.

There are other lines than industry and commerce in which America leads. The last United States educational report for 1899 shows that there were for that year a total of 21,801 American women in the colleges of this country. Of these there were 16,966 in the 337 co-educational colleges, 3,799 in eleven independent women's colleges, and 1,056 in affiliated women's colleges. The number of women graduated annually from American colleges is about 2,800. Women form 27.4 per cent of all the students in American colleges. In Great Britain they form only 12.05 per cent and in 1899 they numbered 3,550.

The house of representatives of Ohio has passed a bill raising the tax on cigarettes and cigarette wrappers and prohibiting absolutely the sale of either of these articles to boys under 20 years of age. Any action that will banish the death-dealing paper rolls or restrict their use will meet with popular approval. Meantime, it is well for all to remember that cigarettes do not harm those who keep away from them.

The Ohio house of representatives goes on record as favoring the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people. The plan has been endorsed by a majority of state legislatures, by conventions representing every shade of political belief and by friends of reform generally. The change is bound to come.

Prince Henry is welcome. Uncle Sam's latchstring has always been out to respectable visitors. A churlish lack of hospitality has not been and never will be one of his traits.

Everybody may not agree with President Roosevelt on the Schley case, but everybody will agree with his declaration that it is time to stop it.

Some Democrats are now claiming the election result in Pittsburg as a Democratic victory. Some Democrats have cheek enough for anything.

Anarchists are reported to have stirred up the trouble at Barcelona. Of course they were in a safe place when the bullets began to fly.

The war taxes passed in 1898 to meet the cost of a foreign conflict are to be wholly wiped out in 1902. It takes good management to accomplish such financial feats.

Democratic politics are at present in a condition of chaos, says Jones, of the Democratic national committee. Jones ought to know.

Prince Henry is to visit congress. Probably the Democrats will see to it that Wheeler is not on exhibition on that day.

Wooster university, thanks to generous donors, will be better off than it was before the fire.

With eggs at present prices, the hen bids fair to eclipse the eagle as the proud American bird.

OBITUARY

Miss Frances A. Riddle.

Miss Frances Amelia Riddle died at her home, Commerce and Fifth streets, Wellsville, yesterday afternoon. She was stricken with paralysis Wednesday and having been attacked two years ago in a similar manner it was the cause of her death. She was a daughter of the late J. A. Riddle, a prominent Wellsville citizen. She was 60 years of age and is survived by one sister, Mrs. Asa Shepard, who resides in Wellsville. Her brother, Major Riddle, was a noted soldier, after whom Riddle lodge of Masons in East Liverpool was named. The funeral will be held at the late home by Rev. C. E. Clark Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in Spring Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Margaret N. Taggart.

Mrs. Margaret Norris Taggart, aged 69 years, died Friday morning at her home in Yellow Creek township after a lingerous illness of two years. She was the wife of the late George Taggart, who died ten years ago. Her survivors are four daughters, Mrs. J. C. Hamilton, Hancock county, W. Va.; Mrs. Eli Cope, Brush Creek; Mrs. Harry Mansfield, East Liverpool; Mrs. Melvin Clark, Yellow Creek, and three sons, Columbus and George, of Yellow Creek, and Edward, of Empire. The funeral will occur Sunday at 10 a. m. and burial will be made in Oak Ridge cemetery.

Mrs. Susan M. Whitacre.

Susan McCauley Whitacre, widow of the late Thomas F. Whitacre, died at the home of her son Edward in Wellsville yesterday. She was born in 1822 and in 1846 married Thomas W. Whitacre, at Hanoverton. In 1851 they opened a hotel at Wellsville and continued the business over 20 years. The husband, who was a lieutenant in Company F, 104th O. V. I., died in 1884. Of six children born to them three survive, Lizzie, Edward G. and Mrs. Mary S. Bean. Funeral Monday at 2 p. m.

Death of an Infant.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Bright, of College street, died this morning. The funeral services will be held tomorrow.

AT THE THEATER

The ushers of the Grand opera house yesterday closed negotiations with Arthur C. Aisten for the production of his new play, "At the Old Cross Roads," in this city March 17. The play is making a decided impression wherever it has been rendered, and it was only secured for this date upon a very large guarantee.

Feeding the Cobras.

The keepers of the big cobras in the Central park menagerie and the New York zoological garden do not find it easy to supply their venomous charges with the kind of food that they specially prefer. In their native land cobras live chiefly on smaller and less dangerous and objectionable snakes, but although every effort is made to collect harmless snakes to satisfy the appetite of the imprisoned cobras at some seasons they have to be content with rats and mice, which they do not particularly like. Other varieties of captive snakes are fed mainly on toads, mice and rabbits. English sparrows are also purchased for them.

Eating an Orange.

When oranges are cut across and eaten with a spoon somewhat of their naturalness seems gone. It is an artificial way of eating this fruit, but often proves the most convenient. The way in which the juice flies is one of the drawbacks to this method. By taking a knife and cutting a little circle around the core in the center this tendency of the juice to fly is largely counteracted. Some fastidious people never cut their oranges across and never use a spoon, but instead cut them in eighths with the skin on and sip the juice from these little portions.

His Hope.

"I hope," said the serious man, "that you haven't been betting on the races."

"I hope so, too," said the young man with the red necktie and the restless eye. "I hope I will wake up tomorrow and find out that the whole thing was a wild dream, but there's no use hoping."—Washington Star.

WESTERN PLANTS

(Continued from First Page.)

cities is really annoying to buyers en route to New York. They are also told that the expense of showing in Pittsburg is a considerable item. It can hardly be wondered at, when it is considered that the source of the information is anything but reliable. Behind it is couched a bid for all buyers to go to New York to see the importers' stock before they buy all they require from the domestic manufacturers. Buyers are fast awakening to the fact that they can be satisfied in all their requirements from the home manufacturer and that New York is not a manufacturing city, particularly with reference to pottery.

An order has been placed with a local foundry for all the machinery that will be used in the new pottery being built at New Brighton. This includes presses, plungers, glaze mills and jiggers. The order is now being filled and will be shipped to the new plant within a few weeks. There will be no lathers used, and all the cups that will be made will be finished by sponging.

At the Union a number of changes will be made during the next few weeks. An order has been placed for a new plunger and press, and these are expected to be installed next week. Workmen are now engaged making room for the new machinery and after it is installed and the engine repaired, this plant will be able to turn out more ware than ever before.

Owing to the crowded condition of the warerooms of the West End pottery, it has become necessary within the past few days to erect a number of new bins, which are located near the office. President Ashbaugh has announced that no ware is being made for stock, all being shipped as fast as it is taken from the kilns.

The fillers-in and decalcomania workers have arranged for a meeting to be held in the Knights of Columbus hall next Wednesday evening. It is expected that plans will be arranged at the meeting for the organization of the trade into the Brotherhood.

A meeting of the handlemakers and finishers will be held this evening in the upper rooms of the Citizen's National bank building. This is one of the youngest organizations in the city and the boys have every chance of becoming a branch of the National Brotherhood.

The arbitration committee held a meeting last night with Secretary Duffy, Treasurer Wood and Shell Moore, Messrs. Keffer, Stamm, Vodrey present. A number of questions were discussed and two disputes settled.

A new sagger will be used at the Union within a short time. It will be a double machine with extra ribs. The idea of placing cups in a pyramid style in the old saggers will be done away with after the new saggers are in use.

The most important business transacted by packers' local No. 25 last evening was the first nomination of convention delegates. The nominations will close next week and the election held the first meeting in March.

So great is the demand for saggers that the Potters' Supply company is rushed to the limit. It is said that if there was more room more workmen would be employed, but as it is, all the saggers possible are now being made.

George Horner, bench boss at the Buckeye pottery, who has been ill at his home on Calcutta for a week, is expected to be able to return to his bench Monday. He has been suffering with a severe attack of cramps.

The sanitary pressers' union at Trenton has decided to introduce a resolution at the coming annual convention of the Brotherhood, to be held here in May, asking for uniform conditions in their branch of the trade

Dippers' local No. 18 met in regular session last night. The organization is entitled to two delegates to the national convention and four names were placed in nomination. The election will take place in two weeks.

Two cars of ware are being packed at the Glove, a branch of the East Liverpool Potteries company. Orders for ware at this plant are coming in at a rapid rate.

Tice Williams, a kilnman at the Laughlin No. 1, who has been ill with typhoid fever for several weeks, has recovered and expects to resume work Monday.

Bazil Vogle, formerly of the biscuit crew of the Goodwin plant, has taken a similar position at the Buckeye. All the members of this crew were formerly employes of the Goodwin pottery, with but two exceptions.

Alvin Huff, a glost kilnman at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery, has purchased a fast driving horse. He expects to place it on the county tracks during the coming racing season.

The first decorating kiln at the Thomas plant at Lisbon was drawn Wednesday, and it is announced that the firm is well pleased with the results. Most all departments are working.

The Chelsea, at New Cumberland, has been having considerable trouble with the water supply and the company is figuring on getting its supply from the city water works.

John Boulton, of Chester, a dipper at the Laughlin No. 1, has such a severe cold that it is affecting his voice, He can scarcely talk above a whisper.

Fred House, a kilnman at the Wallace & Chetwynd pottery, has resigned his position and has taken another at the Taylor, Smith & Taylor plant.

Warehousemen's local No. 48 last evening practically dispensed with the business of the session, the members giving a dance.

Harry H. Meanor, a kilnman at Laughlin's No. 2, is ill at his home in the East End with a severe attack of rheumatism.

A new dinner set of 112 pieces is being modoled in this city for the new pottery that is in course of erection at Buffalo.

Neal Laird, a kilnman at the Union, has been unable to work for several days on account of an injury to his back.

Several cars of ware are being packed at the Wallace & Chetwynd plant for western shipment.

It is rumored the American Sewer Pipe company will use its plant at Penrith for clay grinding.

Owing to a shortage of gas several of the river potteries were running on half time yesterday.

The Roseville Pottery company has increased its capital stock from $100,000 to $300,000.

New pumps have been ordered and will be put in at once at the Chelsea.

Otto Holland, a mould runner at the Diamond, is ill.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

F. A. Poland was in Beaver on business yesterday.

Ex-Senator W. V. Blake came home from Columbus, to remain over Sunday.

Alexander Ross, of Iowa, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lochlin Ross, in the East End.

F. L. Bradley, clerk of the circuit court of Hancock county, and Sheriff C. F. Allison, both of New Cumberland, are in the city today.

Miss Milmay Jamison, of Indiana county, Pa., who has been visiting F. A. Poland, of Third street, for several weeks, returned to her home today.

Mrs. John Elliott, of Sebring, is ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Robert Hollinger, of Fourth street, suffering with a severe attack of rheumatism. She is unable to move her left arm.

William Sheppard, who returned to this city a few days ago from Cuba, where he had served three years in the army, left this morning for Marietta, where he will visit relatives for a week, after which he will return to this city.

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS IN REBELLION BARRED.

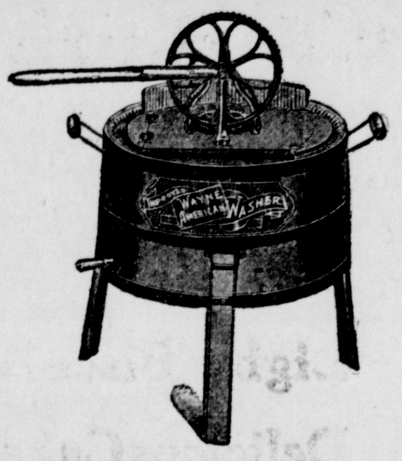
Mansfield, O., Feb. 22.—One hundred and thirty high school pupils here in rebellion against the orders of the board of education forbidding the wearing of class colors were locked out from school. Nearly all wore colors in open defiance. A few who did not wear colors were admitted to their classes. The doors and windows of the high school building were smeared with black paint during the night.

Passed Indian Appropriation Bill.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The house yesterday passed the Indian appropriation bill. No amendments of importance were attached to it yesterday. The latter part of the session was devoted to the consideration of private claims bills, a number of which were passed.

RETURNS FROM THE McGOVERN AND SULLIVAN FIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED AT "THE OFFICE" BAR BY ROUNDS TONIGHT.

45-h



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Washing Machines

The Leading Makes at the Lowest Prices.

Milligan Hardware & Supply Co.

Fifth Street, East Liverpool, Ohio.

HARNESS

WE have a full line of heavy team and express harness made up in different styles and sizes. We guarantee the quality and make equal to the best. This stock was bought early last fall before the advance and we are in a position to make you a very low price. Will be pleased to show you the goods and quote you prices.

A. Trotter & Son,

East Market Street.

THE VOUCHER SYSTEM

Of Accounting is used in the Regular Actual Business Course at the

Ohio Valley Business College.

Shorthand. Typewriting and Common Branches thoroughly taught.

DAY and NIGHT SESSIONS.

Col. Co. Phone 170. Bell Phone 169-2.

F. T. WEAVER, B. C. S., Sec'y. and Bus. M'gr.
J. H. WEAVER, M. S., Pres.

Red Rough Hands Are made smooth and all soreness removed by wearing RUBBER GLOVES while doing the housework. Ask to see them at

CHARLES F. CRAIG'S

DRUGGIST

S. W. Corner Market and Fifth Street.

Willing to Help.

"John," she whispered, "there's a burglar in the parlor. He just bumped against the piano and struck several keys."

"You don't say! I'll go right down," said he.

"Oh, John, don't do anything rash!"

"Rash? Why, I'm going to help him. You don't suppose he can remove that piano from the house without assistance, do you?"—Philadelphia Press.

Neil House

Columbus, Ohio.

Opposite State House.

American Plan. European Plan.

Geo. H. Hopper, Mgr.

Chapped Rough Skin

Our lotion

"Cream of Roses"

is very healing.

The best thing out for chapped hands, say those who use it. It is absorbed quickly and does not soil gloves or any fabric when worn immediately after its application. It helps to make the skin soft and smooth and is certainly a fine addition to any lady's toilet.

Price 10c.

C. G. ANDERSON,

DRUGGIST,

Diamond.

TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets.
Pierce & Cartwright,
276 Eighth Street.
John H. Peake,
304 Eighth Street.
Bagley's,
153 Second Street.
Wm. Gratton's Restaurant,
West Market Street.
Ryan Bros.,
289 East Market Street.
Wilson's,
Fifth Street.
Rose's Cigar Store,
Washington Street.
Gill's Grocery,
Calcutta Road.
Harrison News Stand,
143 Mulberry St., East End.
Marshall News Stand.
First Street, Chester, W. Va.

CANDIDATES' CARDS CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE NEWS REVIEW JOB OFFICE, PROMPTLY AND PROPERLY PRINTED, BEARING THE UNION LABEL, AT REASONABLE PRICES.

IRON CASTINGS

Fine, Soft or Special Chilled For every purpose.

—THE—

CHESTER Manufacturing Co.

Works, 9th street and P. C. C. & St. L. R. R., Chester, W. Va. P. O. Address, Box 226, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Woman's Work

in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook" — most practical and valuable of cook books — free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

SOUTH SIDE

IMPROVED ROADS

Movement on Foot for Paving Between New Cumberland And Fairview.

There a move on foot in New Cumberland to have the road between that town and Fairview paved. A meeting will be called next week for the purpose of considering the project. The distance is three miles, and it is said with the road paved the trip could be made in 20 minutes.

The county court at New Cumberland appointed three members of the court last week to investigate the petion filed by John R. Scott, and others by which they hope to have the road changed known as the Liverpool and Kendall road, between a point near the residence of Mr. Scott and Hookstown road.

Oil Business Active.

Reports from the Turkeyfoot oil region state that the Kisadden oil company drilled in a five barrel well on the Deemer farm. Allender & Company drilled in a six barrel well on the Cunningham farm. Dr. Cooper of New Cumberland has bought R. E. Brandon's interest in the Whitehill oil company. The Duquesne oil company of Pittsburg is leasing land and will drill a well within a few weeks.

U. P. Church Services.

Rev. W. B. Gillis will hold the regular services at the U. P. church tomorrow. In the morning he will preach on "What the World Thinks of Christ," and in the evening on "Watch, Lest Ye Enter Into Temptation."

Boiler House Burned.

A boiler house owned by E. A. Freshwater, and located near his oil wells in the Turkeyfoot region, caught fire and was completely consumed. The loss entailed was about $200. The oil tanks escaped.

New Engine for Water Works.

A new engine is being placed in the water works power house. It is a large one and will help materially in furnishing the power needed for the pumping of the water to the reservoir.

Entertained Friends.

Miss Eva Riley pleasantly entertained a number of friends at her home on Fairview street last evening. A number of social games were played and a choice luncheon enjoyed.

Test Well Nearly Finished.

Silas Mercer stated this morning that the well being drilled on his farm near Kendall has reached a depth of 900 feet and will be ready for a shot next week.

CHESTER NOTES.

Henry Williams, of East Jalestine, is visiting relatives.

The records in the court house at New Cumberland show that there were 17 births and 6 deaths in Chester during the year 1901.

Tilda, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Allison, New Cumberland, is recovering slowly from her illness with scarlet fever.

The funeral of Mrs. James Mills, who died Wednesday evening, occurred yesterday afternoon at Fairview with Rev. David Greene in charge. The remains were interred in Fairview cemetery.

William Moore, a farmer living on the Thomas Cunningham farm, and Miss Anna Allison, of New Cumberland, were marired by Rev. H. M. Carnahan. The couple will go to housekeeping immediately.

Landed in Jail for Theft.

Lisbon, Feb. 22 (Special)—Thos. McCann arrived at the jail today. He was bound over by the mayor of Leetonia on a larcency charge. It is claimed he stole clothing from the Leetonia company store.

CALL AT THE NEWS REVIEW OFFICE FOR CANDIDATES' CARDS.

Undignified.

The teaching of cookery in the English board schools is sometimes not appreciated by those who would be most benefited by it. The teacher of one of these schools recently received the following letter of protest: "My Mary Ann is not going to be a servant. I wants her to be a lady, and the less she knows of how to cook victuals the better. When I sent my gal to the board school, I did not expect she was going to be taught undignified things like that."

Look For the Key.

Don't get angry at small things. Look at vexations now as you will view them thirty days from date. The angry man who gets the wrong key and pushes and rattles the door till he breaks the lock loses more time than if he had quietly gone for the right key and pays for a new lock besides.

A Warning.

Whatever be your talents, whatever be your prospects, never speculate away on a chance of a palace that which you may need as a provision against the workhouse.—Bulwer.

Of Interest To Mill Workers

We have about 13 houses in Chester which we can sell you at prices and terms to suit, and can give you possession in 30 days. All of these houses are complete in every particular, with all modern conveniences. Prices from $1650 upwards. For further information, call or address

Geo. H. Owen & Co.,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents.

Offices :—First National Bank Building. East Liverpool, Ohio. Opposite Rock Springs Park entrance, Chester, W. Va. Both 'Phones 49.

WELLSVILLE

DAMAGE SUIT

FOR AUGUST MICK'S INJURIES MAY BE WITHDRAWN.

Disposition Shown to Compromise the $50,000 for a Boy's Injuries.

The $50,000 damage suit filed against the city, the telephone company and the United Power company by Charles Mick and which is set for trial at Lisbon next Tuesday, may be withdrawn before the opening of court on that day. A prominent attorney employed on the case stated last evening that the defense is endeavoring to make a settlement with the injured lad. It is said that the defense is willing and will be glad to settle by the payment of $15,000.

Had the plaintiff been of mature years the defense could make a strong argument, but under the circumstances there seems to be nothing connected with the case that the attorneys for the defense can apply that will prevent a judgment and hence they are endeavoring for a settlement.

Last August Mick, who is 12 years of age, was playing in the watering trough on the Lisbon road near the East End bridge, when his hands came in contact with a telephone wire which had fallen into the water and which was filled with electricity supplied by a feed wire belonging to the United Power company.

The boy's right hand was burned off at the wrist and his left hand permanently injured. As a result he will during the remainder of his life be almost helpless. According to the laws of the state anyone of the three can be held responsible for the injury sustained by him. The power company is liable in that the feed wire should have been insulated, the telephone company in that its wire should not be placed in such a position that it could come in contact with the feed wire and the city in that the accident was partially due to the gross negligence of the street inspector.

If the case comes up for trial the following prominent attorneys will fight the battle: For the plaintiff, William Anderson, of Youngstown; W. F. Lones and Charles Boyd, of Wellsville. For defendant, J. R. Carey, Salem; Judge Wells and Prosecutor Brookes, Lisbon, and F. L. Wells, Wellsville.

NEW ERA CLUB

A Most Interesting Meeting at Which Valuable Papers Were Read.

Miss Dreta Frazier was the leader at the meeting of the New Era club which was held at the home of Miss Grace Parke, Main street, last evening. The quotations spoken by each member were from Irving. A paper on the "Monroe Doctrine," read by Miss Lillian Barron, was well prepared and very interesting, as was the paper on the "Kansas-Nebraska Bill," read by Miss Blanche Butler.

The club lesson was taken from the constitutional period, 1817-1861. Miss Parke, the hostess, served light refreshments and the evening throughout was highly enjoyed.

THROUCH A TRAP DOOR

Mrs. Jonathan Gloss Fell Into a Cellar And Was Terribly Injured.

Mrs. Jonathan Gloss lies at her home on Commerce street with small hopes of recovery as the result of a terrible accident which occurred Thursday evening. She had gone to L. D. Miller's meat market to call upon Mr. Miller and was walking to the rear part of the store, intending to go upstairs, when she fell through a trap door into the cellar.

Several persons in the store heard the woman fall and immediately went to her assistance. They found that she was badly hurt and was unable to rise. By the use of a cot and pulleys she was taken from the cellar and thence to her home, where a physician was summoned.

An examination proved that she had broken her right leg in four places and had sustained other injuries.

Miss Gloss is 70 years of age and it is thought the accident will prove fatal.

Tally Cards,
Score Cards,
Playing Cards,
All Sorts of Cards,
Score Counters,
Programme Pencils.

Orders taken for **engraving of Cards, Invitations, Programmes, etc., etc.**

A complete line of elegant Stationery. : : :

Your Inspection is Cordially Invited. : : : :

Hodson's Drug Store,

5th and Broadway.

At HARD'S

The Lace Curtain Department is still busy with its Odds and Ends sale.

Closing out all Lace Curtains of which there is only 1, 2 or 3 pairs. Good chance to curtain your house with fine Curtains at the price of ordinary ones.

The Bedding Department still has a nice selection of Blankets and Comforts.

Some grades are closed out but you can still have a good selection.

25 per cent. discount with and extra 10 per cent. off for cash.

In our large Window

you'll see some

Birds' Eye Maple Furniture

that we think pretty nice. See how you like it. Its a special order and will only be here a day or two.

EVERY DAY we are receiving Spring Styles of Furniture and Carpets so you can begin buying.

HARD'S **Fine Furniture and Carpets.**

PATRIOTIC EXERCISES

Held in Several of the Public Schools of Wellsville.

In the lower grades of the central East and West End schools the anniversary of the birthdays of Washington, Lincoln and Longfellow was observed yesterday afternoon in a fitting manner. Patriotic recitations and songs were well rendered.

Quite a number of visitors were present, most of whom being parents or close relatives of the children.

The high school did not participate in the celebration, but the scholars were dismissed at an early hour.

Largely Attended Funeral.

The funeral of Peter Davidson occurred yesterday afternoon in the United Presbyterian church and was conducted by Rev. W. M. Glasgow. A large concourse of sorrowing friends was present at the funeral. From out of town were Kent Holloway, Pittsburg; Dr. David Rose, Baden; Mrs. Alex Frazier and daughter, of Sewickley.

Back From a River Trip.

J. H. Jacobs returned home yesterday from Louisville, Ky., where he left the towboat Alice Brown, on which he made the round trip to New Orleans. He states that the Alice is the only boat owned by the combine at Pittsburg that did not sink a coal barge on the trip.

Arm Drawn Into a Cog.

S. E. Forbes, an employe at the Forbes planing mill, sustained a bad sprain to his right arm and shoulder yesterday while working near a machine. His coat sleeve caught in a bit and drew his arm into a cog, but he succeeded by heroic effort in extricating it.

Mashed His Hand.

Anthony Cross, while loading ice, met with a painful accident, a large chunk of ice falling on his left hand and mashing it badly. He will be unable to work for several days.

MINOR NEWS OF WELLSVILLE.

Mrs. Nathan Vale is reported sick with fever.

J. J. Dowling was in Pittsburg yesterday on business.

Brice Ray, of Allegheny, is in the city visiting friends.

W. P. Sharer and wife are visiting relatives in Alliance.

Mr. and Mrs. William Roll are visiting friends in Alliance.

Fred Sheets is down from Allegheny, the guest of friends.

Harry Roberts left last evening for a short visit at Empire.

George Aten and wife visited friends at West Point yesterday.

P. W. Sullivan, of Cleveland, visited Train Dispatcher Rodgers yesterday.

W. T. Fitters, a brakeman, is visiting his parents at Waynesburg.

J. M. Nelson and family have moved into their dwelling on Main street.

Harry Waggle has accepted a position at J. H. Aten's grocery store.

J. B. Goff, a carpenter at the shops, is off duty on account of sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Dowling will visit relatives at Maximo, Sunday.

J. B. Newhouse will visit over Sunday with his relatives in Magnolia.

Miss Pearl Gilliland left yesterday for Ashtabula to visit until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Sausman are visiting relatives in Hammondsville.

George Apple, Jr., will be the guest of his grandparents at Minerva Sunday.

Miss Mary Givener is spending a few days with friends at Hammondsville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Matthews returned this evening from a visit in Pittsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Swichard left yesterday to visit her parents at Pine Grove.

Mrs. C. F. Russell is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Irwin Stewart, at Hammondsville.

William Cameron left last evening for Carrollton to spend a few days with his parents.

The Misses Agnes and Helen Dixon, of Bellevue, are the guests of their sister, Miss Jennie Dixon.

C. E. Waugh and family have moved to Wellsville from Salineville. Mr. Waugh has a position in the shops.

Mrs. Mary Porter returned to Cleveland yesterday after a pleasant visit with Mrs. George Gorset.

William Pacey arrived yesterday from Allegheny and has taken charge of the Nelson restaurant.

Frank Fox, foreman of the C. & P. machine shops, left yesterday afternoon for Ft. Wayne to visit his family.

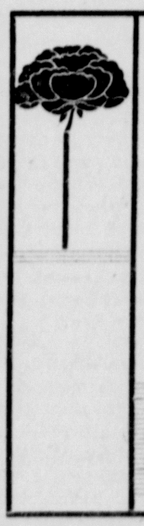
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Slaughter, of Pittsburg, who have been visiting Mrs. John Dorrington and family, departed yesterday for an extended visit in Cleveland and Chicago.

RETURNS FROM THE McGOVERN AND SULLIVAN FIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED AT "THE OFFICE" BAR BY ROUNDS TONIGHT.

45-h

The News Review for all the news.

You'll Never Know
What the best in Whiskey is until you try
Meredith's Diamond Club
PURE RYE WHISKEY.



You Probably Hadn't Thought

HOW soon Spring would be here. You will realize that it is not too early to be planning for refurnishing or making changes in your home.

You can pick out the new Carpet any time, as the new styles are now in.

Everything in the way of

FLOOR COVERINGS

In all the newest patterns and colorings. You see more to select from and get the best for the price at

Frank Crook's,

Fifth and Market Streets.

P. S.—Now would be a good time to pick out that Bed Room Suite or any article in Furniture you need.

NO CHANGE DESIRED

Ohio Republican Congressmen Reported Against the Redistricting Plan.

LEGISLATURE MAY COMPLY

Opposition to the Willis And Cole Taxation Measures—A Corporation Bill Filled With Possibilities. Legislative Review.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—[Special.]—It becomes more evident every day that there will be no redistricting of the state. The Democrats are practically a unit in their decision to support any measure which leaves the districts as they are, and to their strength at least enough Republicans can probably be added to give a majority of both the house and senate. This Democratic desire to leave the districts as they are comes from the fact that if any attempt at redistricting is made the result will be to give a less representation in congress than they have now. They are content to leave well enough alone. A very potent element against the redistricting plan are the Republican congressmen now at Washington, excepting probably Nevins of the Third and Tompkins of the Twelfth districts. The closeness of the two districts and the difficulty with which Republicans are elected from them would make any change increasing the chances of Republican success most agreeable. But outside of these, the Republican congressmen are so comfortably situated and election comes so easy after nomination that a change could not work to the betterment of their condition. Consequently, they are fighting the proposed redistricting through their members of the legislature and the effect of their work is being felt. Still another factor against any switching in the districts is George B. Cox of Cincinnati, who by virtue of the thirteen votes from Hamilton county is able to exert a most powerful influence. As a very positive indication of the way in which sentiment is moving, an informal caucus of the Republicans, Wednesday night, may be taken. At this caucus, attended by all but three of the Republican senators, the matter was fully discussed, and on a later vote a clear majority declared themselves as against any change.

* * *

Despite the loyal support being given the Cole and Willis taxation measures by the administration, the chances favoring their passage are much less than a week ago, and this is especially true of the Willis measure. This imposes a tax of one-tenth of one per cent upon the authorized capital stock of domestic private corporations and a similar tax upon private foreign corporations. To the latter, however, the tax is assessed only upon the proportion of the stock represented in Ohio. No law introduced in any legislature within recent years has excited such bitter and virulent opposition. Delegations from nearly every city in the state have been or are coming to Columbus to protest against its passage. The claim is made that the bill, if passed, will drive capital from the state and force many corporations back into partnerships, and that in consequence of all this, the very object at which the bill is aimed, the reduction of the state levy, will not be attained. The earnestness of the arguments presented, as well as the number and character of the men who have been here, has weakened the allegiance of many Republicans and led them to doubt the propriety of being bound by a party caucus on the strength of the claim that the bill is a party measure. Another caucus to consider the bill has been called for Monday evening, and at that time an effort will be made to pass a resolution pledging the support of all Republicans to the proposed legislation. In view of this, several of the house members have expressed a purpose to remain away in order that they cannot be considered as parties to the agreement. If the bill does finally pass, an immediate test of its constitutionality will be made in the supreme court, and its opponents express themselves as having no fear of the result of such a hearing. The opposition to the Cole bill, increasing the tax on the gross receipts of quasi-public corporations from one-half to one per cent, has not yet made itself shown in such a conspicuous way, yet it is fully as determined. The difference is in the mode of operation. It is not unlikely that the bill will go through, and the corporations are not unwilling that it should, finding contentment and rest from worry in the belief that the supreme court will immediately declare against its validity and that instead of paying a tax of one per cent they will be relieved from paying any.

* * *

The final adjustment of the canal abandonment question will be the appointment of a commission by the governor to investigate the canals and their needs and report back at the next session of the legislature as to what really ought to be done. That is the only practical way now which seems to suggest itself. Although the canals are annually a source of constantly growing expense to the state, there are many who contend this is due to the failure of the state to keep them in such condition as to encourage transportation and that a more liberal appropriation would so increase the revenues as to make them practically self-supporting. Outside of this, hundreds of manufacturers in the state are using the water of the canal as a means of securing power for their plants and are operating under leases from the board of public works. An immediate abandonment would work something of a hardship upon them, if it did not violate the law.

* * *

A somewhat peculiar condition of affairs has been shown through an investigation by the state auditor and attorney general. Several years ago the stockholders of twelve banks in Cleveland refused to pay taxes upon the full value of their bank stocks, claiming they were credits and that, under the law, they were entitled to deduct their debts from them. The matter led to extensive legislation and was finally carried to the United States courts, where the contention of the stockholders was upheld. The banks winning the suits have since been operating under the provisions of that decision. By some oversight the other banks in the state have never taken advantage of the opening to reduce the taxes of their stockholders and have been paying on the full value of their stocks. In order to correct this apparent injustice a bill will be presented to the legislature taking from the Cleveland institutions this immunity and placing them on the same basis as other banks.

* * *

The Painter canal abandonment bill will not be hung up by the house committee on public works. It will be reported back in about two weeks and the battle fought out on the floor As the public works committee is supposed to be made up of friends of the canals, it is hardly probable that it will recommend the bill for passage, but the committee has promised the author of the bill that it will be reported back to the house. It will come back perhaps without recommendation.

* * *

The bill drawn by Allen Ripley Foote, editor of Public Policy and a writer on municipal reforms, which was introduced by Representative Price, proves to be a measure filled with possibilities. Price says he did not know exactly what the bill provided for, but that he introduced it at the request of Foote.

To begin with, it proposes to authorize a species of perpetual franchises for all public service corporations.

Again, it would permit all the public service corporations of a city to consolidate into one gigantic corporation.

Still again, it would authorize a city council to squeeze out of existence all but one corporation in a given line of service.

Still again, it would extend the authority for granting street railway and other franchises now limited by law to twenty-five years, so that they might be granted for an indefinite period and without possibility of them being terminated under thirty-five years.

And still another feature is the making of an opportunity to increase rates for a public corporation every ten years instead of a maximum being fixed to the end of the franchise as now.

The ostensible purpose of the bill is to require all public service corporations granted franchises hereafter to limit its profits to net earnings equal to a per cent on the money invested corresponding to a rate that is double the amount of interest a particular municipality may be required to pay on its bonds. In other words, if the profits should amount to ten per cent and the rate of interest the city in which such company is operating pays on its bonds is four per cent, the public service company would be obliged to reduce the charge it is making to the public to a rate that would produce a profit of only eight per cent.

The bill provides that an accounting for the fixing of rates is to be made every ten years. If it is found that the earnings have not equaled the expenses and double the municipal bond interest in profits, then the rate charged the public is to be increased so that the income will do that. It is a widespread suspicion that corporations now paying a percentage to cities over the state in the shape of an excise have a way of making their earnings appear less than they really are. If this be true, it would not be difficult for them to make out an apparent deficit, except there be confidence by the public in the state auditor, who is made the accounting officer, or the people being shrewd enough to prevent such a fraud.

* * *

The first move in the effort to force public officials to pay fare on railway and electric cars has been taken in the introduction of a bill by Representative Miesel of Cleveland. The measure is stringent in its provisions and, if passed, would at least aid railway officials in solving what is characterized the pass nuisance. Under the provisions of this proposed legislation every public official of town, city or county accepting a pass would immediately, by virtue of that, be abolished from office and it would devolve upon the probate judge to see the edict carried into effect. Realizing that the law would work a hardship upon members of the legislature who are forced to return to their homes often during the session, a provision is added allowing the carfare for a trip a week.

* * *

It has been decided to introduce an amendment to the Willis bill providing that the annual tax on private domestic corporations for the filing of reports with the secretary of state shall be one-tenth of one per cent on the outstanding and paid-up capital stock instead of the authorized capital stock. This is done to avert the claim that Ohio corporations have been discriminated against in favor of foreign. The tax on the latter will remain one-tenth of one per cent on the stock represented in Ohio.

GEO. U. MARVIN.

How Thousands Of Lives May Be Saved

By NATHAN STRAUS, the Millionaire Philanthropist

OUR schools and universities are the finest in the world. We spend millions of dollars annually to prevent intellectual incapacity. Why not treat physical ailments in the same manner? Milk is the only article of food in which disease and death may lurk without giving any suspicion from its taste, smell or appearance. The United States department of agriculture says:

"IT IS ESTIMATED THAT ONE-THIRD OF THE CHILDREN DIE BEFORE THEY ARE THREE YEARS OLD, AND ONE OF THE LEADING CAUSES OF INFANT MORTALITY IS IMPURE MILK.

"Numerous outbreaks of typhoid fever have been reported where there was no doubt about the milk supply being the carrier of the germs. Outbreaks of diphtheria have been traced to milk from farms where diphtheria has been known to exist in the families of the attendants. The same is reported of scarlet fever and cholera. PASTEURIZATION OR STERILIZATION OF MILK IS THE ONLY SAFEGUARD against such dangerous diseases, as this process destroys all the disease germs."

If the pasteurizing of the entire milk supply were made the function of the municipality, it would be an exceedingly clever business investment, for the money expended would be returned a hundredfold. Thousands of infants' lives are needlessly sacrificed annually by impure milk.

Dr. Shakespeare of Philadelphia, an eminent authority, states that nearly if not quite half the deaths in cities in this country are due to that class of diseases which are known to be preventable. Chief among these preventable diseases are the diarrheal disturbances of young children, and the prime agent in the production of these is impure milk. This state of affairs was brought to my attention in 1892. After making a thorough examination of the subject and taking counsel with physicians at home and some who were accepted as authorities in Europe I established a sterilizing laboratory and began the dispensing of pure milk, both in its natural and sterilized form, from one booth in one of the most thickly populated districts of New York city. In 1892 34,400 bottles were distributed, and up to date 596,677 bottles have been dispensed and 812,921 glasses of milk drunk on the premises.

Its results can be more eloquently told by the statistics of the health department than by any words in my vocabulary. That department publishes a table giving the population, deaths and death rate of children under five years of age and shows that the death rate per 1,000 was gradually decreased from 96.5 in 1891 to 62.8 in 1901.

In 1897 the death rate among the waifs picked up in the streets of New York and taken to the infant hospital on Randall's island, New York city, was 44.36, a rate so high as to become a matter of grave concern to those in charge.

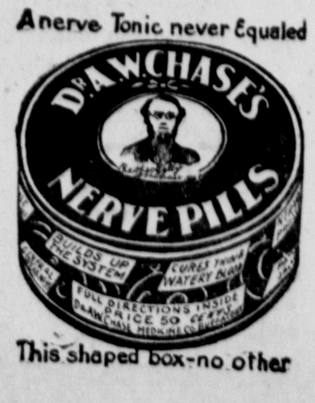
Finally in 1898 I secured permission from President John W. Keller of the department of charities to install in this asylum a complete plant for the pasteurization of milk foods. In 1897 1,181 children were treated; 524 died, or 44.36 per cent. The pasteurizing plant was installed in the early part of 1898, and the death rate immediately dropped, as follows: 1898—Children treated, 1,284; deaths, 255; 19.80 per cent. 1899—Children treated, 1,097; deaths, 269; 24.52 per cent.

WHAT MAY WE CALL THIS HEEDLESS, NEEDLESS SACRIFICE OF INFANT LIFE? IN THE FACE OF THESE FACTS IS IT TOO STRONG TO CALL IT MURDER, PERMITTED MURDER?

When the news of a railroad wreck and accompanying loss of life is telegraphed across the continent, it is followed by a shudder of horror, and if any life saving precautions have been lacking there is raised a cry of vengeance against the "soulless" corporation, whose duty it is to provide every safeguard for life.

But what of the thousands of infants whose lives pay the penalty of lack of precaution?

A nerve Tonic never Equaled



This shaped box-no other

Question Answered.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop formation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. Your only need a few does of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at Charles F. Craig's, Foutts Blk., East Liverpool, O.

Get Green's special almanac.

Farming in Colorado, Utah And New Mexico.

The farmer who contemplates changing his location should look well into the subject of irrigation. Before making a trip of investigation there is no better way to secure advance information than by writing to those most interested in the settlement of unoccupied land. Several publications, giving valuable information in regard to the agricultural, horticultural and live stock interests of this great western section have been prepared by the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western, which should be in the hands of all who desire to become acquainted with the merits of the various localities. Write S. K. Hooper, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Col.

7-tf-3-tf

The largest and best newspaper published in East Liverpool is the News Review.

PROLONGED BY YEARS.

Short Lives Lengthened By Removing Cause of Disease.

Many Glowing Tributes Paid to Blood Wine, The Great French Discovery, Which Cures Colds, Consumption, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, etc.

That "Blood Wine" fully comes up to the expectations of our people is evidenced by the expression of satisfaction from the many who have already given it a test. "If I had to go without some of the necessities of life, I would have 'Blood Wine' in the house," said a certain gentleman living in the northern part of the city. It wards off coughs, colds, indigestion, bowel troubles and a dozen and one other diseases that are apt to attack any one. "A bottle of good medicine always handy is the 'stitch in time' that saves suffering and misery; and this is just the kind of medicine that will do it." To begin away down at the roots of any sickness, what is the first step to be taken? "Purify the blood," is the answer from every physician. Regulate the bowels and purify the blood. Microbes, Bacteria, Baccili and all kinds of germs float through the system in the blood.

Just stop and reason it out; think of your blood teeming with these myriads of little demons, floating hither and thither like wreckage on a great ocean, to be cast up against the delicate organs of the system where they find lodging places, stay, thrive and breed, perhaps in the lungs, perhaps in the throat, kidneys, heart or tender tissues of the body anywhere. This is the beginning of trouble. Cleanse your blood and you purify the whole system.

With pure blood and a good circulation no one ever contracted consumption or other fatal disease. "Blood Wine" gives new life because it makes new blood. It brings rest and quiet because it soothes the nerves; it creates a good appetite by toning up the digestive organs; it regulates the system by producing healthy, regular operations of the bowels. It kills that tired feeling and makes one feel like running, jumping and exercising; it gives elasticity to the body by acting directly on the muscles and causing them to respond to the mind's dictates. One teaspoonful of "Blood Wine" makes the blood tingle; it is instantaneous in its action and leaves no room for doubt. It contains no wine or opiates.

"Blood Wine" costs fifty cents a bottle but you can sample it at Will Reed and Hodson's drug stores, free of charge. It stands on its own merits; it is the only medicine that has ever been placed on sale with the local dealer authorized to keep a bottle of it always open to be administered to anyone free of cost.

BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family."
WILHELMINA NAGEL,
1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 315

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Diseases of *Skin and Scalp eruptions, eczema, old sores, itching, dandruff, scalds, burns,* quick relief in *Piles.* Clean and cooling. Vegetable antiseptic. 50 cts. Guaranteed.

If your druggist does not keep it, address SAGINE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, O.

For sale by Chas. F. Craig, East Liverpool, O.

FOREIGN LANDS

We issue drafts payable in all the principal cities of Europe. Whenever you have occasion to send money abroad, you can do it through this bank both easily and cheaply.

The Potters National Bank.

Sixth St. 111 Sixth St.

Do you see the number?

HOFMAN
The Jeweler,
has removed his fine store to this new location.

New Goods and Good Goods.

Everything in high grade Jewelry, Watches and Clocks. We stake our reputation on the quality of our wares.

HOFMAN
JEWELER,
Bell 325-2.

HIS mood will then be mellowed and it will be an excellent time, dear madam, for you to point out the advantage of placing at your disposal a separate bank account with which to look after the details of housekeeping.

We solicit Women's Accounts and extend every possible accommodation and courtesy.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.

THE WICKLESS
BLUE FLAME
OIL STOVE
FOR 1902

Which proved its merit last year, is now offered to the trade. If your dealer does not handle it, apply to nearest agency of the

STANDARD OIL CO.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

Inform the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or found. The cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper,

The Evening News Review

Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25 cents for a card, write it and mail it, and

You Will Get What You Want

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by Will Reed, C. F. Craig and W. & W. Pharmacy.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Places of Services and the Topics Which Will Be Discussed In Pulpits.

TIME OF SPECIAL MEETINGS

General Religious News of the City And Suburbs—A Conveniently Arranged Guide for Strangers And Those Interested in Churches.

It is the desire of the News Review to have this department, which is published every Saturday, complete and accurate. To that end the co-operation of pastors and church officers is invited. To insure publication, all notices intended for this department should reach this office by Friday evening.

Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian church, Fourth street, between Washington and Market, Rev. C. G. Jordan, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Endeavor society at 6:15 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.

Morning: Sacrament of the Lord's supper and the reception of members.

Evening: "Thoughts Suggested by the Biederwolf Meetings."

The session will meet Sabbath morning at 10:45 in the lecture room to confer with those who desire to unite with the church.

Special music.

West End chapel—John S. Hamilton, pastor—Sunday school at 3 p. m.; Sunday evening service.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—Sabbath school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m.; Junior Society at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Morning: "The Divine Plan for the Life of a Child of God."

Evening: "A Stormy Voyage, But a Safe Landing."

Rev. J. R. Hosick, of Hookstown, Pa., will preach in this church each evening next week, beginning Monday evening.

Methodist Episcopal.

First M. E. church, Fifth and Jackson streets, Rev. Dr. Clark Crawford, pastor—9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., preaching; 12 m., 2 p. m. and 6:15 p. m., class meetings; 4 p. m., Junior League; 6:15 Senior League.

Sunday school at 2:30; preaching at 7:30 at Gardendale.

Erie Street M. E. church, Rev. George W. Orcutt, pastor: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m. Junior Epworth League, 2 p. m.; S. S. Neville institute, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.; evening service, 7:30.

A. M. E. church, Grant street, Rev. J. H. Mason, pastor.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 2:30; Christian Endeavor at 6:30.

United Presbyterian.

First U. P. church, Rev. J. C. Taggart, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Morning: "Sonship and Service."

Evening: "Confession And Practice."

Special services, commencing Monday. Rev. W. H. Clark will preach each evening next week.

Rev. E. J. Black will preach.

Second U. P. church, East End, Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Southside U. P. chapel—Hour of service changed. Morning service, preaching, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

Evangelical Lutheran.

St. John's Lutheran church, Rev. J. G. Reinartz, pastor—Divine services in German at 10:30; in English at 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.

Morning: "Security, the Gate of Danger."

Evening: "Retreating, Yet Advancing."

Weekly Lenten services on Wednesday and Friday evenings at 8 o'clock.

Ladies' Aid society at 3 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal.

St. Stephen's Episcopal church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—Second Sunday in Lent; 7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school and bible class; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon, "Satan as a Moral Philosopher"; 3 p. m., special Lenten address, "General Confession of Sin"; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, "The Convicting Spirit."

Catholic.

St. Aloysius' church, corner Fifth and Jefferson streets, Rev. T. M. Smyth, pastor; services at 8 a. m. and 10 a. m.

Baptist.

First Baptist church, Smith Fowler hall, Diamond, Oscar L. Owens, pastor—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; morning service at 11 o'clock; B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m.; evening service at 7:30

Methodist Protestant.

First Methodist Protestant church, Rev. W. H. Gladden, pastor.

Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.: public worship, 11 a. m.; noonday class, 12; afternoon class, 2:15 p. m.; Junior Endeavor meeting, 3:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting, 6:15; evening service, 7:30 p. m.

All services at the usual hours.

Morning: Holy sacrament.

Evening: Sermon by the pastor.

Christian Endeavor monthly meeting at 6:15; class meeting tonight at 8 o'clock.

Christian Church.

Christian church, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Rev. J. W Gorrell, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Bible school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 2:30 p. m.; Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Morning: "Putting Away Childish Things."

Evening: "The Christian's Inheritance."

Free Methodist.

Avondale street, J. W. Howard, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Chester Free Methodist.

Rev. Sarah E. Howard, pastor—Preaching at 10:45 and 7:30 p. m.

Chester M. E. Church.

Rev. Herbert M. Carnahan, pastor.

Salvation Army.

Hall on Fourth street, between Market and Jackson—10:30 holiness meeting; 1:30 Sunday school; 3:15 Hosanna; 7:45 Salvation.

WELLSVILLE CHURCHES.

Church of the Immaculate Conception—Rev. James H. Halligan, pastor. Daily mass at 7:45 a. m.; Sunday, first mass and sermon, 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9 a. m.; high mass and sermon at 10 a. m.; vesper, sermon and benediction at 7 p. m. Rectory, Seventh and Front streets.

First Christian Church—Rev. W. T. Barnes, pastor. Preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m. Bible school at 9 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 2 p. m. Christian Endeavor, 6 p. m. Wednesday evening, devotional service at 7 o'clock.

First M. E. Church—Rev. C. E. Clark, pastor. Bible school at 9 a. m.; W. A. Snediker, superintendent; preaching 10:15 and 7 p. m.

Junior League at 2 p. m.; Epworth League at 6 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal—Church of the Ascension, Rev. R. H. Edwards, rector. C. W. Morris, superintendent of Sunday school. Sunday school at 9 o'clock; morning prayer at 10:15 o'clock; evening prayer with sermon at 8 o'clock.

First Presbyterian Church—Rev. D. Finley Laverty, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; church service at 10:45 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Jr. Y. P. S. C. E. at 4:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.

Second Presbyterian Church—Rev. C. L. V. McKee, pastor. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m., and 7 p. m.

Junior Endeavor 5 p. m.; Senior Endeavor 6 p. m.

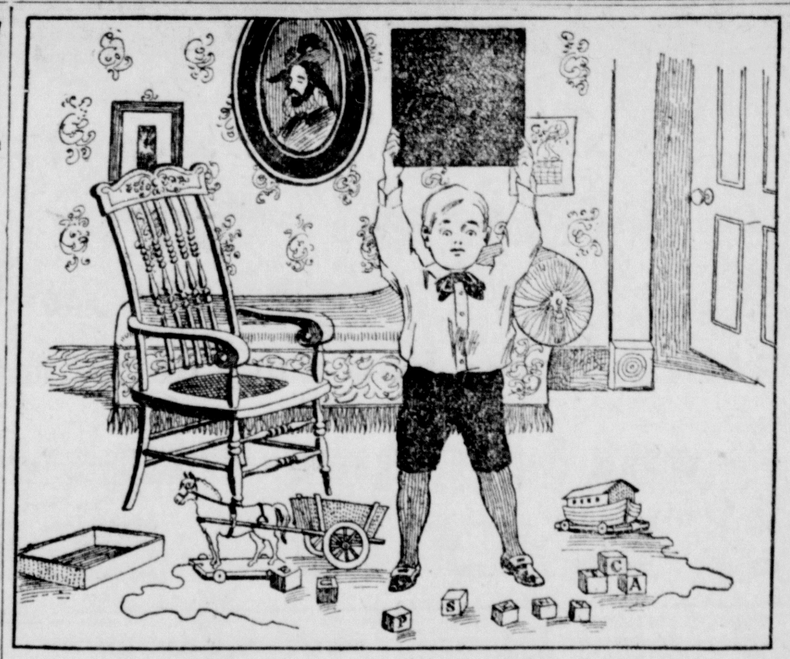
United Presbyterian Church—Rev. W. M. Glasgow, paster. Preaching 10 a. m., and 7 p. m., Sunday school at 11:15 usual program. Jr. C. E., at 5; Sr., C. E. at 6 p. m.

Methodist Protestant Church—Rev. L. C. Wells, pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10:15 a. m., and 7 p. m.; Jr. Y. P. S. C. E. at 2 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 p. m.; mid-week prayer meeting on Wednesday evening.

First Evangelical Church — Rev. W. A. Vandersall, pastor — Sabbath school at 9 a. m.; Sabbath school at mission at 2 p. m.; Young People's Alliance at 6:15 p. m. Gospel services at Mission every Friday night. Cottage prayer meeting every Monday night.

Bon Ami

Requires only a little water and slops are avoided.



WHAT EX-GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK IS HERE REPRESENTED?

THE BIG CONSOLIDATED SOLD.

May Result In Its Consolidation With Another Street Car Line, at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 22.—The bankers' committee of the Everett-Moore syndicate yesterday issued the following official statement concerning the sale of the "Big Consolidated" street railway system, of this city:

"The deal for the Everett-Moore holdings of stock in the Cleveland Electric Railway company has been practically closed. A syndicate, headed by Horace E. Andrews, has contracted for the entire holdings of stock of the Everett-Moore syndicate in the company. The price at which the stock will be sold is $80 per share. The Elkins-Widener-Dolan syndicate, which was negotiating for the property, failed to make a proposition satisfactory to the committee."

Mr. Andrews, who was formerly president of the "Big Consolidated," already has a holding of stock in the company estimated at 20 per cent of the whole. In order to secure full control, it is said, he must purchase 45,000 shares more at a cost of nearly $4,000,000.

Mr. Andrews and his associates are also large holders of the stock of the Cleveland City Railway company, known locally as the "Little Consolidated," of which Senator Hanna is president. It is understood to be the purpose of those interested in the two companies to effect a consolidation. Should this be effected, it would put every street car line in the city under the control of one company.

WU AND MR. PHELAN CLASH.

Their Argument Over Chinese Exclusion in New York Hotel Draws a Crowd.

New York, Feb. 22.—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese miniser to the United States, and James D. Phelan, former mayor of San Francisco, had an exciting colloquy on the subject of Chinese exclusion in the corridor of an uptown hotel yesterday. Mr. Phelan was one of a delegation that visited Washington to urge re-enaction of the exclusion act and holds pronounced views on the subject. He and the minister met by chance and after renewing recollections of a former meeting at the Bohemian club, in San Francisco, expressed their views in tones that attracted a crowd. They quieted down before they parted and the minister in conclusion said:

"You know about the subject now that I have talked to you."

Short And to the Point.

Gentlemen—Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the finest preparation for the stomach and bowels that I have ever used. Wishing you continued success, I am, Yours very truly,

W. C. KIMBEL, New Troy, Mich.

Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

Notice to the Public.

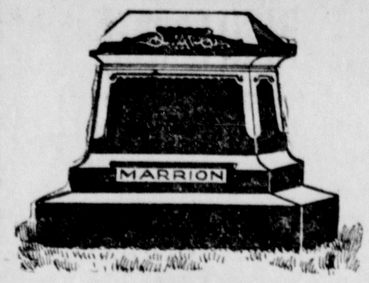
By a resolution passed at a meeting of the County Branch of the State Board of the Ohio Fire Underwriters Association, the undersigned agents are required to make a charge of a policy fee of one ($1.00) dollar each on all term policies, and twenty-five (25c) cents each for all endorsements.

The above to take effect on and after March first, 1902.

Signed:

A. W. SCOTT,
ABRAMS & STEWART,
McDOLE & BLAZER,
W. C. SUPPLEE,
R. L. McKENTY,
GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,
WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,
ELIJAH W. HILL.

Ferruary 12, 1902.



AN OPPORTUNITY

Many people would like to honor the memory of departed loved ones with a handsome monument, but the high prices demanded by the local monument dealers prevent them.

We sell and deliver fine monuments or headstones at much lower prices than similar stones can be obtained for elsewhere.

Most of your local monument dealers work by expensive hand methods, while our work is done by the most improved labor saving machinery. Machine work not only lessens the cost of the monument, but insures better results as the mouldings, letters, etc., are cut much deeper and smoother than by hand and therefore show plainer.

The stone we use is the very best—will not rust, discolor or become streaked as most granites do.

We sell to monument dealers at wholesale and also sell direct to the individual buyer, delivering complete in the cemetery.

Our handsome booklet with designs explains all. It's free if you mention this paper.

DUNNING MARBLE AND GRANITE CO.
PITTSBURG, PA.

HOWARD H. BEAN, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
—SPECIALIST—

Cataracts removed, eyes straightened deafness and catarh in all forms successfully treated. Expert in fitting and adjusting SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES. Corner 6th and Diamond, EAST LIVERPOOL, O

LOTS FOR SALE

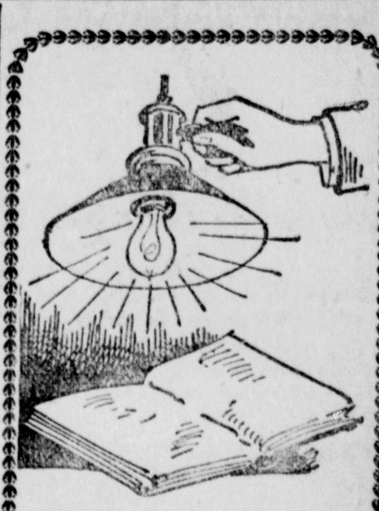
In the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond on easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,
137 Sheridan Ave.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once



Makes It Bright.

You want a light to make it bright? Then why not have the light that makes it the brightest—the electric light.

IT COSTS LESS,
IS LESS TROUBLE,
GIVES BEST LIGHT

It's an improvement over all other lights, which is why it is so popular.

Estimates on lighting furnished by

The Ceramic City Light Co.

SAMUEL LANDSMAN,

The Vienna Ladies' Tailor.

143 Euclid Avenue, King and Uhl Block, Cleveland.

SPRING OPENING

Mr. Landsman has just returnrd from the East, with latest Easter creations. He is now in readiness to take orders for **EASTER SUITS,** which will be made at reduced prices. As the regular season has not yet opened, an early call will save you money.

Perfect fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Make appointments by mail to secure your full fittings on same day.

THE HIGH GRADE WORK AND THE LOW PRICES OF THE

20th CENTURY DENTAL PARLORS

IN EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO,

ACCOUNTS FOR THEIR LARGE AND EVER INCREASING PATRONAGE.

Plates (the best)	$7.00	Crowns (natural color)	$3.00
Gold Crowns (22k)	$4.50	Bridge Work (per teeth)	$4.00
SILVER FILLINGS	50c	GOLD FILLINGS	$1.00 and up.

Preservation of the natural teeth THE SPECIALTY.
Workmanship the best that skilled hands can do.
All work guaranteed. Open evenings.
Don't forget the place.

20th Century Dental Parlors,

Second Floor, Grand Building,
Corner Sixth and Washington Streets,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

A. C. PFOUTS, D. D. S., Prop.

See the New

RAINBOW
Tints and Blends in

Fine Wall Paper

Crepes and Silk Morays in deep Reds, Greens and Blues. Some fine things in

Oriental and Tapestry Stripes.

Cheap Papers at 3c, 4c, 5c

Room Mouldings
All Sizes from 2c to 10c a Foot.

Kinsey's
Wall Paper Store.

THE FIRST NATIONAL.... BANK

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

President—David Boyce.
Vice President—J. M. Kelly.
Cashier—N. G. Macrum.
Asst. Cashier—Thos. H. Fisher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

David Boyce, W. L. Thompson;
J. M. Kelly, O. C. Vodrey
B. C. Simms Jno. C. Thompson
N. G. Macrum.

CAPITAL - - $100,000
SURPLUS - - $100,000

General Banking Business.

Invites Business and Personal Accounts

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.
193 Washington Street.

The home news complete in the News Review.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Time

In Effect January 5, 1902.

From East Liverpool.

Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND. No.	
*302	5:56 a. m.	*301	12:36 a. m.
†340	6:51 a. m.	†335	7:05 a. m.
†338	11:21 a. m.	*309	9:06 a. m.
†309	3:06 p. m.	†303	2:50 p. m.
†316	5:40 p. m.	†339	6:33 p. m.
**364	7:20 a. m.	**361	9:36 a. m.
**362	5:25 p. m.	**363	6:48 p. m.

From Chester.

Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND. No.		WESTBOUND No.	
†250	5:47 a. m.	†251	6:07 a. m.
†252	8:40 a. m.	†258	11:35 a. m.
†254	2:27 p. m.	†255	2:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday **Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 363 and 302 and **Parlor Cars** on Nos. 303 and 318 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations: No. 305 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 325 and 303 connect at Beaver for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.

For time cards rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent East Liverpool, O.

IT IS OUR PRICES, OUR METHODS OF DEALING, AND THE HAVING WHAT YOU WANT THAT MAKES OUR BUSINESS SUCCESSFUL. THESE POINTS WE HAVE IN MIND IN OFFERING THE SALE OF THE PROPERTIES LISTED HERE.

$1,250—New 6 room slate roofed house with front portico, water, gas and cellar and lot 30x100. Situate within 8 minutes walk of the Diamond; 7 minutes walk of ½ dozen factories and within ½ square of paved streets.
Sold Jan. 24th, 1902.
Call any time, we'll show it to you.

$1,325—New 4 room house, well built. Slate roof, good cellar, lot 30x100. Situated in central East End, 1 short square from the street car line.
Inquire of us for it, it will pay you.

$1,575—Four room slate roof house, with cellar, lot 40x100. Lot fronts on two streets; nice place to live; convenient and not far from center of the city.
It pays you to talk Real Estate with us.

$4,500—Won't attempt to describe it's advantages and conveniences, it has them all; its rooms number six; its location is on a paved street within 5 minutes walk of the Diamond.
We want to show it to you.

$2,300—Double house; 5 rooms on each side; rents for $25 per month; lot 40x110. Buy it, live in one side; the rent of the other side will help you pay for it.
A home and an investment.

$ 475—2 room and a 1 room cottage; should have been a three roomed cottage and can be so araanged. Lot 40x100. Situated on Northside car line near Riverview Cemetry. Low priced; it is worth more.
Sold Feb. 20, 1902.

$1,000—3 room cottage on Lisbon street, West End; fair sized lot, gas, water, paved streets; within easy reach of street car line.
Sold Feb. 10, 1902.
We'll sell it on easy terms.

$2,500—New and not yet occupied; 6 room frame slate roof dwelling with hall up and downstairs, bathroom, hot and cold water; porticoes, front and back; fair sized lot, situate in a part of the city within 10 minutes walk of the Diamond where more new buildings were erected—good ones—than any other part during season 1901.
Sold Feb. 15, 1902.
It will pay you to see it; it's new.

$2800—A Queen Ann house, 7 living rooms, finished attic, vestibule, reception hall, laundry, excellent cellar, bath, hot and cold water, electric light and gas throughout. Large front portico; house light and airy. Situated within 7 minutes walk of the Diamond in a good neighborhood and a pleasant place to live.
Will you not look at it?

VACANT LOTS—We have them everywhere, from the Pennsylvania line to the mouth of Yellow Creek; from the river to Calcutta; at prices commensurate with their location, size and conveniences. It matters not what locality, street, addition or allotment; you had better see what we have; get our prices and terms.

OTHER PROPERTIES—We have scores of them at any price, on any street, in any locality. Come in and see us about them; ordinary prudence and business caution should compel you to do this for we can give you price and values of properties in all parts of the city. We know of a lot of misguided folks who ignored the real estate dealer and consequently paid more for their properties than they were listed at in our office. Lots more are doing it every day. WHY CAN WE GIVE YOU A BETTER PRICE? Because we must, and because of our experience and knowledge of value of real estate.

TEST US—If we don't measure up, don't deal with us. There will be no hard feeling on our part. All we ask is to be allowed to consider your wants, quote our prices and show you our properties.

A DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR EARNED.
Open Day and Evening.

ELIJAH W. HILL,
Dealer in Real Estate. Second floor, corner 6th and Washington Sts.
This ad. began January 20th. Watch result of sales.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature and of Matters About Town.

Entertained Her Friends—Mrs. Walter Davidson, of Thompson avenue, entertained a number of friends at a 4 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon.

New Golden Eagles—The Knights of the Golden Eagle, at a recent meeting, initiated four new candidates and at the next meeting three additional candidates will be obligated.

Maccabees' Big Meeting—Crockery City Tent, K. O. T. M., held one of the most important meetings in recent months in its hall on Washington street last evening. The attendance was very large and several applications for membership are now being considered by the order.

Round-Up of Rabbits—A. V. Andrews, formerly of this city, now of LaGrange, Ore., sends a clipping descriptive of a rabbit drive near Echo, Ore., in which 700 hunters participated and which 2,500 jack rabbits were rounded up and killed. The hunt is described as wildly exciting.

FERRALL FAMILY REUNION

Grand Reunion of the Decendants of a Columbiana County Pioneer.

N. S. Ferrall and J. E. Ferrall, of this city, are making preparations for a reunion of the Ferrall family next summer. It promises to be a great success and to attract a large attendance. A circular has been prepared and is now being sent out to the Ferralls everywhere, telling them of the coming event.

The reunion is to take place in August, at a date to be fixed, in a grove belonging to Charles Ferrall, located just east of the old Ferrall homestead, and is a part of the land taken from the government by William Ferrall in 1801, whose descendents are to be present.

This meeting promises to be the largest of its kind ever held in eastern Ohio, for the reason that descendants of William Ferrall and his six sons and five daughters now live in more than 20 states and territories, and one in Cuba, and it is impossible to express their number in less than four figures. A great many of those living far distant have promised to be present, providence permitting, and it is the earnest wish that everyone can be present. Elaborate plans for entertainment and accommodations are in progress.

FISH
FISH
FISH

SCHLEGEL'S
MARKET STREET,
Both Phones 230.

BASKET BALL GAME

Alliance Team Given a Severe Drubbing By the Y. M. C. A. Boys.

The Alliance basket ball team was given a severe walloping by the Y. M. C. A. team last evening at the association hall. At the very start the local players took the lead and had matters so much their way that the spectators at times felt sorry for the visitors.

A large and enthusiastic crowd was present and lusty cheers could be heard almost constantly. The score was 92 to 17 in favor of the local team.

Goals from the field were made as follows: Zang one in the first half; two by Cowgill, of Alliance, in the second half. Eight foul goals were made by Baugh, also of Alliance. For the Y. M. C. A. Allison made nine field goals, Armour nine and Bloor four in the first half and O. Powell two in the second half. Watkins made one, Chadwick four and also five foul goals. Three points are counted to the goal.

Licensed to Marry.

Lisbon, February 22.—(Special)—Marriage licenses have been granted as follows:

Ross L. Obblet and Elva Weir, Leetonia.

Harry H. Harris and O. Estella Gill, East Liverpool.

John McLaughlin and Mrs. E. J. Harshman, Salem.

Installation at Wellsville.

District Deputy T. J. Duffy, of the Knights of Columbus, assisted by Warden T. E. Nagle, will go to Wellsville this evening where the former will have charge of the installation ceremonies for the council there.

THE RIGHT MAN FOR THE POSITION

Why Joseph Betz, Candidate For City Treasurer, Deserves the Place.

A FAITHFUL REPUBLICAN

Who Has Rendered His Party Good Service, a True American And an Upright And Conscientious Business Man.

Joseph Betz, a prominent citizen and leading Republican, is a candidate for the nomination for city treasurer at the Republican primaries. There are few citizens better known in East Liverpool and few who have served the Republican party more faithfully.

Mr. Betz was born in Milwaukee, and spent his early life there. He attained citizenship in Ohio, and is practically an Ohio man. He came from Cincinnati to this city about 15 years ago and has been an active worker in the Republican ranks for many years. Whenever there was work to be done for the good of the party he was always in the midst of it, ready to do his share.

He has long been a member of the Republican central committee and for several years has been its efficient and vigilant secretary, performing his duties carefully and with a view to promoting the best interests of the party at all times.

It is not for this reason, however, that he asks the nomination for city treasurer. He has taken a good citizen's part in working for the good of the city and county and of the party and principles in which he believes. This fact is well understood and probably duly appreciated by East Liverpool Republicans.

Mr. Betz was elected township treasurer last year, and this is the first time any Republican candidate for the combination office has ever been compelled to contest for the honor he now seeks. Under a rule which has never before been violated since the office became effective in this city the candidate selected for the one office was chosen for the other without a contest.

The character and habits of Mr. Betz, as all who know him will certify, are above reproach. He has an excellent reputation as a business man, and that he is qualified for the office to which he aspires is well attested by his standing in the business world. His competitor has held the office of city treasurer three terms or six years and is now a candidate for a fourth term besides being a candidate for county treasurer when the proper time arrives. Mr. Betz is a candidate for a first term, which he well deserves when his services to the party are considered.

His Americanism and his Republicanism are shown by the fact that he was always an ardent supporter of the late President McKinley as congressman, governor and executive. On the night that President McKinley died from the wound inflicted by a dastardly assassin, Mr. Betz, as secretary of the Republican central committee, introduced the following resolution, which was promptly passed by the body:

"Whereas, an appalling calamity has been visited upon our great nation in the attempted assassination of our beloved president and fellow citizen, William McKinley;

"Resolved, By the Republican central committee of East Liverpool, O., that it is with profound grief and sorrow that we have learned of the murderous attack upon our esteemed chief executive and that we earnestly pray at this hour of fearful anxiety that a kind providence may yet spare him to his countrymen and restore him to health and a long life of further usefulness.

"Resolved, That we express our horror at the dastardly crime by which the president was stricken, and our reprobation of the anarchistic teachings that resulted in its commission, and call upon the national congress and the general assembly of Ohio for the enactment of laws that will render the expression of anarchistic sentiments a crime against public institutions, as well as against society.

"Resolved, That we consider the time at hand for all nations of the world to unite in an effort to efface the great octupus, anarchy."

These resolutions show, better than anything the News Review could say, the patriotic character and political views of Mr. Betz, and need not be enlarged upon.

His Republicanism, his business capacity and his honesty have never been questioned, and there ought to be no question about men of the same political principles as himself giving him the most cordial and enthusiastic support for the office of city treasurer.

45-h

...ORANGES...

We have just received another lot of those fine

Navel Oranges

We can sell at **10c** per dozen.

We have 31,104. How many do you want at 10c per doz.?

East Liverpool's Busiest Stores,

GEON BROS.

MANY REASONS ASSIGNED

Why Russell C. Heddleston Should Be Re-elected to Council.

Editor News Review:

I desire to say a few words in behalf of Russell C. Heddleston, our present councilman from the First ward and a candidate for re-election.

Being a property holder on Bradshaw avenue, I wish to call partiuclar attention to his efforts to improve that street, which he began about one year ago. He succeeded in having a resolution passed by council for the improvement, but the engineer's estimate of the cost at that time was more than the assessments could pay.

Since then Mr. Heddleston has been working faithfully to devise ways and means whereby the improvement could be made with the least possible cost. He, together with Engineer Kelly, have plans now under way, which I believe will lead to the early completion of the work. Several of the cross streets will be graded this spring, and they figure by using the surplus dirt on Bradshaw avenue, the grading can be done soon and at very little cost to the abutting property owners, and will be a big saving to the city. For this one reason, and there are many others, I believe it is the duty of the First ward voters to return Mr. Heddleston to council. He has certainly demonstrated by his past record that he is a capable, efficient and conscientious official and that he has done everything that could be done for his constituents under the circumstances.

A BRADSHAW AVENUE RESIDENT.

45-h

Little Waif Adopted.

Lisbon, Feb. 22, (Special) — Della Weils, aged 8, has been legally adopted by James W. and Mary L. Pearsons, and her name changed to Pearsons. She has recently been in the Fairmount home. A letter from that institution states that her father has abandoned her and the mother is in the Massillon asylum.

SOCIAL MONDAY EVENING.
ALL TURNERS AND HANDLERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ARE REQUESTED TO ATTEND A SOCIAL ON MONDAY NIGHT AT 8 P. M. AT TURNERS' AND HANDLERS' HALL, OVER THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.
44-t

Entertainment And Dance.

Golden Rod Hive No. 20, L. O. T. M., will give an entertainment and dance in the hall over the postoffice Monday evening, Feb. 24. Admission 25 cents.
45-i

RETURNS FROM THE McGOVERN AND SULLIVAN FIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED AT "THE OFFICE" BAR BY ROUNDS TONIGHT.
45-h

NOW IS THE TIME TO TAKE STOCK IN THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS COMPANY TO GET THE SEPTEMBER DIVIDEND.
37-tsm-11t

More new readers of the News Review every day. It is the favorite home paper.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOUND—Place to buy cheapest and best Iron Bed Mattresses and Springs for the money, at John Schleiter's, 130 Second street.
42-mws-tf

WANTED—Girl for dining room and one dishwasher at the Criterion restaurant.
45-r

WANTED—100 families to buy their Furniture and Stoves from John Schleiter, 130 Second street.
42-mws-tf

LOST—Time and money by not buying your chairs, rockers and odd pieces of furniture from John Schleiter, 130 Second street.
42-mws-tf

FOR SALE—Gas Ranges, Coal Ranges, new and second-hand; two round Oak Heaters at a bargain; cash or will trade for cook stoves or furniture. John Schleiter, 130 Second St.
42-mws-tf

SPECULATIVE SENTIMENT,

Friday, Apparently Overcame Shock In Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 22.—The action of the stock market Friday morning demonstrated pretty conclusively that speculative sentiment had overcome the shock caused by Thursday's unexpected announcement of the proceedings against the Northern Securities company. Stocks held on margin and by timid holders had apparently been sold out Thursday, and, the forced liquidation completed, there was very little need for supporting orders in the market Friday morning. It was generally supposed that stocks bought Thursday for support had been unloaded on the rally, as insiders gained confidence that no serious break in prices was impending. At the opening the market was heavy, but by the second hour the selling had fallen to such small proportions that the market was practically stagnant. At the same time there were points of resistance, and a few stocks gained additional strength as the day progressed and led a substantial rally, which placed prices quite generally above Thursday night's close. The Colorado and Southern stocks became very strong at the last on a volume of dealings unprecedented for those stocks. Their gains reached 3 points or better. Good dividend prospects were alleged as the reason for the advance. Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville also rose 3½ and the preferred 1¾ on reported dividend prospects. Amalgamated Copper was erratic, rising at one time over a point, but closing practically unchanged. Manhattan also failed to hold its full gain of 1½. American Snuff rose 5 and the preferred 2. Northwest recovered 4¾ of Thursday's loss. United States Rubber stocks were strong. Outside of these the striking gains were in less prominent stocks. Renewed strength in the exchange market corroborated the expectation that more gold will be exported next week.

Bonds were rather dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,385,000.

U. S. refunding 2s advanced ¾, the 3c, coupon, ⅝, do registered ¼, the 5s ½ and the old 4s ⅛ over the closing call of last week.

IN MEMORIAM

Resolutions of Respect of Trades And Labor Council.

Whereas, God in His infinite wisdom has deemed it best to call from our midst our beloved and esteemed brother, E. D. Griffith; and

Whereas, Said departed brother was a delegate from the Street Railway Men's Association, and always proved himself a sincere and active worker in labor's cause; and

Whereas, Trades and Labor Council of East Liverpool deeply mourn the loss of an ever-faithful and earnest member; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, Trades and Labor Council, extend our sincere sympathy to the bereaved wife and relatives in their sad affliction; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife, a copy sent to each paper in our city for publication, the same to be spread on the minutes of our council and our charter draped in mourning for 30 days.

GEO. B. M. BEATTY,
WILLIAM COPE,
THOS. S. COLLINS,
Committee.

45-h

Attend Tribe of Ben Hur box social, city hall, Wellsville, February 22.
41-m

Not Ended.

"Ah," sighed the would be suicide, "here is where all my troubles come to an end!" And he sprang into the deep waters of the bay.

He was mistaken.

For the life preserver hit him in the neck, and he saw a million stars. The deckhand made a pass at him with a boathook and ripped a small sized crevasse from his waistband to his collar bone. Then they hauled him in, thumped him, doped him, rolled him over a barrel for half an hour and hustled him to the harbor hospital, after which he was arrested, fined $10 and roasted by the judge and kicked along the corridor toward the door. A dog bit him as he departed.

"Alas," he sobbed, "it is more trouble to die than to live!"—San Francisco Bulletin.

IN FAVOR OF ELECTING SENATORS BY DIRECT VOTE.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—The house of representatives has placed itself on record as being in favor of electing United States senators by a direct vote of the people. This action was taken when the Worthington resolution came up for consideration, it being adopted by a vote of 73 to 23. The resolution asks congress to take the necessary action.

Majority Claimed For Local Option.

Columbus, O., Feb. 22.—The Beal local option bill was reported favorably to the house and made a special order for Wednesday. P. A. Baker, of the Anti-Saloon league, claims that 60 members of the house, a clear majority, are pledged to the bill. Joe Miller, of the State Brewers' association, concedes 50 votes to it. It is the most important measure to come before the legislature.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE..
JAS. A. NORRIS, Manager.

ENTIRE WEEK
Commencing February 24.
MATINEE SATURDAY

—THE—
KEYSTONE
DRAMATIC CO.
Supporting
Gertrude Shipman
—and—
Lawrence B. McGill
in a repertoire of successful plays.

Six big specialties at each performance. A change of play nightly.

Popular Prices:
10c - 20c - 30c.

PROF. McDOUGALL,
Dancing and Deportment.
Every Tuesday, Oyster's Hall, 6th St.
Children, 4 to 6. Beginners, 8 to 9. Social, 9 to 11:30. Private, 10 to 4 and 6 to 8.

COLUMBIAN PARK...
WEEK OF FEBRUARY 17.
DANCING
Tuesday Evening.....Private
Thursday Evening.....Private
Saturday Evening.....Private
Shenkle's Orchestra.
Joseph Cassidy, Mgr.

Prof. Omohundro,
191 Sixth Street, City.
ORATORY, INCLUDING PHYSICAL CULTURE AND DELSARTE. DRAMATIC ART, SPEECH DEFECTS.
Terms Reasonable. Write or Call.

Are You Going to Build
This Spring or Summer?
If so borrow your money from
The Potters Building and Savings Company
Best terms and rate of interest in the city. Call at office.
Cor. 5th and Washington Sts.

Oysters
The season is now open. The best, properly cooked and served, at
The Stag,
125 and 127 Second St.
D. A. DEVINE, Prop

Second Part. # EVENING NEWS REVIEW. **Pages 9 to 12.**

19TH YEAR. NO. 45. EAST LIVERPOOL, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1902. TWO CENTS.

McGARRY'S Real Estate Agency

4 room cottage house in Edgewood, Sunnyside. Gas throughout the house Water. Lot 45x92. A neat home. Price $1000.

5 room house on Fairview street. Gas and water in the house. A cheap home. Lot 40x90. Price $1250.

6 room new house on Michigan avenue, East End, near the Klondike Pottery. Lot 30x100. Price $1400.

6 room house at Ralston's Crossing. Water in house. Good cellar and in good repair. Lot 59 front by 110. Price $1600.

8 room double house on Pleasant street in a good location and will make a splendid investment. Is at present rented to two families. Price $1700.

5 room house on Pleasant street. house almost new. Water in house. A choice home. Price $1800.

5 room new house on Jennings avenue, located on street car line. Lot 34x102. Cistern on lot. A cheap home. Price $1600.

3 room cottage home on John street. Good cistern on lot. Lot 60x101. A cozy place and can be purchased on reasonable terms. Price $1000.

7 room house on Fifth street. Modern in every way. Bath room complete, hot and cold water, gas throngh out the house. Good furnace in cellar. Cellar cemented. Porch on the front and rear of house. An elegant property. Choice place for a home. Price $3200.

8 room house on Seventh street with bath room fitted in modern up-to-date style. Inside closet. Gas throughout house. Hot and cold ater. A number one cemented cellar. Good furnace. Street paved and sewered. Lot 27x130. It is a choice location and very desirable property. Ask for the particulars on this property at our office.

9 room house on Second street. Gas and water in house. Can be rented very conveniently to two families. Good cellar. Lot 30x130. Call and have us make you a price on this property.

7 room house with bath, hot and cold water upstairs and down, sewered. Gas through the house. Good cellar under whole house. Also a 3 room cottage house, good cellar, slate roof and in good repair. Situated on Oblique street, near West Market. Lot 60x97. Call and get price on this property.

6 room house on Bradshaw avenue. Good cellar under whole house. Fitted for gas throughout. Cabinet mantel in parlor. Front and back porch. Hot and cold water upstairs and down. Bath room fitted up with tub, wash stand and inside closet. Lot 30x100. A good home. Price $2500.

5 room house in Chester, situated on Indiana avenue, lot 40x140. Good cistern on lot. Gas in house. Good cellar. Will exchange for East Liverpool property. Price $1600.

7 room house on Penna avenue, East End. Bath fitted in modern style. Hot and cold water. Good cellar. Inside closet. Gas throughout. A beautiful home. Lot 35x100. Price $2300.

Good vacant lot on McKinnon avenue, in choice location. Size 52x73. Price $700.

12 room double house in West End. Gas and water in house. Rents for $26 per month. Lot 40x92. This is a splendid investment and would be glad to quote price to anyone looking for good property.

4 room house inside property. Water and gas in house. Good cellar with heater in same. A good home. Lot 30x70. Price $1900.

Office Open Evenings. - Corner Fifth and Market Sts.

...THE THOMAS BAKERY...

"The Bread That's Good."
UNION MADE.

Pies, Cakes, Rolls, Puffs, etc.
"THE BEST YET."

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

EAST LIVERPOOL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The Fryett Art Co.
5th and Broadway
Are making fine Platino Phothgraphs, 12 on Mantello Cards, one extra one on 8x10 Mounts, all for $2.00.
Gallery open every evening.

R. S. DANLEY,
BARBER SHOP AND BATH ROOMS.
Hot and Cold Baths. Rooms always ready. No waiting. Corner 4th and Washington Street, Opposite Post Office.

ABRAHAM BURLINGAME
Wucherer's Addition.
Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay Carpet at reasonable rates.

C. N. MILLER
176 West Sixth street,
Successor to J. D. West.
LIVERY AND UNDERTAKING.
Latest methods of Embalming. Lady Assistant, Both Phones 28.

New Barber Shop!
A. J. Donahoo has taken charge of the Barber Shop at No. 129 Union Street.
First Class Guaranteed.

All kinds of Rubber Goods, Hot Water Bottles, Family, Fountain and Combination Syringes all guaranteed at
THE EAST LIVERPOOL DRUG CO.
150 Second St.

See the wonderful
SELF-WRINGING MOP,
for sale by Miss F. Turner, No. 324, Avondale Street.
Agents solicited. Phone Col. Co. 364, East Liverpool, Ohio.

JUMBO COAL.
The Best Grade furnished by the Pittsburg Coal Co. For sale by
J. F. BILLINGSLEY,
Lincoln Ave. and East Market Street, Col. Co. Phone 142. Bell 208-3.

Ask us about our liberal
Accident and Health Policy.
WALSH & SUTCLIFFE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents
Walsh Building, 6th Street.
C. C. Phone 261.

FOR A GOOD SHINE
—Call at—
THE UNION SHOE SHINING PARLORS
Work called for and delivered.
Walsh Building, 6th St.

MARVIN'S
Home Made
BREAD,
Best on Earth.
For Sale by all Grocers.

PRINCE DUE TODAY.

All In Readiness For the Reception of Our Visitor From Germany.

WREATHES FOR GRANT'S TOMB.

Henry to Place One For Himself and One For the Emperor Tomorrow. President's Representatives to Welcome the Prince.

New York, Feb. 22.—All preparations have been made for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry of Prussia, who is on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, which is expected to arrive today. The imperial yacht Hohenzollern, after having been cleaned up and partially repainted, lies at her pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street, awaiting the prince's arrival. Her main gangway has been placed directly opposite the door through which Prince Henry will land from the Kronprinz Wilhelm. He will cross the pier and board the Hohenzollern. At the gangway he will be met by Admiral Von Baudissin, while the other officers of the yacht will stand at the sides of the gangway. Behind, on the decks of the boat, the crew will be drawn up, and the ship's band will play a national air as the prince steps on the boat. The Marconi apparatus on the Hohenzollern has been tested and found to be in good working order. Last night the operator on board began to send messages in an effort to locate the prince's ship. On board the Cunarder Etruria the wireless apparatus is also in readiness and an operator on watch for signals from the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

The President's Representatives.

Admiral Evans, General Corbin and Assistant Secretary of State Hill, the president's delegates, will board the Kronprinz probably at the quarantine station and will greet Prince Henry in the name of the United States government.

All arrangements have been completed for the dinner to be given to the American press in honor of Prince Henry on Tuesday next, and Herman Ridder who has charge of the preparations for this banquet, said yesterday that the number of acceptances received from leading representatives of the newspaper world was very gratifying.

The Irving Place theater, where a gala performance is to be given this evening, has been beautifully decorated, and orders have been given for the festooning of the prince's box with American beauty roses, more than 400 of the roses to be used for this purpose. Heinrich Conreid, manager of the theater, has had a special entrance broken through the wall on the Fifteenth street side of the theater, in order to permit the prince to enter the royal box immediately on stepping from his carriage.

The play selected for this performance is Blumenthal and Kadelburg's three-act comedy, "Im Weissen Roessel."

The selection was made by request, as the prince has thus far had no opportunity of seeing the play, owing to the fact that during the time when it was given in various cities of Germany he was in China.

Everything has been made ready for the special opera performance to be given for the prince. It is believed that this will be the most brilliant performance in the history of the Metropolitan opera house.

To Visit Grant's Tomb.

On Sunday, when Prince Henry visits the tomb of General Grant, he will place two wreaths on the tomb, one from the kaiser and the other the prince's own tribute. Both wreaths will be composed of American beauty roses, lilies and orchids, and will have in the center a crown. On the emperor's wreath will be worked in flowers the initials "W. I. R." (William Imperator Rex).

The pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth street, where the prince will land, has been made a special sub-police precinct, with two captains, eight sergeants, 10 roundsmen, 50 mounted policemen and 100 patrolmen, all picked men. It is known as the Hohenzollern precinct.

A postal telegraph office, with a direct wire connection with the German cable, has been established on the dock at the foot of Thirty-fourth street for the accommodation of Prince Henry of Prussia and his suite, who will thereby be in instant communication with Germany at all times.

GERMAN CONDUCT EXCELLENT.

So Says Ambassador White of Nation's Attitude During Spanish-American War.

Berlin, Feb. 22.—Andrew D. White, the American ambassador here, presiding last night at an assemblage of 200 Americans, who celebrated Washington's birthday at the Kaiserhof by a musical entertainment, followed by supper and a dance, said, in part, in an address:

"Sundry writers on this side of the Atlantic have been especially eloquent in denouncing the general hatred of Germany and the Germans which they insist obtains in the United States. Much has been said of 'Deutschen hetze' (German baiting), and this has been placed in such a lurid light that one would almost believe that on the appearance of one of our German-American fellow citizens upon the streets of an American city the citizens of American birth were ready to cry havoc and let loose on him the dogs of war.

"It has been my duty for five years to read with considerable conscientiousness a number of the foremost American newspapers representing the dominant thought in various parts of the union, and I can most truthfully say that I have failed to find the slightest trace of such 'Deutschen hetze.' I did not discover anything like hatred or a persecuting spirit toward the German-Americans on the American continent. Even if there were no other reasons, the Americans are too busy and too good-natured for an amusement of that kind.

No Clouds Between Countries.

"On the other side it has been insisted by more or less well meaning people in the United States that a dark cloud between the two countries really exists and that the times of which ancient history makes mention, and especially during our Spanish war, the German government was somewhat hostile to the United States, or in some manner which nobody seems to be able to give with precision, the German government did something which it ought not to have done, and left undone something which it ought to have done. To this, answer has been made if I may be allowed here to refer to it, by myself as one competent to express opinion on the subject, with the declaration that the conduct of the German government toward us during the Spanish war was excellent. The German government observed a strict neutrality and showed no unfriendly spirit. From first to last it never made any suggestions or proposals that embarrassed us in the slightest degree. In fact, the conduct of the German government was all that we could desire it to be.

Emperor's Conduct All Right.

"Some selfconstituted guardians of the welfare of the United States have insisted that, if not the imperial government, it was the honored and revered sovereign of the empire who spread this cloud over the relations of the two nations by promoting, or, if not promoting, by joining in a league to intervene and stop the war.

"On this account various people have really made themselves very unhappy. Now, however, within a fortnight, all this has been cleared away, and it has been shown beyond a doubt that the revered and beloved sovereign of this country refused to take part in anything which could be construed as interference in the contest, and refused in such a manner as to show that he respected the motives and appreciated the feelings of the American government."

SEE THROUGH GERMANY'S GAME.

London Spectator Says Americans and English Understand the Prince's Visit.

London, Feb. 22.—The weekly reviews make the impending arrival of Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, at New York the occasion of another chapter in the Spanish-American war controversy.

The Spectator reviews at length the whole story of the diplomatic exchanges, with a view of controverting what it terms "the distortion of the actual facts by the German press."

The paper disclaims any intention of attempting to mar the reception to be tendered Prince Henry, but declares that both Englishmen and Americans "see through Germany's game," and refuse to be misled by the "inspired" attempts to undermine their mutual friendship and understanding.

"A fact which will be written down by the historian," says The Spectator, "is as well recognized today as it will ever be. That is, that England used her influence, and the Americans know she used it, on the side of the United States, as against those who wished to take the side of Spain. A test of the attitude towards America during the war, displayed by England and Germany respectively, is found in the respective attitudes of the English and German squadrons toward Admiral Dewey in Manila bay. The Germans nearly fired on the Americans. If they had done so the English would have acted on the American side."

Treats the Matter Lightly.

The Outlook treats the matter lightly. It says that Emperor William, "now, as in China, uses Prince Henry as a bait for the German hook. Neither Prince Henry nor his astute brother, the emperor, will ever succeed in weakening the substantial grounds upon which Anglo-American co-operation now rests."

The Saturday Review, on the other hand, pursues its customary anti-American course, and roundly abuses the government for being drawn into this fresh "humiliating position," and denominates the whole controversy as an "international slanging match."

The Saturday Review declares that the disclosures blacken the memory of the late President McKinley, as they show he followed Bismarck's policy without Bismarck's excuse, and that he wilfully suppressed Spain's final capitulation in order to precipitate war when he might manfully have stood out against the popular clamor and secured peace.

THIRD WARRANT FOR ANDREWS.

He and Another Official Accused of Making False Bank Report.

Detroit, Feb. 22.—A third warrant was issued yesterday for Frank C. Andrews, vice president of the City Savings bank, which is in the hands of a receiver, on a complaint charging him, together with another officer of the bank, for whom a warrant was also issued, with making a false report on the bank's condition to the state banking commissioner, on Feb. 20, 1901. Mr. Andrews was arraigned in the police court late yesterday afternoon. His counsel asked that he be released on this charge on his personal recognizance, in view of the fact that the bail on the two former complaints against him totals $25,000, and is ample. Judge Whelan declined to grant the request and fixed the bail at $50,000. This was not furnished. Mr. Andrews' examination was set for Feb. 28, the date of his examination on the other two complaints.

In the Streets of Cairo.

One of the most picturesque places in the world is undoubtedly the Egyptian city of Cairo, and not the least of its attractions are the varied and often musical street cries which assail the ears on all sides. Not only the street musicians who tap their tambourines to the admiring "Allahs" of the crowd, but the merchants and peddlers, contribute to the chorus.

A fruit seller, basket on head, with grapes and figs, will saunter by singing in a quaint minor: "Oh, grapes, oh, sweet grapes, that are larger than doves' eggs and sweeter than new cream! Oh, angels' food, delicious figs, bursting with honey, restorers of health!"

Another street cry which may be heard in the main street of Abbassieh, a suburb, contains the following enticing announcement: "Tomorrow, O people, I am going to kill a camel. The doctor says it is young and healthy. Oh, its flesh will be tender as the quail and juicy as lamb. Its price is but 1½ piasters (7½ cents) the pound. Do you love the sweet flesh of a camel? Then come early and be satisfied!"

Not the least picturesque figures in the streets are the city police in their neat white and red uniforms in summer and blue serge in winter.—Detroit Free Press.

The Bank Messenger.

"Hello, Willie!" exclaimed the messenger boy as he met his old time friend in Nassau street the other day. "Who yer workin' fer now, Willie?"

"Workin' for a bank," replied Willie. "Got a good job."

"Watcher got in the satchel?" asked the messenger boy, scrutinizing a little handbag that Willie carried.

"Hist! Don't say a word! I'm scared to death."

"What is it—dynamite?" asked the messenger boy in alarm.

"Naw; it's money."

"Gee! Money! How much?"

"Two thou. I'm carryin' it down to another bank, and I'm scared."

"Say, how does a feller feel when he has so much money?"

"Scared," whispered the bank messenger, and he continued on his way.—New York Tribune.

At the Throttle.

Far, far down the track is a dark spot, over which hovers a great cloud. The engineer sees it, hauls out his watch, glances at it, then resumes the business of looking out of the window. He was to meet an eastbound freight at that point. He did not know if the switches were in place; he did not know but the passenger train would dash into that freight and the death of many people follow. There was no way for him to know except that it was the duty of his fellow employees to see that the switches were right. He did not slacken his speed. Rapidly the huge mogul on the sidetrack loomed up. A roar and a dash, and No. 57 flew past the waiting freight, passing within three feet.

Glacier Ice.

Glacier ice is not like the solid blue ice on the surface of the water, but consists of granules joined together by an intricate network of capillary water filled fissures. In exposed sections and upon the surface of the ice can be observed "veined" or "banded" structure veins of a denser blue color alternating with those of a lighter shade containing air bubbles. The cause of this peculiar structure has been the subject of much theorizing among investigators, but hitherto the greatest authorities consider that the explanation of the phenomenon is yet wanting.

REBUILD AT WOOSTER

$100,000 From Carnegie Secured--More Than Amount Needed Raised.

$250,000 TO ERECT BUILDINGS

In Addition to Original Offer Severance Gives $50,000, Presbyterian Church $100,000, Wayne County, O. $40,000 and $60,000 Insurance.

Wooster, O., Feb. 22.—It was announced that subscriptions have been received in excess of the amount necessary to secure the $100,000 donated by Andrew Carnegie, whose name until yesterday had been kept secret, for the rebuilding of Wooster university, recently destroyed by fire.

The trustees will have $350,000 at their disposal.

In addition to the original offer the university trustees will have $50,000 given by L. H. Severance, of Cleveland; $100,000, raised by the Presbyterian church in general; $40,000, by Wayne county, and $60,000, insurance on the buildings destroyed. The time allowed for raising the amount required expired at 4:30 yesterday afternoon.

For two hours yesterday afternoon the business houses of the town closed and at an immense mass meeting President Holden announced that Andrew Carnegie was the donor of $100,000 and Louis H. Severance, of Cleveland, of $50,000 of the $350,000, given in the last 60 days for rebuilding the university. Of the total amount $250,000 will be put into the new buildings. These buildings are to be completed by next September.

HE FILLED THE BUCKET.

A Story of Grant When He Was a "Pleb." at West Point.

There is a story told of General Grant when a pleb. He had just entered on his first day in "pleb." camp. A first classman who had noticed the boy's strong build intimated to him it would be a pleasure to have him call immediately at the senior's tent. Grant went. There is a rule at West Point, which was a rule then as well, that any cadet who asks another to perform menial labor for him shall be dismissed from the service. The first classman knew too much to ask his pleb. visitor outright to do anything of the kind, but here is the way he went at it:

"I presume, Mr. Grant, that you have lived on a farm, and, this being the case, you have had undoubtedly a good opportunity to note the effect of the sun's rays on certain objects. Now, if you had left a water bucket that was innocent of holding a single drop of the fluid out in the sun from its rising to its setting, what do you think, sir, would be the particular effect upon that particular water bucket?"

"I think," said Grant, "that it would get warped and leaky."

"Very good, Mr. Grant. You show erudition beyond your years. Now, if you will notice my water bucket, you will see that it is as dry as a chip. Now, by the further exercise of your knowledge, Mr. Grant, can you tell me by what means I may prevent the warping and leaking of my bucket?"

"Have it filled," said Grant.

"Very good again, Mr. Grant, but note that you said 'have it filled,' not 'fill it.' That necessarily means that some one must fill it for me. You have shown so much acumen that I fear to violate your prescription either in letter or in spirit, which I should do if I presumed to carry the bucket to the water tank myself."

Grant filled the bucket.

A Homeless Community.

Some people live in New York; others exist. It is certain that a majority of our citizens never owned a home. They live in rented flats or houses all their lives and do not know the meaning of possession. Many millionaires dwell in hired residences. Their homes are in other states, but they must be in Fifth avenue during the social season, and they must keep house. Philadelphia has been spoken of as a "community of homes." New York is a community of rents. More than half of our people don't know what it is to pay taxes. Their obligations of citizenship are settled by the landlord, who takes everything out in the rent. We are becoming a characterless mob.—New York Press.

Repartee In the Classroom.

A member of the Harvard class of 1860 is responsible for the following:

The elucidator of the mysteries of chemistry was then Professor Job Cook, a very sedate man and never intentionally guilty of a joke.

One day in a recitation he said to a student, "Mr. Slack, how do you slack lime?"

The student, supposing the pun upon his name to be intentional, answered quick as a flash, "Cook it, sir."

Of course the class roared, but instead of enjoying the apt repartee the professor took it as a personal affront and reported Mr. Slack for a reprimand.

BORN FEB. 22, 1732.

When Martha Washington Was Young

BY MINERVA SPENCER HANDY

Copyright, 1902, by Minerva Spencer Handy

WHEN this little daughter, Martha, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Dandridge, way down in Virginia, in the year 1730, her eyes looked upon a very different world from that the twentieth century baby gazes at. She no doubt had beautifully hand embroidered gowns and underclothing, for the mothers of that time were very much better needlewomen than we are, but they were all fashioned of linen or dimity, cold and clammy. Even the little undergarments were of the same material, for woolen or flannel held no place in the dressing of infants or children. All the warmth required seemed to be in a tiny embroidered shawl pinned around the shoulders. All gowns were neckless and sleeveless, and when we remember how imperfectly the houses were heated we wonder if Martha was not often dosed with medicine when she cried when all she wanted was to have a few more comfortable clothes. Her mother and father no doubt had plenty of furs and velvets, for they were of the aristocratic class and had all their best clothing direct from England. They, however, thought the little ones either did not

MARTHA SAT FOR HOURS IN STOCKS OR STRAPPED TO BACKBOARDS.

feel the cold or else should early learn the lesson of self control and cheerful endurance of what could not be helped. Be that as it may, I am sure Martha and all the other colonial babies must have suffered with the cold. Icy blasts blew down the great chimneys, and the rooms could not be warmed three feet from where the great logs were blazing. The bedrooms were not heated at all, and the only hope that the babies slept warmly at all lies in the long handled warming pan which a black boy or girl nightly thrust between the clammy linen sheets. These, filled with live coals from the kitchen fire, must have proved very grateful to the baby of long ago.

When the babies had laid aside their first clothes, they were dressed exactly like their parents. A costume worn by a little tot two and a half years old is described as follows: "Of yellow brocaded satin over a petticoat of crimson velvet." It touched the floor in front and trailed behind just as did her mother's, and I do not believe that little girl had half as much pleasure in this state costume as girls of today do in their simple suits, free to run and jump or to do anything a healthy body prompts them to.

The chief aim in every girl's life was to be erect. To attain this young girls were simply tortured. Martha Washington, or, more correctly, Martha Dandridge, no doubt sat for hours in stocks or strapped to backboards. Stays and stiffened coats were made even more unbending by metal or wood busks. These latter were handsomely carved and elaborately decorated and were considered an elegant and appropriate gift to a little girl. These instruments did give the erect carriage the girls desired, but I do not believe they could skate or bicycle with much comfort.

Boys were dressed exactly like their fathers, in doublets, leather knee breeches, fancy waistcoats, leather belts and knit caps. They had an outer cloak called a mandilion, which was lined usually with a bright colored cloth and was very picturesque.

The most blameworthy custom in the dress of the boys was the universal wearing of wigs. These were expensive, costing £7 or £8 apiece ($35 or $40), and all boys over seven years of age wore them. After wigs went out of fashion hair was worn powdered, and, although it was becoming, we should be glad we do not wear our hair so, as the powder dusted off, ruining the clothes, even when the hair was oiled and pomatumed to overcome the difficulty.

With the exception of the state garments, imported by the very rich, all the wool and cotton used in the households were woven and spun by the mothers and daughters. Martha Washington not only wore homemade and home spun clothes, but helped to weave and make them. Nothing was wasted. Old scraps and pieces of worn garments were raveled, dyed and woven into cushions or chair covers. New gowns were few and far between, and, being fashioned with such great labor, I am sure Martha and all little girls who lived in her time took the greatest care of them. Even when she became the wife of the rich Colonel Custis and afterward of the great and good George Washington she was industrious, economical and simple in her tastes. We are told by one historian that, "although court etiquette prevailed in their public life, their home life was very unostentatious. All the clothes worn by the general and herself were made in the house. Two of Martha Washington's best gowns were of cotton striped with silk, woven from the ravelings of brown silk stockings and old crimson chair covers."

No high chairs, or in fact any chairs at all, were provided for the little folks when Martha Washington was young. Even at the table children stood respectfully behind their elders' chairs, taking what food was offered them. In the better families they stood at a side table with trencher in hand, bringing their food from the great table. They were never allowed to speak except to answer a question, and then with the greatest respect and courtesy. They ate very much simpler food than you do, for there were no railroads to bring them dainties from all parts of the world. They ate in silence and as fast as possible, regardless of digestion, being expected to be "moderately satisfied" and to leave the room as soon as possible.

There were no kindergartens for the children of that time. Learning was a hard, uninteresting process, but the children were soon put at it and could read and write very creditably by the time they were five years old and were able to answer correctly every question in the Westminster Catechism. Boys read Latin and Greek by the time our children are just beginning to master the alphabet. Girls had little need of such accomplishments, but their simpler school lessons were increased by a thorough knowledge of hatcheling and carding, spinning and reeling, weaving and bleaching, cooking, candle and cheese making, knitting, embroidering and needlework of every description. Satan got few recruits from the ranks of the idle. Almost all waking time was filled with some useful occupation.

Children had few if any toys. The crudest of dolls comforted Martha when things had gone wrong with her. She may have had some dolls' furniture cut out by a jackknife, but I am sure she would have thought she was in fairyland could she have peeped into a modern nursery, filled with its almost living playthings.

Despite all these drawbacks (from our point of view) Martha Washington grew into a beautiful, loving girl and brought to George Washington domestic arts and home learned accomplishments which did more to make him happy than those we deem essential in our time. Mount Vernon, that ideal home of the southern gentleman of the eighteenth century, bears witness to her skill as a housewife. The "mother and daughter power" of the colonists gave a race of home bred, home loving, home honoring women. Although much in their lives seems odd and hard to us born amid the ease and luxury of the

CHILDREN STOOD RESPECTFULLY BEHIND THEIR ELDERS' CHAIRS.

nineteenth and twentieth centuries, we may learn many precious lessons from Martha Washington and those other noble women who lived when she did. Instead of condemning that which is different from our way of doing, let us reflect upon the industry, simplicity, system, orderliness and piety of those at whose primitive ways young people are inclined to sneer. It is also well to remember what clever Oliver Wendell Holmes meant when he wrote:

Little of all we value here
Wakes on the morn of its hundredth year
Without both looking and feeling queer.

WASHINGTON

By WALTON WILLIAMS

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WHEN regal despots would impose a galling yoke upon our sires.
They fought for right and home as those alone can do whom freedom fires.

DEEP dyed was many a battlefield with patriot's blood, and hireling bands
Were taught that free men never yield, that sharp are swords borne in their hands.

FROM Lexington to Yorktown, led by Washington, they onward went,
Through changing fortune fought and bled till home the vanquished foe was sent.

GREAT chieftain who our fathers led through scenes of death to freedom's goal,
The world with honor crowns thy head, attests thy nobleness of soul!

HEROIC men have been whose fame was dimmed by cruelty or crime.
But our pure hero's honored name unstained shall be through future time.

WHILE love of liberty inspires the patriot's heart, or there is one
Who'd emulate our freeborn sires, thy fame is sure, great Washington!

NUTS and CIDER

A Story of General Washington

By Aaron Mason.

[Copyright, 1902, by Aaron Mason.]

IT was a little farmhouse on a hill, an ordinary farmhouse. There was just an ordinary well some ten yards from the door. An ordinary cow was grazing in the field near by. An ordinary walnut tree grew a little way from the well, and an ordinary small bird was pruning his feathers sitting on a line stretched from a nail in the lintel of the door to a spike driven into the trunk of the walnut tree. There was nothing unordinary in the whole scene, not even in the three men, one seated on a block near the gate to the barn and the other two leaning with folded arms against the lintels. Even the muskets beside them were ordinary, for at that time it was not uncommon for three men met together to be well armed.

Inside the house the scenes were just as common. The furniture in the front room was oaken, heavy and colonial. These were colonial days. The windows were small. The panes in them very small. There was a dish of walnuts in the middle of the table. A pitcher of hard cider and two tumblers stood beside it. The tumblers were of English cut glass, a little more extraordinary in a farmhouse in New Jersey now than then, perhaps. But certainly the distinguished air that this little glittering luxury gave to the room was not borne out by the dress and general appearance of the men there. Like those outside, one of these was seated at a little table before the western window. The other two stood, leaning against the walls of the low room. If the man seated had stood, he might have appeared a little extraordinary in stature.

"If you do not care to send Woods," said the broader and thicker set of the two men standing, "there is no reason why my aid, Van Houser, should not go. He is a match for any two men in Jersey, a hard rider and very smart at eluding pursuit."

"I can spare Woods very well, Schuyler," replied the other and smaller man, "but I suppose the general, as usual, will take his own choice."

"We must use the best we have," said the man at the table, looking up.

"But how to choose?" queried the man addressed as Schuyler.

"Call them here, Gates," replied the man at the table.

The little man went to the door, and a moment later the three ordinary men from without joined the three ordinary men within.

"Men," said the man at the table, "there are cider and nuts. Help yourselves." With that he turned to the window again and continued assorting and apparently correcting the papers before him.

The three men from without seated themselves. They said no word, but attacked the nuts and cider more as men obeying orders than as if to satisfy

THEY SAID NO WORD.

any desire for meat and drink. The room became quite silent but for the occasional cracking of nuts and the rustling of papers at the windows—so silent, indeed, that the soft flow of the cider into the cut glass tumblers could at intervals be heard. If there was here anything unordinary, it was perhaps a peculiar trick the man at the window had of now and again turning his face toward the interior of the room, as if he would be cognizant of everything there going on, even to the cracking of a nut. At last he rose. He seemed very tall in the low room. At the same time the three men rose from their nuts and cider.

"Van Houser," said the tall man, "General Schuyler will have orders for you in the course of the morning, and you, Woods, report to your chief at 3 o'clock. You can go."

The two men went out, leaving the most ordinary looking of the three behind.

"Miles," said the tall man, "here is a dispatch to Jean Paul Jones, on board Le Bonhomme Richard somewhere off the coast of Maine. It must be delivered posthaste. In case of probable capture destroy it."

"It shall be delivered," said Miles, and with his hat in his hand he left the room.

"You chose your own man, general," said Gates when the three soldiers were gone.

"Because he was English," said Schuyler, with a smile which belied the implication of his own words.

"My man speaks French," said Gates.

"And mine both Dutch and high German, a very useful accomplishment for a traveler through New Jersey."

The tall man looked at his two colleagues as if not at all interested in their comments, and then, like one speaking his thought aloud, he said:

"I chose because of the nuts and cider."

A faint smile hovered at the corners of Gates' mouth, and over the face of Schuyler came the heavy look of a man who tries to solve an enigma. The tall man continued:

"Van Houser had reached the admiral and delivered the dispatch were the way fair and friendly and horses and money plenty. See the scattered shells, the half wasted kernels. Woods had delivered the message by word of mouth were main strength and courage only necessary. He broke the nuts with his thumb and forefingers. But Miles will reach the admiral. He will husband his resources. His horse, his provender and his money will not fail him. He took few nuts, but he extracted all their kernel, not by strength, but by finesse, and he took but one glass of cider after the others had well drunk."

There was silence for a moment. It was broken by Schuyler.

"General Washington," said he, "I take back my mock."

George Washington did not smile or reply. He bent his head and returned to his dispatches.

DIED DEC. 14, 1799.

The Tribute of Lecky To Washington

IN his "History of England In the Eighteenth Century" William Edward Hartpole Lecky, M. P., pays the following tribute to George Washington:

To the appointment of Washington [as commander in chief] far more than to any other single circumstance is due the ultimate success of the American Revolution, though in purely intellectual powers Washington was certainly inferior to Franklin and perhaps to two or three others of his colleagues. There is a theory which once received the countenance of some considerable physiologists, though it is now, I believe, completely discarded, that one of the great lines of division among men may be traced to the comparative development of the cerebrum and the cerebellum. To the first organ it was supposed belong those special gifts or powers which make men poets, orators, thinkers, artists, conquerors or wits. To the second belong the superintending, restraining, discerning and directing faculties which enable men to employ their several talents with sanity and wisdom, which maintain the balance and the proportion of intellect and character and make sound judgments and well regulated lives. The theory, however untrue in its physiological aspect, corresponds to a real distinction in human minds and characters, and it was especially in the second order of faculties that Washington excelled. His mind was not quick or remarkably original. His conversation had no brilliancy or wit. He was entirely without the gift of eloquence, and he had very few accomplishments. He knew no language but his own, and except for a rather strong turn for mathematics he had no taste which can be called purely intellectual. There was nothing in him of the meteor or the cataract, nothing that either dazzled or overpowered.

As a soldier the circumstances of his career brought him into the blaze, not only of domestic, but of foreign, criticism, and it was only very gradually that his superiority was fully recognized. Lee, who of all American soldiers had seen most service in the English army, and Conway, who had risen to great repute in the French army, were both accustomed to speak of his military talents with extreme disparagement, but personal jealously and animosity undoubtedly colored their judgments. De Kalb, who had been trained in the best military schools of the continent, at first pronounced him to be very deficient in the strength, decision and promptitude of a general, and, although he soon learned to form the highest estimate of his military capacity, he continued to lament that an excessive modesty led him too frequently to act upon the opinion of inferior men rather than upon his own most excellent judgment. In the army and the congress more than one rival was opposed to him. He had his full share of disaster; the operations which he conducted, if compared with great European wars, were on a very small scale, and he had the immense advantage of encountering, in most cases, generals of singular incapacity. It may, however, be truly said of him that his military reputation steadily rose through many successive campaigns, and before the end of the struggle he had outlived all rivalry and almost all envy. He had a thorough knowledge of the technical part of his profession, a good eye for military combinations, an extraordinary gift of military administration.

WASHINGTON ON MARRIAGE

In several letters Washington expressed his views upon the institution of marriage. To the French ally, Count Chastellux, who served in America as a major general, he wrote: "In reading your very friendly and acceptable letter I was, as you may well suppose, not less delighted than surprised to meet the plain American words 'my wife.' A wife! Well, my dear marquis, I can hardly refrain from smiling to find you are caught at last. I saw by the eulogium you often made upon the happiness of domestic life in America that you had swallowed the bait and that you would as surely be taken one day or other as that you were a philosopher and a soldier. So your day has at last come. I am glad of it with all my heart and soul. It is quite good enough for you. Now you are well served for coming to fight in favor of the American rebels all the way across the Atlantic ocean by catching that terrible contagion, domestic felicity, which same, like the smallpox or the plague, a man can have only once in his life, because it commonly lasts him (at least with us in America; I don't know how you manage these matters in France) for his whole lifetime. And yet, after all the maledictions you so richly merit on the subject, the worst wish I can find in my heart against you is that you may neither of you ever get the better of this domestic felicity during the entire course of your mortal existence."

Once when asked to give advice to a widow in the Custis circle as to a new matrimonial venture he replied: "I never did nor do I believe I ever shall give advice to a woman who is setting out on a matrimonial voyage—first, because I never could advise one to marry without her own consent, and, secondly, because I know it is to no purpose to advise her to refrain when she has obtained it. A woman very rarely asks an opinion or requires advice on such an occasion till her resolution is formed, and then it is with the hope and expectation of obtaining a sanction that she applies."

WASHINGTON IN 1797

Isaac Weld, a contemporary of Washington, wrote as follows of the president at the close of his second term: "His chest is full, and his limbs, though rather slender, well shaped and muscular. His head is small, in which he resembles the make of a number of his countrymen. His eyes are of a light gray color, and in proportion to the length of his face his nose is long. Mr. Stuart, the eminent portrait painter, told me that there were features in his face totally different from what he ever observed in any other human being. The sockets for the eyes, for instance, are larger than he ever met with before and the upper part of the nose broader. All his features, he observed, were indicative of the strongest and most ungovernable passions, and had he been born in the forests it was his opinion that he would have been the fiercest man among the savage tribes."

He Didn't Envy George

[Copyright, 1902, by Ella Graves Moses.]

I'm glad I ain't like Washington,
As prim as apple pie;
I know he didn't have no fun—
He couldn't tell a lie.

He never stayed away from school,
He dasent even try.
You bet his teacher had a cinch—
He couldn't tell a lie.

He never stole no jam and cakes
And et 'em on the sly,
He knowed his ma would find him out—
He couldn't tell a lie.

And when he tore his Sunday clothes
He'd jes' sit down and cry
And git the lickin' he deserved
Because he couldn't lie.

ELLA GRAVES MOSES.

SENSITIVE TO SOUND

ACUTE POWERS OF HEARING WITH WHICH FISH ARE ENDOWED.

Some Interesting Experiments That Were Made to Determine Just What Manner of Noises or Motions Would Startle Trout.

There are three phases of sense in fish particularly interesting to the angler—their exquisite powers of hearing, of seeing and their subtle, abnormal sensitiveness to atmospheric influence. With all our experience and study it is doubtful if we have arrived at anything like a full estimate of the acute sensitiveness with which fish are endowed. I devote this article to hearing. By hearing I must obviously be understood to mean their power of appreciating the vibration caused by sound, the conductor being either solid, aerial or liquid.

In man sound detonates the eardrum, and in that way when we are under water we discover little intelligible meaning from sounds. But the same vibrations are undoubtedly received by the exquisitely sensitive hearing intelligence of a fish, if I may use the term, in a different and far more impressive way. By intelligence I mean an instinctive recognition by their bodies of some disturbance, just as man recognizes a passing breath of air. It takes the form of feeling.

I came to the conclusion that I would make a few experiments. Here are one or two facts: A friend entered into it with me, and we bethought ourselves of certain well known trout in our preserve which were "always there." Then we placed thatched hurdles a day or two beforehand so that the fish might get accustomed to them in such a way that we could approach close to their haunts without being seen and watch the unsuspecting trout through a small hole cut in the straw. When one was not at home, the other generally was. My friend undertook the noise making, I the observation.

From the sound of a gunshot 500 yards away, which made our trout distinctly start, to the breaking of a twig three yards from the fish, which did the same, we tried all kinds of sounds, shrill and dull and at varying distances, and the sum of our experiments convinced us of this: That our sensitively organized friends felt the displacements of molecules through ether, which we call sound, and the further vibrating disturbance through what we call water, which I verily believe conducts sensation to the fish as readily as glass permits the penetration of light to this paper, in proportion to the distances and the character of the sound, but that they did hear, or feel rather, and with incredible quickness, too, was conclusively demonstrated.

What they heard and were not alarmed at I cannot tell, but when they were alarmed it was evident enough by the same kind of start they give when their chief enemy suddenly peeps over the bank. In only two cases could I discover actual fright, the fright that sends them down—a gunshot behind the hurdle and a heavy stamp of the foot near by. It is noteworthy that the shrill sounds seemed to startle them most. For instance, a policeman's whistle at ten yards sent one out into the stream as if looking about for some source of danger, whereas a shout at the same distance caused no detected movement. Their way of shifting a little farther from the bank when they have an inkling of danger is a very pretty side movement, well known no doubt. It seems for the purpose of watching the bank at a better angle.

The common manner of showing their alarm was by a sudden quiver, sometimes followed by a sinking down an inch or two, as much as to say, "What's up?" I very much doubt if I ever crept up to my peephole without being detected, and yet I was careful, for, if you notice, a trout once on the qui vive gives no sign of alarm at a second movement or noise. Once prepared he is immovable till he suddenly darts off. You may throw your greatcoat at him, and he either braves it stolidly or bolts cleans away. Five minutes' perfect stillness and they settle back to confidence, and then they were again easily startled. I fancy the laws of refraction had something to do with it and that even from the sky they sometimes perceived my movements. I had often suspected this before.

Another conclusion: I believe they heard much they appeared not to. A sudden smack of the hands together, and there was a decided quiver, but a bird rattle, begun very softly and gradually brought up to its very loudest, and no notice seemed to be taken. But doubtless, like ourselves, however loud the noise, the gradient robs it of its startle. However fanciful it may sound, of this I am thoroughly convinced—that water is such an immediate transmitter of vibration to fish that they recognize sound from the air nearly as quickly as man. It is no argument to say we do not when in it. We have no need. Fish have. And because they have they are providentially endowed with supersensitiveness to that particular nervous influence among others.—London Field.

DON'T OVERLOOK THIS

A Careful Perusal Will Prove Its Value to Every East Liverpool Reader.

The average man is a doubter, and there is little wonder that this is so. Misrepresentations make people skeptical. Now-a-days the public ask for better evidence than the testimony of strangers. Hear proof that should convince every East Liverpool reader.

Mr. Samuel Mayer, who is an employe of the McNicol pottery, whose place of residence is 183 Bank street, says: "My health was fairly good until my kidneys began to trouble me, causing my back to ache a good part of the time and to get sore and lame across the loins. The pain was often sharp and penetrating, especially when stooping or lifting, and I never got rid of the trouble until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at the W. & W. pharmacy and tried them. When I had taken one box the soreness and pains in the back and other symptoms of kidney distress passed away."

Sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Cuba Face to Face With Ruin

By Governor General LEONARD WOOD of Cuba

ECONOMIC conditions existing in Cuba today threaten to bring ruin to her principal industries, sugar and tobacco, unless prompt and efficient relief is given. WITH THE RUIN OF HER TWO PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES WE MUST GIVE UP ALL HOPE OF A STABLE GOVERNMENT, FOR UNLESS CUBA CAN SELL HER PRODUCTS AT A REASONABLE PROFIT IT IS OBVIOUS THAT THEIR CULTIVATION MUST CEASE, BRINGING IDLENESS AND HUNGER TO HER PEOPLE.

* * *

We have established a reasonably efficient government in Cuba, with all those numerous adjuncts which pertain to a stable, civilized administration, such as schools, courts, sanitation, public works, etc. The outlay for the maintenance of these necessary adjuncts to the government is necessarily large, and the revenues therefor are derived principally from materials purchased in exchange for the sugar and tobacco.

THESE GREAT INDUSTRIES ARE NOW IN A MOST CRITICAL CONDITION, ESPECIALLY SUGAR, WHICH IS BEING SOLD AT A PRICE LESS THAN THE COST OF PRODUCTION.

The planter must grind his cane even at a moderate loss, for his entire fortune is in the fields and is liable to be swept away by fire or to deteriorate from the effects of the elements.

* * *

It can be safely stated that the average cost of production of sugar throughout the island is not less than 2 cents per pound. By production is meant the production and the grinding of the cane, sacking and shipping of the sugar and placing it alongside ship, at which point it is sold. The present selling price is approximately 1.6 cents per pound, or $4.84 per sack. The cost of production is on an average $6 per sack, and the average loss today at the present prices runs from $1.20 per sack to perhaps 70 cents per sack where conditions are more favorable, such as short freight haul, less lighter charges, etc.

* * *

The duty per sack is $5.04. A reduction of 33 1-3 per cent of this duty will give a reduction of $1.68 per sack, which, added to the average selling price of $4.80 per sack, gives $6.48, or an average profit of 48 cents on each 300 pounds of sugar produced. It is believed when all the contingencies are considered that such a moderate profit is as little as should be contemplated, and the 33 1-3 per cent should be the minimum reduction granted.

THE PEOPLE OF THIS ISLAND HAVE DONE ALL IT IS POSSIBLE FOR THE PEOPLE TO DO. THEY HAVE MAINTAINED THEIR CREDIT DESPITE THE BURDEN OF MORTGAGE AND DEBT HANGING OVER THEM, BUT THEY HAVE REACHED THEIR LIMIT.

* * *

The present prices of sugar are lower than ever before known. The overproduction of bounty fed sugars has been the principal cause of this condition, and, as prices are today, Cuba, without any bounty (which it is impossible to grant) and without any tariff reduction, is forced to compete with sugars protected by a high bounty and American sugars, protected by a tariff which is prohibitive.

Each day of delay in giving relief is dangerous. When once the crash comes, relief will be of little value except to the speculator, who may gather up the wrecks here; the people of the country, who have virtually reconstructed it in three years, will be ruined, AND WE SHALL HAVE TO STEP IN AND REOCCUPY THE COUNTRY OR CONTINUE IN OCCUPATION AND DO OVER AGAIN THE WORK WHICH WE HAVE SPENT THOUSANDS OF LIVES AND MUCH TREASURE IN DOING UP TO DATE. The situation demands relief, and it should be immediate and liberal.

Two Crops.

"Funny about young Spendlit, wasn't it?" said the observing man.

"Was it?" asked the man of an inquiring mind.

"Yes; he lost his money raising Cain in Europe and then made another fortune raising cane in Louisiana."—Baltimore American.

Useless.

Mr. D. Speptic—My dear, I wish you would prepare something occasionally to tempt my appetite.

His Wife—The idea! Why, you have not any appetite to tempt.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Longevity.

The span of life is gradually expanding. We live longer and get more out of it than our grandfathers did. Whether the cause of this is a better knowledge of natural law or more skillful surgery we will not undertake to say. At any rate, people think this a pretty good world to live in and want to stay here as long as they can comfortably. The man with 100 birth anniversaries behind him is not such a remarkable fellow after all.—New York Herald.

A Wily Afghanistan.

A man was once condemned in Afghanistan to have his ears sliced off as a minor punishment. He had a powerful friend, however, who was much attached to him. This friend begged the late ameer in duly submissive tones to allow him to perform the operation, a favor which was granted. However, the amateur begged the ameer to show him what portion of each ear he wished to be removed. The ameer accordingly touched them lightly. Whereupon the ingenious—and courageous—person proceeded to quote a passage in the Koran which said that anything touched by the representative of the Almighty became sacred. The despot smiled grimly and forgave them both.

The Kicker.

They're telling a heavenly story which they say no more than does justice to the "kicking" propensities of the Togus veteran.

The old soldier dies, so the story goes, and after death he marches up to the gates of heaven. He hits the door a thump, and St. Peter peers out through the wicket.

"Who are you?" asks the saint.

"I'm an old soldier."

"Where from?"

"Soldiers' home at Togus."

"Well, you may come in," says the saint, "but I don't know as the place'll suit you."—Kennebec Journal.

The best way to do good to ourselves is to do it to others; the right way to gather is to scatter.—Richter.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF

CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC

CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT

GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHŒA

Druggists in 1 to 8 minutes 25c, 50c, $1.

FOR SALE AT HODSON'S DRUG STORE

Page's Climax Salve

A Family Blessing for 25 Cts.

Recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians and guaranteed to cure the most obstinate cases of old sores and wounds or money refunded.

Old Sores,	Bunions,	Burns,
Ulcers,	Frosted Feet,	Cuts,
Scrofula,	Chilblains,	Bruises,
Salt Rheum,	Caked Breasts,	Boils,
Eczema,	Sore Nipples,	Fistula,
Corns,	Scalds,	Piles, &c.

For sale by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 25c. a Box or 5 boxes for $1.00.

J. P. MILLS, SOLE PROPRIETOR, NEW YORK.

M. F. DAVIS,

Successor to

Lewis Coal and Coke Co.

High grade Coal and Ice in season at reasonable prices.

Telephones: Bell 37; C. C. 237.

No. 326 Walnut street, Horn Switch.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions, 25 cents; 50 cents the week; $1.50 the month. Weekly 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two girl gilders at Smith & Phillips China Co. 44-tf

WANTED—Bright young man for three days each week to deliver to all stores in East Liverpool and Wellsville; no commission; no notice without reference. Lock Box 785, Pittsburg, Pa. 44-i

WANTED—Two boarders, with room. Apply 280 Walnut street. 44-i

WANTED—Three warehouse dressers for glost warehouse. Apply at Dresden Pottery office. 43-r

WANTED—A good plate mold runner Inquire of Murphy Pottery company or William Maley. 43-r*

WANTED—Any kind of day work by a woman with small child. Address Mrs. Anna Thayer, 124 Ridgway avenue. 38-j

WANTED—At once—A good experienced dining room girl; good wages paid, but must come well recommended. Mrs. H. D. Huffman, Washington House, corner Second and Washington street. 29-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two-room house, with water and gas. Inquire of Charles Schenkle, 267 Third street. 44-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room on Sixth street, one square from Diamond. Inquire 177 Sixth street. 44-r

FOR RENT—House of three rooms in the West End. J. M. Aten, 133 Jefferson street. 43-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One Edison Home Phonograph and 47 records; will sell at a bargain. Inquire at rear of 255 Third street. 43-r*

FOR SALE—A six-fid coal range; practically new. Address "G," care of News Review office, or call at 237 Sixth street. 41-r

FOR SALE—One stable building 20x22. Inquire of Edwin Oppelt, 160 Fifth street. 41-j

FOR SALE—Two-story building at the corner of Fairview and River avenue, Chester. Store room and four dwelling rooms on first floor, public hall on second floor. Building is new and in good location. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to O. O. Allison, Chester. 34-2wks

FOR SALE—A coal mine in operation fully equipped with electric mining machinery and all the modern equipments; it has only been in operation about 6 months, 4 acres of coal worked out; capacity of 8,000 tons per month; located in the celebrated Beading district, 11 miles from Pittsburg; sidings for 50 railroad cars; reasons for selling due to closing up an estate. For further information address "W," care News Review. 128-tf

FOR SALE—Three shares of pottery stock in the American China company, Toronto, Ohio. For particulars address Hugh Donlon, Amsterdam, N. Y. 9-tf

FOUND.

FOUND—Gold watch, fob ornament; inscription in German, with monogram. Owner call at News Review office. 49-r

MISCELLANEOUS.

MALE HELP—Splendid wages paid men who learn barber trade with us; can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired; two months required; 100 wanted to prepare for spring rush; particulars mailed. Moler Barber College, Buffalo, N. Y. 39-tf

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

For County Commissioner,
R. G. BOYD.
(Liverpool township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For County Commissioner,
IRA KANNAL,
(of Unity Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For County Commissioner,
M. P. CARNES.
(Center township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For Clerk of Courts,
J. N. HANLEY,
(of Liverpool Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Clerk of Courts,
SHERMAN ATCHISON.
(Perry township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

For County Recorder,
W. D. TURNER,
(Perry Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For County Recorder,
CHARLES A. WHITE,
(Washington Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Probate Judge,
J. A. MARTIN,
(Center Township.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican county primary March 1, 1902.

For Congress,
R. W. TAYLER,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

CITY.

For Township Clerk,
JOHN REARK.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Township Clerk,
WILLIS DAVIDSON.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
FRANK DICKEY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
G. W. HIGHFIELD.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Street Commissioner,
JAMES CORDINGLEY,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Marshal,
THOS. V. THOMPSON,
(Second term.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Marshal,
HENRY AUFDERHEIDE,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Treasurer,
JOS. BETZ.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Treasurer,
SHERMAN T. HERBERT.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Solicitor,
M. J. McGARRY.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Solicitor,
W. K. GASTON.
(Second term).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Constable,
C. W. POWELL.
(Second term).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Constable,
HARRY H. HUGHES.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
ALEX G. CHAFIN.
(Fifth Ward.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
O. D. NICE.
(Second Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council (Second Term),
RUSSELL C. HEDDLESTON.
(First Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, March 1.

For City Council,
HUGH JOHNSTON.
(First Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election, March 1.

For City Council,
JAMES W. JAMESON,
(Fifth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
CRISS McCONNELL.
(Fourth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council (Second Term)
D. M. McLANE.
(Fourth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
GEORGE PEACH.
(Third Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
CHAS. H. BERG.
(Third Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For City Council,
R. J. MARSHALL.
(Fifth Ward).
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Board of Education,
U. G. KING,
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Water Works Trustee
T. O. TORRENCE.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1.

For Water Works Trustee,
JACOB SHENKEL.
Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election March 1, 1902.

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WORLD OF SPORT

Horsemen all over the land are still talking about the arranging of the great trotting matches in which Boralma, 2:07; Lord Derby, 2:06½, and The Abbot, 2:03¼, are to compete and the relative chances of the entrants are being subjected to vigorous comparisons. Many authoritative judges are of the opinion that Thomas W. Lawson of Boston has made a great mistake in hazarding so great an amount of money on Boralma when E. E. Smathers' game Lord Derby is considered to be at least three seconds the faster. And this does not take into consideration the chances of The Abbot. John J. Scannell's spirited Village farm stepper has gone the distance in three and a quarter seconds faster time than Lord Derby, whose record in turn is a half second lower than that of Boralma. The matches will probably go to The Abbot. Ed Geers is to drive him in the races, and it is safe to say that Scannell's horse will retrieve part of the reputation he lost in the contest with Cresceus at Brighton Beach, N. Y., last fall.

TWO FAMOUS TROTTERS.

The stakes are to be $20,000 in each race. Lord Derby is to be first accommodated, and the contest will take place between July 15 and Sept. 1 on the track offering the best inducements. After a rest of not less than two weeks Boralma will measure strides with The Abbot. According to Mr. Lawson's stipulations, another forfeit of $5,000 is to be posted for each race on July 1, with $10,000 more the night before the contest takes place. Each race will be the best three in five heats.

Never in the history of harness racing have horses competed for stakes equal to those agreed upon for these two matches. The winner of each race will receive $40,000, in addition to a share of the gate receipts. Not since 1875, when Governor Leland Stanford's old gray trotter Abe Edgington, 2:23¾, defeated the converted pacer Defiance, 2:24, in a race for $10,000 a side, have horses trotted in a match for one-half the sum to be staked in each of these contests.

Apart from the main stakes there is likely to be heavy betting on the result of the Boralma-Lord Derby race if both horses go to the post fit and right. Mr. Lawson is credited with having backed Boralma for $40,000 in the pools at Lexington, Ky., when he trotted in the Transylvania Stakes two years ago. Mr. Smathers is the only man who ever played too high for the Boston horseman. When the pool-selling was in progress at Lexington, on the eve of Boralma's race for the Transylvania the present owner of Lord Derby bid $20,000 for the field against the great four-year-old, and, though Mr. Lawson was in the room, the auctioneer could not sell the other end of the ticket.

ED GEERS, WORLD'S GREATEST DRIVER.

CHINESE HATS.

Queer Head Coverings That Are Worn In the Celestial Empire.

In China the retainers and guards wear special hats to indicate their office. The ensigns wear a wire structure resembling a sugar loaf and a rat-trap. It is a foot high and of no earthly protection against sun or rain. The chair coolies use a hat something like their employers', but flatter, cheaper and without button or feather. The boatmen have a storm hat made of rattan and bamboo, which is never less than a yard in diameter.

A servant who is scribe and valet combined is marked by something that looks like a two storied or three storied cook's cap of four sides. The prevailing color of the structure is vermilion. A mourner wears a turban made by fastening a long cloth of grayish yellow hue around the head and allowing the ends to fall down behind to the small of the back. Another style covers the head, temple, ears and back of the neck and is a caricature upon the steel morions of the middle ages, descendant of those tall hats upon the heads of the captives that are drawn upon the papyri and tombs of the pharaohs. Still another funny shape is one which looks as if it were the remnant of a felt hat from which the brim had been irregularly torn.

Douglas as a Printer.

Stephen A. Douglas, although not recognized as such by the craft, was a one time printer. The story of how he and "Long John" Wentworth came together on a printing proposition is still afloat, but in such close quarters that it is not often heard. Mr. Wentworth was printing The Democrat in Chicago in 1838 and struggling to remove an indebtedness of about $3,000. Douglas called on him one day and said that he had some handbills that must be printed at once.

"All right," answered Mr. Wentworth, "but the facilities of this office are limited. Do you want ten or a hundred of these bills?"

The "Little Giant" said he believed 200 or perhaps more would be needed.

"Very well," was the response. "You will have to turn printer yourself if you expect to get them today."

The bill was set up and placed on the hand press. Then Douglas was given special instructions how to handle the ink roller. A big apron was put on him, and he performed the menial work of roller boy, inking the types, while Mr. Wentworth worked the press.

Criticised the Wrong House.

"I've made bad breaks before, but I certainly eclipsed all previous efforts out in Cleveland the other day," said a well known business man. "A business friend met me at the station and said we would drive around a bit before going to his new home. He slowed up a bit as we drove around a curious looking mansion in which several styles of architecture had been mixed with terrible results. I was forced to exclaim:

"'What fool was unkind enough to put up that monstrosity?'

"My host then took me to his club for dinner. He said in explanation:

"'We will dine here, because I have a headache, and the fresh paint odor of my new house might make it worse.'

"The next day another friend showed me my first friend's new house. It was the monstrosity of the day before."—New York Tribune.

Not Satisfied With Her.

Mrs. Benham—You used to say that I was your wife.

Benham—Well, I'm not the only man who has wished that life had been different.—Brooklyn Life.

Advice.

Advice is a good thing, but it will always be something of a nuisance until the givers of it accept responsibility for the bad as readily as they take credit for the good.—Saturday Evening Post.

The great beauty about Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is in its certainty to cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Stomach Troubles. Sold by W. & W. Pharmacy.

Many School Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y. 25

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THE TRAMWAY KING

CHARLES T. YERKES ASTOUNDS THE BRITISH BY HIS DARING.

How an American Has Revolutionized London's Antiquated Street Railway System—Great Results Accomplished With Little Fuss.

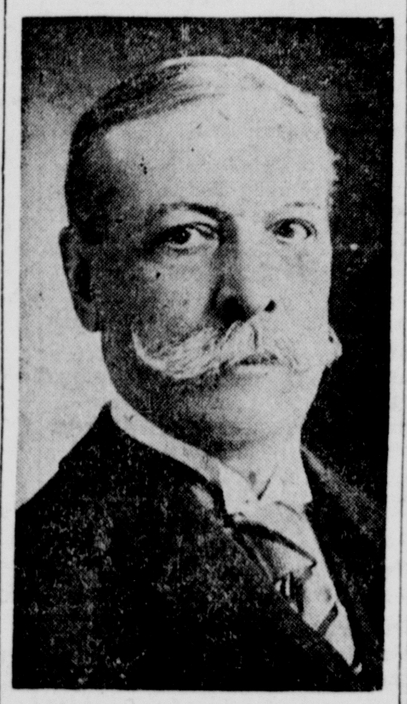
After a flying visit to this country Mr. Charles Tyson Yerkes has returned to London, where he has astonished the people of that staid old city by the celerity with which he is transforming its street railway system. Mr. Yerkes' visit to his native land was for the purpose of disposing of his newspaper property in Chicago.

During the eight or ten months Mr. Yerkes has spent in England he has succeeded in making himself regarded as one of London's benefactors. In three years, if his plans do not go awry, there will be in existence in the English metropolis a system of street transportation, both under and above ground, that will materially benefit the working people by furnishing cheap and rapid communication between the city and the suburbs. This scheme is all of Mr. Yerkes' own initiative, and the result will enable the masses, now compelled to live in crowded tenements, to find homes in more congenial quarters in the country.

Last March Mr. Yerkes went to London on the mission which promises so much for London's population, both rich and poor, for it will be possible under the new system to shoot from the residence district of the wealthy into the business center by "deep level" expresses in one-quarter of the time required at present.

Since Mr. Yerkes has been in London he has accomplished more in the direction of adequate passenger transportation than all the railway men in England together since the first rail was laid in Great Britain, and this in spite of many drawbacks and delays due to disputes over the methods of traction to be employed.

The "tramway king," as he is known in England, is not the type of Yankee hustler that the British railway men expected. He never seems to be in a hurry, and his voice is pitched in moderate tone. Although liked and respected by his new business associates, these gentlemen were much offended on his arrival by the freedom with which he discussed his plans in the newspapers and told the public what he was going to do even before he consulted the men who were going to help him do it. This, however, has not prevented Mr. Yerkes from taking the public into his confidence whenever it suited his purpose. As he holds an absolutely controlling interest in his great ventures, his associates have ceased to attempt to guide him in this respect.



CHARLES T. YERKES.

In London Mr. Yerkes works as hard as any of his assistants. He is at his desk at 9:30 in the morning, and it is no unusual thing for him to remain there until 8 or 9 in the evening, sometimes prolonging his labors until midnight. He goes over every plan of his engineers and every line of contract he signs. He leaves nothing of this nature to his subordinates. These documents represent transactions involving millions of dollars since his sojourn in London. The men who deal with Mr. Yerkes say he leaves no loopholes for the escape of the other parties to the contract.

When he leaves his office, the tramway king becomes the art connoisseur. He has little time to visit the galleries, though occasionally he leaves business to run up to Bond street or the Haymarket to see and perhaps purchase some picture of particular interest or merit.

When Mr. Yerkes first went to London, he had offices in the Hotel Cecil, although he lived at Claridge's, not wishing to have his business always beside him. There Mrs. Yerkes dispensed hospitality. Her beauty and cleverness and the richness of her costumes were the envy and admiration of London's smart set. As yet Mr. and Mrs. Yerkes have made no bid for social distinction. A very serious illness has kept Mrs. Yerkes an invalid during the greater part of her stay in the English capital, and her husband has been so absorbed in business as to leave him little time for social pleasures.

The Small Boy's Hunger.

"If you don't quit eating so much, Willie, you will be sick."

"Won't it be time enough to quit then?"—Indianapolis News.

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